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## Merton Council Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel



Date: Time: Venue:	30 October 2019 7.15 pm Committee Rooms CDE, Merton Civic Centre, London Ro AGENDA	oad, SM4 5DX
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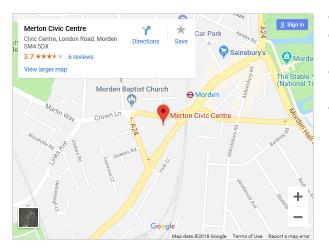
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#### Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel Membership

#### Councillors:

Natasha Irons (Chair) Daniel Holden (Vice-Chair) Ben Butler Anthony Fairclough David Dean Aidan Mundy Owen Pritchard Geraldine Stanford **Substitute Members:** Nigel Benbow Eloise Bailey Nick Draper Brenda Fraser Edward Gretton

#### Note on declarations of interest

Members are advised to declare any Disclosable Pecuniary Interest in any matter to be considered at the meeting. If a pecuniary interest is declared they should withdraw from the meeting room during the whole of the consideration of that mater and must not participate in any vote on that matter. If members consider they should not participate because of a non-pecuniary interest which may give rise to a perception of bias, they should declare this, .withdraw and not participate in consideration of the item. For further advice please speak with the Assistant Director of Corporate Governance.

#### What is Overview and Scrutiny?

Overview and Scrutiny describes the way Merton's scrutiny councillors hold the Council's Executive (the Cabinet) to account to make sure that they take the right decisions for the Borough. Scrutiny panels also carry out reviews of Council services or issues to identify ways the Council can improve or develop new policy to meet the needs of local people. From May 2008, the Overview & Scrutiny Commission and Panels have been restructured and the Panels renamed to reflect the Local Area Agreement strategic themes.

Scrutiny's work falls into four broad areas:

- ⇒ Call-in: If three (non-executive) councillors feel that a decision made by the Cabinet is inappropriate they can 'call the decision in' after it has been made to prevent the decision taking immediate effect. They can then interview the Cabinet Member or Council Officers and make recommendations to the decision-maker suggesting improvements.
- ⇒ Policy Reviews: The panels carry out detailed, evidence-based assessments of Council services or issues that affect the lives of local people. At the end of the review the panels issue a report setting out their findings and recommendations for improvement and present it to Cabinet and other partner agencies. During the reviews, panels will gather information, evidence and opinions from Council officers, external bodies and organisations and members of the public to help them understand the key issues relating to the review topic.
- ⇒ One-Off Reviews: Panels often want to have a quick, one-off review of a topic and will ask Council officers to come and speak to them about a particular service or issue before making recommendations to the Cabinet.
- ⇒ Scrutiny of Council Documents: Panels also examine key Council documents, such as the budget, the Business Plan and the Best Value Performance Plan.

Scrutiny panels need the help of local people, partners and community groups to make sure that Merton delivers effective services. If you think there is something that scrutiny should look at, or have views on current reviews being carried out by scrutiny, let us know.

For more information, please contact the Scrutiny Team on 020 8545 4035 or by e-mail on scrutiny@merton.gov.uk. Alternatively, visit <u>www.merton.gov.uk/scrutiny</u>

## Agenda Item 3

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SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL 3 SEPTEMBER 2019

(7.15 pm - 10.05 pm)

PRESENT Councillors Councillor Natasha Irons (in the Chair), Councillor Daniel Holden, Councillor Anthony Fairclough, Councillor David Dean, Councillor Aidan Mundy, Councillor Owen Pritchard and Councillor Geraldine Stanford

> Charles Baker (Waste Strategy and Commissioning Manager), John Bosley (Assistant Director Public Space Contracts and Commissioning), Cathryn James (Interim Assistant Director, Public Protection) and Chris Lee (Director of Environment and Regeneration)

1 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE (Agenda Item 1)

Apologies were received from Cllr Butler (with Cllr Fraser is substituting).

2 DECLARATIONS OF PECUNIARY INTEREST (Agenda Item 2)

There were no declarations of pecuniary interest

3 MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING (Agenda Item 3)

The minutes of the previous meeting were agreed.

#### 4 CABINET MEMBER PRIORITIES (Agenda Item 4)

#### Cabinet member for Commerce, Leisure and Culture - Cllr Caroline Cooper-Marbiah

- Expand library services to include online support and a customer app.
- Heritage 25<sup>th</sup> anniversary events
- Monitoring idverde performance/greenspaces
- Increasing income through park events
- Open water swimming (information gathering stage)

In response to Panel Member questions, the Cabinet Member for Commerce, Leisure and Culture clarified;

- The events at Eastern Electrics are still being investigated by Police and other agencies as part of post event analysis.
- E-books and magazines will be available to download on the Library app

#### ACTIONS:

- i. Ask Idverde to provide plans for each park (March 2020 agenda) if these are part of the contract specification.
- ii. Request total cost to subsidise tennis for free for the borough

#### Cabinet member for Regeneration, Housing and Transport - Cllr Martin Whelton

- Morden regeneration Brexit uncertainty has had an impact but we are going to market in the spring
- Delivery of 2000 new homes
- Cabinet agreed civil penalties
- Introduction of selective licensing scheme
- Housing strategy
- Ravensbury regeneration High Path is the next stage

In response to Panel Member questions, the Cabinet Member for Regeneration, Housing and Transport clarified;

- Redevelopment of Benedict Wharf is desired Plans for 600 homes. Ongoing supporting infrastructure and community facilities are important.
- Previous there was a low number of prosecutions over licensing due to resourcing issues. The introduction of civil penalties gives us a range of tools now.
- GDPR concerns Many Councils don't publish (including Wandsworth and Sutton). We have taken advice from the Information Commissioner.
- Blue badges, crossovers We have taken further consultation which will be provided to Cabinet.

#### Cabinet member for Adult Social Care, Health and the Environment - Cllr Tobin Byers

- Air Quality & Climate change Air Quality action plan, tackling idling cars, clean air zone
- Cross Party Climate work Decarbonise Council by 2030 and borough by 2050.
- Waste and cleanliness of the borough patchy performance, need to address challenges such as communal collections, prevent and deter fly tipping.
- Forthcoming review of street bins
- Make reporting easier for fly tips
- Monitoring Veolia's commitment to the improvement plan

In response to Panel Member questions, the Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care, Health and the Environment clarified;

- With regards to the Veolia contract There were insufficient resources and the break clause is in 2025.
- Any contract not performing requires more monitoring so the Assistant Director for Public Space is looking at a restructure of the team to increase capacity.

## 5 WASTE, RECYCLING AND STREET CLEANING: PERFORMANCE UPDATE (Agenda Item 5)

Director of Environment and Regeneration introduced the report. The Chair invited residents to share their experiences of the service.

Sarah Cheetham (Resident): Area is plagued with litter. Rubbish and broken glass encourages a minority to further add to it. Endless reporting has done nothing. Local groups are working to litter pick. What are the Council going to do?

James Leek (Wimbledon Union Res Association): More consultation is required. It would be helpful for Residents Associations to receive a structure of staff so they know who to contact. Online reporting needs to be improved. Telephone reporting is inadequate. More information is needed

with regards to the side waste policy. Residents Associations are a huge resource and should be included in consultation work, including the upcoming work on street litter bins.

Mark Gale (Resident): I met with Scott Edgell on 09.08.19 yet drains are still blocked, collections missed, bins are overflowing, street cleaning bags aren't collected and there are fly posters all over the borough.

Dan Goode (Merton Matters): The instinct of the borough was that outsourcing the waste service was a bad idea. Maintaining standards and providing profit to a private company while tax payers plug the gaps. There are residents that already pay for the service giving free labour to help clean it.

In response Scott Edgell, General Manager for Veolia, replied;

- There is a forthcoming plan to address the side waste policy
- Huge success in recycling rates
- 12% reduction in waste
- Christmas trees are only collected for two weeks after Christmas
- We are working with the Local Authority on enforcement

The Chair introduced the themes to be covered today which are bin collections, street cleaning and fly tipping, website and reporting issues, and finally misc. issues including communication, staff motivation, contract and performance monitoring.

In response to Panel Member questions about **bin collections**, Scott Edgell clarified;

- Solutions for estates (including Eastfields) are being discussed. We are encouraging a culture of recycling
- Side roads need more attention
- I will speak to staff and crews to remind them they should not skip properties
- Looking at producing guides with the Local Authority on recycling
- Small blocks of flats have been assessed and work completed
- The huge increase in recycling rates means more resources are required

The Director of Environment and Regeneration and the Waste Strategy and Commissioning Manager also explained;

- The cost of procurement was largely covered by a government grant
- Garden waste subscriptions have increased from 6000 to 9000 and we continue to grow the customer base

In response to Panel Member questions about **street cleaning and fly tipping**, Scott Edgell replied

- The system continues to learn from location data of street bins and fly tipping hot spots.
- There are plans to improve in the east including Longthornton and Pollards Hill wards
- In Merton we have two Environmental Managers, two foremen and a Contract Manager. Between them they undertake regular drive rounds and checks on staff.
- Veolia plan to publish rotas to show work schedules and frequencies
- SE will question staff who drive the mechanical road sweepers about travelling down the middle of the road
- Pavements and gutters will be addressed

In response to Panel Member questions about **website and reporting issues**, Scott Edgell, the Director of Environment and Regeneration and the Assistant Director of Public Space clarified;

- Echo and Council CRM are fully integrated
- Twitter is not the best mechanism for reporting issues. Doing so, takes resources away from the contract. There are multiple channels we could utilise, such as love clean streets, but all would require integration into the CRM system. The upcoming Cleaner Merton programme will be looking into the use of Information Technology.
- The Council will be moving to Microsoft 365 later this year.
- With regards to the image capacity restriction, we are investigating the technical implications of the move to Microsoft 365 We will be visiting neighbouring Local Authorities who use Veolia and Microsoft 365
- Councillors are welcome to visit the Veolia site

#### RESOLVED

Panel resolved (eight votes for, none against) to make the following reference to Cabinet;

The Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel welcomes this opportunity to comment on the waste, recycling and street cleaning service and to raise issues for consideration by Cabinet.

The Panel recommended that Merton's large estates each receive a review on how the new collection service is working. If required due to under performance in service delivery or when requested by local ward members, an action plan shall be prepared that includes a review of the service delivered with recommended improvements, timelines for improvement implementation, resident engagement and a communication plan to support the any service modifications. The Panel recommended that HMO's and flats above shops each receive a review on how the new collection service is working. If required due to under performance in service delivery or when requested by local ward members, an action plan shall be prepared that includes a review of the service delivered with recommended improvements, timelines for improvement implementation, resident engagement and a communication plan to support the any service modifications.

The Panel would welcome the opportunity to feed into the upcoming estate modelling work between Clarion and Officers on how the estates can be improved. The panel requests that one Panel Member be invited to the future Clarion meetings to input and feedback on this work. Alternatively, the Panel would encourage Veolia to formally comment on the designs and challenges they have, possible mitigations and writing back to the committee with an update. The Panel requested that they receive an outline of what the planned web reporting improvements are, including the benefits of implementing Microsoft Office 365, and a date of when this work will be finalised. The Panel requests that this report encompasses all user journeys and considers a single point of access for reporting all public space issues irrespective of which contractor is responsible. The Panel recommends to Cabinet that the Council should consider developing an "always on" approach to communication. Providing clear and understandable information to all our residents which focuses on why we should recycle, how to use the bins/coloured bags, collection days, examples of street grading and how to report issues. This information could be included as a Council Tax insert.

My Merton article, promotion through the council's social media channels and a New Resident webpage on the council's website. The Panel recommended that Cabinet investigate the option of a ward by ward deep clean to get the Borough back to an acceptable

base line.

The Panel requested that Cabinet receive evidence of the Improvement Plan being prepared by Veolia The Panel also request that Cabinet consider sharing the plans with the Sustainable Communities Panel for further scrutiny input.

The Panel recommend that Veolia publish their rotas and schedules online in order to promote both transparency and our capacity to hold them to account.

The Panel also requested that Veolia return to the Sustainable Communities Panel in six months in order to carry out a review of the progress achieved.

6 ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT: FLY TIPPING STRATEGY (Agenda Item 6) The Assistant Director of Public Space introduced the report which is focused on delivering improvements, all of which are underpinned by the action plan.

In response to a Panel Member question, the Assistant Director of Public Space and the Waste Strategy and Commissioning Manager answered;

- Opportunistic fly tips can be combatted through education
- We are working on a revised specification for Kingdom. The original contract was procured four years ago. The climate has changed since so we require an expanded remit. New contractor will be asked to liaise with Safer Merton.

#### 7 PERFORMANCE MONITORING (Agenda Item 7)

A Panel member asked if there was any update on Planning Enforcement cases? The Director of Environment and Regeneration explained the Council is committed to reducing the planning enforcement backlog by end of this year. One additional planning enforcement officer has started in their role and another is currently being recruited.

SP025 Debt owed- Arrows shows improvement. Historically our void rate has been better than target.

#### 8 WORK PROGRAMME (Agenda Item 8)

Work programme agreed.

It was noted that the October and February agendas have been swapped around. This change has been made to ensure that the representatives required can attend both meetings and allow enough time for proper exploration of the topics in each. This page is intentionally left blank

# Committee: Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel

#### Date: 30.10.19

Wards: All

# **Subject:** Matters arising from Minutes - Update following recommendations to Cabinet regarding Veolia performance.

Lead officer: Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration

Lead member: Cllr Tobin Byers, Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care, Health and the Environment

Contact officer: Chris.lee@merton.gov.uk

#### **Recommendations:**

A. That Members note the update and make comments as they wish.

#### 1 PURPOSE OF REPORT AND EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1. To update members following recommendations at the last meeting of the Scrutiny Panel.

#### 2 DETAILS

- 2.1. The recommendations of Scrutiny were been reported to Cabinet on 14<sup>th</sup> October. These were as follows:
- The Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel welcomes this opportunity to comment on the waste, recycling and street cleaning service and to raise issues for consideration by Cabinet.
- The Panel recommended that Merton's large estates receive a review on how the new collection service is working if required due to under performance in service delivery or when requested by local ward members. In such cases an action plan shall be prepared that includes a review of the service delivered with recommended improvements, timelines for improvement implementation, resident engagement and a communication plan to support any service modifications. **AGREED**
- The Panel recommended that HMO's and flats above shops receive a review on how the new collection service is working if required due to under performance in service delivery or when requested by local ward members. In such cases an action plan shall be prepared that includes a review of the service delivered with recommended improvements, timelines for improvement implementation, resident engagement and a communication plan to support any service modifications. **AGREED**
- The Panel would welcome the opportunity to feed into the upcoming estate modelling work between Clarion and Officers on how the estates can be improved. The panel requests that one Panel Member be invited to the future Clarion meetings to input and feedback on this work. Additionally, the Panel would encourage Veolia to formally comment on the designs and

challenges they have, possible mitigations and writing back to the committee with an update. **AGREED** 

- The Panel requested that they receive an outline of what the planned web reporting improvements are. The Panel requests that this report encompasses all user journeys and considers a single point of access for reporting all public space issues irrespective of which contractor is responsible. **AGREED**
- The Panel recommends to Cabinet that the Council should consider developing an "always on" approach to communication. Providing clear and understandable information to all our residents which focuses on why we should recycle, how to use the bins/coloured bags, collection days, examples of street grading and how to report issues. This information could be included as a Council Tax insert, My Merton article, promotion through the council's social media channels and a New Resident webpage on the council's website. **AGREED**
- The Panel recommended that Cabinet investigate the option of a ward by ward deep clean to get the Borough back to an acceptable base line. **AGREED**
- The Panel requested that Cabinet receive evidence of the Improvement Plan currently being prepared by Veolia for the end of September. The Panel also request that Cabinet consider sharing the plan with the Sustainable Communities Panel for further scrutiny input. **AGREED**
- 2.2. All of the recommendations are being worked on and a report, including the Veolia Improvement Plan, is to be brought to the next Meeting of Cabinet on 11<sup>th</sup> November.

#### 3 ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

3.1. None for the purposes of this report

#### 4 CONSULTATION UNDERTAKEN OR PROPOSED

4.1. None

#### 5 TIMETABLE

- 5.1. Veolia are due to attend this Panel in Jan 2020, further updates will be provided.
- 6 FINANCIAL, RESOURCE AND PROPERTY IMPLICATIONS
- 6.1. None for the purposes of this report
- 7 LEGAL AND STATUTORY IMPLICATIONS
- 7.1. None for the purposes of this report
- 8 HUMAN RIGHTS, EQUALITIES AND COMMUNITY COHESION IMPLICATIONS
- 8.1. None for the purposes of this report

#### 9 CRIME AND DISORDER IMPLICATIONS

- 9.1. None for the purposes of this report
- 10 RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

10.1. None for the purposes of this report

#### 11 APPENDICES – THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS ARE TO BE PUBLISHED WITH THIS REPORT AND FORM PART OF THE REPORT

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#### 12 BACKGROUND PAPERS

12.1. None

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Item Number	Recommendation	Proposed Action	Lead Officer	Progress Update September 2019
1	Encourage partners to reduce the use of non- recyclable plastics through the procurement process by including a measure on single use plastics within the Social Value Toolkit.	Guidance for reducing the use of non-recyclable plastics through procurement processes will be included within the next revision of the Councils Social Value Toolkit.	Dawn Jolley Head of Commercial Services	Social Value Toolkit has been updated to include the additional guidance. This action has been completed.
2	Co-design a cross site campaign with council staff to improve its information about what plastics can be recycled. As part of this campaign a measure of success and method of monitoring should be made available to the Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel		Sunita Patel Head of Communications & Charlie Baker E&R	
3	Communications team to address and implement remedial action following staff feedback on signage on the importance and methods of recycling in communal areas.	Develop the concept of waste stations in kitchens throughout the building to allow staff easily to identify and dispose of any item of waste correctly which will include appropriate signage to be included as part of the changes and supported by a corporate communications campaign.	Sunita Patel Head of Communications/Edwin O'Donnell Head of Facilities Management	A pilot scheme to be set up on the 6th floor of the Civic centre to determine the operating costs and potential benefits and whether it could be more widely extended.

Agenda Item 6

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Item Number	Recommendation	Proposed Action	Lead Officer	Progress Update September 2019
4	Encourage local businesses to join the London Mayors Refill Programme.	The Council will bid to the GLA for grant funding to provide water refilling stations within each of the five town centres.	Sarah Xavier E&R	The Refill programme has been promoted through Sustainable Merton and Merton Chamber of Commerce. The Council successfully bid to the GLA for five water refilling stations which are currently being installed in each of the five town centres. <u>https://refill.org.uk/refill-london/</u>
5	Following staff feedback implement measures to ensure a parity of recycling across all Merton owned and operated sites.	Complete an audit of the current recycling arrangements for the Merton owned and operated sites to determine what work is required to provide parity where volumes and types permit.	Charlie Baker E&R	List of all relevant council buildings have been established and we are looking at designing a simple waste audit for each site in order to better understand the current volume and type of waste being generated at each location.
6	Verify recycling and non- recyclable waste is kept separate, the contribution staff currently make to reducing plastic waste and circulate information to staff.	Obtain confirmation from the corporate cleaning contractor, that general waste and recycling are kept separate.	Edwin O'Donnell Head of Facilities Management	Adjustments to the general waste collection arrangements within the Civic centre have been completed, which include the provision of additional recycling points on each floor of the building, which enable the easy separation of specific types of waste. This action has been completed

Item Number	Recommendation	Proposed Action	Lead Officer	Progress Update September 2019
7	Following staff request and moves by the council to increase domestic food recycling, produce an implementation plan and an impact assessment for Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel on food recycling in council buildings.	Undertake a survey of waste volumes Produce and work with our external stakeholder in order to ensure that we have the correct level of provision, Containers and frequency of collection at each of our buildings.	Charlie Baker E&R	On hold pending outcome of survey and waste volumes. Once the volume of food waste has been established we can work with our external stakeholder in order to ensure that we have the correct level of provision, Containers and frequency of collection at each of our buildings. The overarching aim is to reduce waste volumes and mitigate the need for separate food waste collections.
8	The Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel are asked to monitor the progress with implementing the changes to reduce single use plastics.	Provide regular updates on progress against the action plan.	Mark Humphries AD Infrastructure & Technology	Quarterly update provided.
9	Circulate to Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel a plan to recognise local businesses who measurably reduce single use plastics consumption.	Work to develop an action plan which identifies potential measures which could be employed to encourage local businesses to actively participate in the reduction in consumption of single use plastics.	Sarah Xavier E&R	The Council sponsors the annual Merton Best Business Awards. It is proposed that if this continues, that a Positive Workplace Award will be included and businesses will be assessed on their response to the climate emergency, going plastic free, reducing energy and transport initiatives.

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# Committee: Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel

30 October 2019

### Healthier Communities & Older People Overview and Scrutiny Panel

5 November 2019

# Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Panel

6 November 2019

### **Overview and Scrutiny Commission**

13 November 2019

Agenda item:

Wards:

Subject: Business Plan Update 2020-2024

Lead officer: Caroline Holland

Lead member: Councillor Mark Allison

Contact officer: Roger Kershaw

Forward Plan reference number:

#### **Recommendations:**

- 1. That the Panel considers the proposed replacement savings, deferred savings and new savings for 2020-24 set out in Appendices 4a to 4c of the attached report (Appendix 1) on the Business Plan 2020-2024 and associated draft equalities analysis where applicable attached as Appendix 2 to this report, which it is proposed are incorporated into the draft MTFS 2020-24.
- That the Panel considers the proposed new capital bids and draft capital programme 2020-24 set out in Appendix 6 of the attached report on the Business Plan
- 3. That the Overview and Scrutiny Commission considers the comments of the Panels on the Business Plan 2020-2024 and provides a response to Cabinet when it meets on 9 December 2019.

#### 1. Purpose of report and executive summary

- 1.1 This report requests Scrutiny Panels to consider the latest information in respect of the Business Plan and Budget 2020-24, replacement savings, deferred savings, and new savings for 2020-24. This report also includes associated draft equalities assessments for proposed savings where applicable (APPENDIX 2). The panel are also asked to consider the draft capital programme 2020-24 and new capital bids. Panels are requested to feedback any comments to the Overview and Scrutiny Commission.
- 1.2 The Overview and Scrutiny Commission will consider the comments of the Panels and provide a response on the Business Plan 2020-24 to Cabinet when it meets on the 9 December 2019.

#### 2. Details - Revenue

- 2.1 The Cabinet of 14 October 2019 received a report on the business plan for 2020-24.
- 2.2 At the meeting Cabinet

RESOLVED:

- 1. That Cabinet notes the approach to rolling forward the MTFS for 2020-24.
- 2 That Cabinet confirm the latest position with regards to savings already in the MTFS
- 3 That Cabinet agrees the approach to setting a balanced budget using the unmet balance of last year's savings targets as the basis for the setting of targets for 2020-24.
- 4 That Cabinet agrees the proposed savings targets.
- 5 That Cabinet agrees the timetable for the Business Plan 2020-24 including the revenue budget 2020/21, the MTFS 2020-24 and the Capital Programme for 2020-24.
- 6 That Cabinet note the process for the Service Plan 2020-24 and the progress made so far.
- 7 That Cabinet considers the proposed new savings, replacement savings and deferred savings for 2020-24, and refers them to the Scrutiny Panels and Commission. That Cabinet agrees to ratify these savings at a future Cabinet meeting subject to scrutiny comments. (Draft Equality Assessments (EAs) will be provided for the Overview and Scrutiny panels and Commission).
- 8 That Cabinet considers and agrees the proposed new capital bids and draft capital programme 2020-24 and refers them to the Scrutiny Panels and Commission

#### 3. Alternative Options

3.1 It is a requirement that the Council sets a balanced budget. The Cabinet report on 14 October 2019 sets out the progress made towards setting a balanced budget. This identified the current budget position that needs to be addressed between now and the report to Cabinet on 9 December 2019, with further reports to Cabinet on 13 January 2020 and 10 February 2020, prior to Council on 4 March 2020, agreeing the Budget and Council Tax for 2020/21 and the Business Plan 2020-24, including the MTFS and Capital Programme 2020-24.

#### 4. Capital Programme 2020-24

4.1 Details of the draft Capital Programme 2020-24 were noted by Cabinet on 14 October 2019 in the attached report for consideration by Overview and Scrutiny panels and Commission.

#### 5. **Consultation undertaken or proposed**

5.1 Further work will be undertaken as the process develops.

#### 6. Timetable

6.1 The timetable for the Business Plan 2020-24 including the revenue budget 2020/21, the MTFS 2020-24 and the Capital Programme for 2020-24 was agreed by Cabinet on 14 October 2019.

#### 7. Financial, resource and property implications

7.1 These are set out in the Cabinet report for 14 October 2019. (Attached as Appendix 1 to this report)

#### 8. Legal and statutory implications

- 8.1 All relevant implications have been addressed in the Cabinet reports. Further work will be carried out as the budget and planning proceeds and will be included in the budget report to Cabinet on the 9 December 2019.
- 8.2 Detailed legal advice will be provided throughout the budget setting process further to any proposals identified and prior to any final decisions.

#### 9. Human Rights, Equalities and Community Cohesion Implications

- 9.1 All relevant implications will be addressed in Cabinet reports on the business planning process.
- 9.2 Draft equalities assessments have been carried out with respect to the proposed replacement savings and new savings where applicable and are included as Appendix 2 to this report.



#### 10. Crime and Disorder implications

10.1 All relevant implications will be addressed in Cabinet reports on the business planning process.

#### 11. Risk Management and Health and Safety Implications

11.1 All relevant implications will be addressed in Cabinet reports on the business planning process.

## Appendices – the following documents are to be published with this report and form part of the report

Appendix 1: Cabinet report 14 October 2019: Draft Business Plan 2020-24

Appendix 2: Draft Equalities Assessments

#### **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

12.1 The following documents have been relied on in drawing up this report but do not form part of the report:

Budget files held in the Corporate Services department.

2019/20 Budgetary Control and 2018/19 Final Accounts Working Papers in the Corporate Services Department. Budget Monitoring working papers MTFS working papers

#### 13. **REPORT AUTHOR**

- Name: Roger Kershaw
- Tel: 020 8545 3458

email: roger.kershaw@merton.gov.uk

## CABINET

#### Date: 14 October 2019

Subject: Business Plan 2020-24 Lead officer: Caroline Holland – Director of Corporate Services Lead member: Councillor Mark Allison – Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Finance

Contact Officer: Roger Kershaw

#### Urgent report:

Reason for urgency: The chairman has approved the submission of this report as a matter of urgency as it provides the latest available information on the Business Plan and Budget 2020/21 and requires consideration of issues relating to the Budget process and Medium Term Financial Strategy 2020-2024. It is important that this consideration is not delayed in order that the Council can work towards a balanced budget at its meeting on 4 March 2020 and set a Council Tax as appropriate for 2020/21.

#### **Recommendations:**

- 1. That Cabinet notes the approach to rolling forward the MTFS for 2020-24.
- 2 That Cabinet confirm the latest position with regards to savings already in the MTFS
- 3 That Cabinet agrees the approach to setting a balanced budget using the unmet balance of last year's savings targets as the basis for the setting of targets for 2020-24.
- 4 That Cabinet agrees the proposed savings targets.
- 5 That Cabinet agrees the timetable for the Business Plan 2020-24 including the revenue budget 2020/21, the MTFS 2020-24 and the Capital Programme for 2020-24.
- 6 That Cabinet note the process for the Service Plan 2020-24 and the progress made so far.
- 7 That Cabinet considers the proposed new savings, replacement savings and deferred savings for 2020-24, and refers them to the Scrutiny Panels and Commission. That Cabinet agrees to ratify these savings at a future Cabinet meeting subject to scrutiny comments. (Draft Equality Assessments (EAs) will be provided for the Overview and Scrutiny panels and Commission).
- 8 That Cabinet considers and agrees the proposed new capital bids and draft capital programme 2020-24 and refers them to the Scrutiny Panels and Commission

#### 1. Purpose of report and executive summary

- 1.1 This report presents an initial review of the Medium Term Financial Strategy and updates it for development as part of the business planning process for 2020/21. It recognises the fact there is a great deal of uncertainty regarding future funding allocations and the difficulty and risk that has for the Business Planning process.
- 1.2 The report sets out the approach towards setting a balanced budget for 2020-2024 and a draft timetable for the business planning process for 2020/21. It also proposes initial corporate and departmental targets to be met from savings and income over the four year period of the MTFS.
- 1.3 The report also sets out a revised capital programme for 2020-24 including new bids.
- 1.4 There is also a summary of the Government's Spending Review 2019 announced on 4 September 2019 and an update on the current position relating to the Government's proposed changes to Business Rates and the Fair Funding Review.

#### Details

#### 2. Medium Term Financial Strategy 2020-24

#### 2.1 Background

Council on 6 March 2019 agreed the Budget 2019/20 and MTFS 2019-23. Whilst a balanced budget was set for 2019/20 there was a gap remaining in future years which needs to be addressed, as shown in the following table:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£m	£m	£m	£m
MTFS gap (cumulative)	1.108	5.409	6.076	7.644

2.2 The initial phase of the business planning process is to re-price the MTFS and roll it forward for an additional year. Development of the MTFS in recent budget processes allowed for various scenarios on a range of key variables to be modelled and it is intended to do the same this year and where feasible, to improve the approach to modelling.

#### 2.3 **Review of Assumptions**

The pay and price calculations have been reviewed using the approved budget for 2019/20 as the starting point.

#### 2.3.1 <u>Pay</u>

In 2018/19 and 2019/20 there was a two year pay award. For the remaining years of the MTFS (2020/21 onwards), pay provision of 1% was included.

In July 2019 the Government announced that a wide range of public sector employees groups would be getting pay increases in excess of the current level of inflation. The extent to which any additional Government funding will be provided to meet the cost is unclear but it is likely that it will have to be self-funded from additional income and/or savings.

Given the current economic outlook, with the Government's monetary policy aimed towards an annual inflation target of 2%, it is proposed to increase the provision for pay to 2% per year.

The implications of an increase in pay provision from 1% p.a. to 2% p.a. are summarised in the following table:-

#### **Provision for Pay Inflation:**

(Cumulative)	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Pay inflation (%)	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
MTFS 2019-23 (Council 6/3/19)	773	1,546	2,319	3,092
(cumulative £000)				
Pay inflation (%)	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
MTFS 2020-24 (Latest)	1,708	3,416	5,124	6,832
(cumulative £000)				
Change (cumulative £000)	935	1,870	2,805	3,740

Further details on any progress towards agreeing a pay award for 2020/21, and the impact on the MTFS, will be reported during the Business Planning process as more information becomes available.

#### 2.3.2 Prices

The current assumptions regarding price inflation incorporated into the MTFS are

• 1.5% in each year of the MTFS

The MTFS agreed by Council on 6 February 2019 includes the following provision for price inflation

#### **Provision for Prices Inflation:**

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Price inflation in MTFS (%)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Original MTFS 2019-23 (cumulative £000)	2,077	4,156	6,234	8,312

This has been reviewed using the approved budget for 2019/20 and the latest estimate based on 1.5% price inflation is:-

(Cumulative)	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Price inflation (%)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Revised Estimate (cumulative £000)	2,035	4,069	6,104	8,139

#### Net change in Pay and Price inflation provision:

The overall change in inflation provision since Council in March 2019 is

(Cumulative) (£000)	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Latest Inflation estimate	3,743	7,485	11,228	14,971
Original MTFS 2019-23	2,850	5,702	8,553	11,404
(Council March 2019)				
Change	893	1,783	2,675	3,567

The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) 12-month rate was 1.7% in August 2019, down from 2.1% in July 2019. The Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH) 12-month inflation rate was 1.7% in August 2019, down from 2.0% in July 2019. The largest downward contributions to the change were from a range of recreational and cultural goods and services (principally games, toys and hobbies, and cultural services), clothing and sea fares. There were rises in air fares which resulted in the largest factor to offset the reduction. The RPI rate for August 2019 was 2.6%, which is down from the figure of 2.8% in July 2019.

The latest inflation and unemployment forecasts for the UK economy, based on a summary of independent forecasts, with more information in Appendix 2, are set out in the following table:-

Source: HM Treasury - Forecasts	for the UK Eco	onomy (Septer	nber 2019)
2019 (Quarter 4)	Lowest %	Highest %	Average %
СРІ	1.5	2.5	1.8
RPI	2.2	3.4	2.6
LFS Unemployment Rate	3.8	4.3	4.0
2020 (Quarter 4)	Lowest %	Highest %	Average %
СРІ	1.7	3.3	2.1
RPI	2.2	4.2	2.9
LFS Unemployment Rate	3.6	5.9	4.2

#### Forecasts for the UK Economy

Clearly where the level of inflation during the year exceeds the amount provided for in the budget, this will put pressure on services to stay within budget and will require effective monitoring and control.

Independent medium-term projections for the calendar years 2019 to 2023 are summarised in the following table:-

Source: HM Treasury - Forecasts for the UK Economy (August 2019)							
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023							
	%	%	%	%	%		
CPI	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1		
RPI	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.2		
LFS Unemployment Rate	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3		

#### 2.3.3 Provision for Excess Inflation:

There is also a corporate provision which is held to assist services that may experience price increases greatly in excess of the 1.5% inflation allowance provided when setting the budget. This will only be released for specific demonstrable demand.

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Inflation exceeding 1.5%	450	450	450	450

The cash limiting strategy is not without risks but if the Government's 2% target levels of inflation were applied un-damped across the period then the budget gap would increase by c. £2.7m by 2023/24.

#### 2.4 Income

2.4.1 The MTFS does not include any specific provision for inflation on income from fees and charges, as these have now been subsumed into the overall gap and therefore approach to targets. However, in the business planning process for recent years, service departments have been able to identify increased income as part of their savings proposals and increased income currently makes up c.43% of future agreed savings.

#### 2.5 **Pension Fund**

2.5.1 The Pension Fund is revalued every three years and the last valuation based on the position as at 31 March 2016 was implemented in the 2017/18 financial year. The next revaluation will be based on the position as at 31 March 2019 and will be implemented in 2020/21. 2.5.2 Discussions will take place with the Council's actuaries, Barnett Waddingham, LLP, throughout the current year and progress will reported as more details become known.

#### 2.6 **Spending Round 2019 and Local Government Finance Settlement**

#### 2.6.1 Background

Each year in December, the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) notifies local authorities of their Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement. The final Settlement figures are published the following January/February but are generally unchanged or very similar to the provisional figures. The total amount of funding available for local authorities is essentially determined by the amount of resources that Central Government has allocated as part of its annual Departmental Expenditure Limit. The Departmental Expenditure Limits were announced in the Spending Round 2019 on 4 September 2019.

#### 2.6.2 Spending Round 2019

Central government had previously indicated that there would be a new Spending Review in 2019 covering the period 2020/21 to 2022/23 (SR19). The long awaited 2019 Spending Round was finally timetabled in August 2019 for 4 September 2019 when HM Treasury announced that a full multi-year spending review had been pushed back to 2020 but it would set departmental budgets for the coming financial year, 2020–21. Setting departmental budgets for just one year is understandable given the ongoing uncertainty relating to Brexit and the terms of the UK's departure from, and future relationship with, the European Union which means that the outlook for the UK economy is highly uncertain. Delaying its long term spending plans will give the Government more flexibility to respond to future developments but undermines Government departments', including local government's, ability to plan over the medium to long term.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer announced the Spending Round 2019 in Parliament on 4 September 2019. The main issues relating to local government are:-

- Local Government Core Spending Power will increase nationally by 6.2%. This assumes all councils increase main council tax by 2% and their Adult Social Care precept by 2%
- Settlement Funding Assessment (Business Rates + Revenue Support Grant) will increase by the Business Rates Multiplier (September inflation c. 2%)
- Current adult social care grants including Improved Better Care Fund (iBCF), social care support grant and winter pressures funding will continue in 2020/21 at the same levels as 2019/20

- Additional Social Care Grant of £1 billion in 2020/1 (Merton's share would be c. £3.1m based on same methodology as 2019/20)
- Council Tax referendum limits, subject to consultation, of 2% general threshold and 2% Adult Social Care threshold. In its Core Spending Power calculations, the Government assumes that Councils will increase their Council Tax by these limits.
- National increase in schools funding of £2.6 billion in 2020/21, £4.8 billion in 2021/22 and £7.1 billion in 2022/23
- the additional schools funding includes over £700 million more in 2020-21 compared to 2019-20 funding levels for Higher Needs to support children and young people with special educational needs. (It is estimated that Merton's share of this funding in 2020/21 could be c. £3.7m)
- the Government have indicated that 75% pilot pools will cease after 2019/20. In this case London boroughs will revert to the previous scheme although it is possible that they could continue to seek to pool but this would require all London boroughs to agree and would have reduced benefits and have greater risks than the current pilot pool arrangements.
- the Government have indicated that the Fair Funding Review and 75% Business Rates Retention and Business Rates reset will be deferred until 2021/22.

The Government have indicated that legacy grant funding in the Core Spending Power 2019/20 will be rolled forward a year. Merton's grants in Core Spending Power in 2019/20 are:-

	2019/20
	£000
Improved Better Care Fund	4.114
New Homes Bonus	2.108
Winter pressures Grant	0.748
Social Care Support Grant	1.278

More information is required on how the Government will fund New Homes Bonus in future years. Further details relating to the Spending Round 2019 are provided in Appendix 1.

Further details will be reported as they become known as part of the Business Planning process. At this stage it is not anticipated that there will be news on funding until the Autumn with no specific funding allocations announced until the Provisional Local Government Settlement 2020, which is expected in early/mid December 2019.

2.6.3 The current level of resources included in the draft MTFS 2020-24 is as follows :-

DRAFT MTFS 2020-24:				
	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000
Revenue Support Grant	0	0	0	0
*Business Rates (inc. Section 31 grant)	(39,135)	(39,978)	(40,837)	(41,714)
PFI Grant	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)
New Homes Bonus	(1,304)	(1,008)	(800)	(800)
Corporate Funding in the MTFS	(45,236)	(45,783)	(46,434)	(47,311)

\* These figures already assume that the London Pilot pool does not continue in 2020/21 and that Merton's funding is at the "No Worse Off " safety net level but will be kept under review as part of the settlement process and potential pool option. It assumes that there is an annual 2% uplift for CPI inflation to the Business Rate multiplier.

Updates will be provided in future reports as part of the Business Planning process.

#### 2.6.4 Social Care Funding

#### Children's Social Care

There was an overspend of c.  $\pm 3.2m$  in Children's Social Care in 2018/19 which was mainly due to:-

Fostering and Residential Placements	£1.078m
Unaccompanied asylum seeking children	£0.778m
Community Placements	£0.450m

This pressure is continuing in 2019/20 with an overspend of £1.7m forecast as at July 2019 with the main areas of overspend:-

Fostering and Residential Placements	£0.696m
Unaccompanied asylum seeking children (net of grant)	£0.497m
Community Placements	£0.385m
MASH and First Response Staffing	£0.257m

#### Adult Social Care

With the provision of growth, government grant and careful management of its budget, the Adult Social Care budget was slightly underspent in 2018/19 and as at July 2019 is expected to overspend slightly (£149k). However, there is a lack of clarity currently over the future levels of grant funding over the medium term. The level of funding from government and Adult Social Care precept in 2019/20 is summarised in the following table:-

	2019/20 £000
Improved Better Care Fund	
Initial BCF	3,060
Budget 2017 allocation to BCF	1,054
Budget 2018	
Winter Pressures	748
Adult and Children's Social Care *	1,278
Council Tax Flexibility (3% in 2017/18)	2,629
Council Tax Flexibility (1% in 2018/19)	876
Council Tax Flexibility (2% in 2019/20)	1,753

\* To be shared between Adult and Children's Social Care

There is also an Adult Social Care Grants Reserve which has been formed to enable the service to plan more strategically over the longer term. As at 31 March 2019 the balance on the reserve was £4.193m

Clearly it would be of great concern if the Government decide not to continue to provide funding at the level it is currently and the additional resources announced in the Spending Round 2019 will reduce the funding pressures in the short term. However, they do not provide certainty for future years and the pressure on social care budgets is a nationwide issue and is expected to increase in the future.

#### SEN Transport

The SEN transport budget was overspent by £1.223m in 2018/19 and as at July 2019 is forecasting to overspend by £1.097m in 2019/20. Overall in 2018/19 the Education division had a small underspend of £37k.

There is a corporate working group looking at transport issues, chaired by the Director of Environment and Regeneration.

#### Schools Funding

#### **Dedicated School Grant**

In 2018/19 DSG funded services overspent by  $\pm 3.523m$ . Of this overspend  $\pm 494k$  was funded from the DSG reserve. The DSG ended with a deficit at

year-end of £2.909m. This was carried forward as a negative reserve, similar to other boroughs.

The Department for Education (DfE) announced in July 2018 that local authorities were required to submit a recovery plan if they have a cumulative deficit of 1% or more of their dedicated schools grant (DSG), starting at the end of the 2018 to 2019 financial year.

The deficit recovery plan should outline how local authorities will bring their deficit back into balance in a three-year time frame. Local authorities that are required to submit a recovery plan should do so by 30 June in the following financial year.

Failure to provide a plan by the deadline will result in escalation to the Minister, the Chief Finance Officer, and the Director of Children's services.

Merton's deficit as at 31 March 2019 was £2.909m and DSG was £167.709m so the deficit of 1.7% is in excess of the 1% level which requires a deficit recovery plan to be submitted and this was done by the 30 June deadline.

Due to rising pressures, especially from a sharply rising general secondary school age population, it was not possible to show how the council can reduce the deficit over the next three years and in fact the annual deficit will continue to rise from 2018/19 levels without further funding.

Without additional funding, and if the trend in increasing Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) continues, it is possible that the DSG deficit could become unmanageable.

This issue was raised by EY in their Audit Results Report on the 2018/19 accounts where they state that "despite the planned further actions the Authority forecasts that without additional funding the cumulative deficit will continue to grow to approximately £22.4m by the end of 2021-22. This deficit is not integrated into the Authority's medium term financial plans. If the forecast is accurate and the deficit is not addressed through the receipt of additional funding from Government this will reduce the net level of earmarked revenue reserves available to the Authority to support its general revenue spending and increase the budget gap."

The Department for Education have asked for an extended plan to be submitted after confirmation of the Higher Needs funding allocation and officers are working on this, with an anticipated increase in the deficit over the period due to higher EHCPs.

This is a national issue and one that it is difficult for the Government to ignore. As a result, on 30 August 2019, the Government announced additional funding for schools which was confirmed in the Spending Round 2019. However, details of allocations of funding from the DfE to local authorities will not be known until October 2019. Further updates will be provided throughout the Business Planning process to evaluate the implications of the additional funding announcements for Merton to ensure that this important issue is properly addressed as part of the Medium Term Financial Strategy and budget setting process, with the resulting impact on General Fund services and Council Tax payers.

#### 2.6.5 Business Rates - Update

Despite previous indications that 100% Business Rates Retention was to be introduced and the operation of some 100% pilots such as the London pilot in 2018/19, in December 2017, the government announced the aim of increasing the level of business rates retained by local government from the current 50% to only the equivalent of 75% in April 2020. The Government decided to operate pilots for the 75% scheme during 2019/20 and implement 75% Business Rates Retention for all local authorities with effect from 2020/21.

As a result, the Government and London authorities agreed to pilot 75% business rates retention in 2019/20 and Merton's budget for 2019/20 was set on this basis.

However, the Government has indicated its intention not to proceed with the 75% pilot pools in 2020/21 and is deferring the introduction of 75% Business Rates Retention until 2021/22.

London Councils are considering challenging the decision to discontinue with the 75% pilot. In addition, London Councils are exploring the feasibility of pooling on the basis of the current 67% scheme. Under the current 67% scheme, Merton retains 30% of its business rates, GLA 37% and the Government 33%.

#### 2.7 Council Tax and Collection Fund

#### 2.7.1 Council Tax

The Council Tax income forecast in the current MTFS agreed by Council in March 2019 assumes that the Council Tax Base will increase by 0.5% per year with a collection rate 98.5%. It also assumes the following changes in Council Tax over the MTFS period:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	%	%	%	%
Council Tax increase - General	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Council Tax increase – ASC	0%	0%	0%	0%

On the basis of these assumptions the Council Tax income included over the period of the MTFS is:-

(Cumulative figures exc. WPCC)	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Council Tax - No change in rate	(89,837)	(90,278)	(90,720)	(91,165)
Council Tax - General	(4,461)	(6,347)	(8,280)	(10,260)
Council Tax income	(94,298)	(96,625)	(99,000)	(101,425)

As announced in the Spending Round 2019, subject to consultation, the Council Tax Referendum Principles for 2020/21 will be 2% for the main council tax and 2% for adult social care. No change has been made at this stage to the assumptions shown in the table in paragraph 2.7.1, but 2% raises  $\pounds$ 1.9m.

The Council Tax Base will be updated later in the year following the return of the Government's CTB statistical return, usually in October, which is based on properties on the valuation list in September.

2.7.2 Collection Fund

In the MTFS approved by Council on 6 March 2019, the shares to preceptors of the collection surplus/deficit for Council Tax and NNDR based on the estimated Collection Fund balance at 31 March 2019 are summarised in the following table:-

	Estimated	Estimated	Total
	surplus/	surplus/	surplus/
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as
	31/03/19	31/03/19	at 31/03/19
	Council Tax	NNDR	
	£000	£000	£000
Central Government	N/A	340	340
GLA	489	(1,621)	(1,132)
Merton	1,949	(3,250)	(1,301)
Total	2,438	(4,531)	(2,093)

- 2.7.3 Merton's share of the surplus for council tax and NNDR were built into the MTFS agreed by Council in March 2019.
- 2.7.4 Since then, the Council has produced its 2018/19 accounts as at 31 March 2019 which have now been audited. The accounts for 2018/19 include the following surplus/deficit for Council Tax and NNDR as at 31 March 2019:-

	Surplus/	Surplus/	Total surplus/
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at
	31/03/19 Outturn	31/03/19	31/03/19
		Outturn	
	Council Tax	NNDR	
	£000	£000	£000
Central Government	N/A	339	339
GLA	580	(1,275)	(695)
Merton	2,159	(2,635)	(476)
Total	2,739	(3,571)	(832)

2.7.5 The overall change in shares of surpluses/deficits is:-

	Surplus/	Surplus/	Total
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	surplus/
	31/03/19	31/03/19	(deficit) as
			at 31/03/19
	Council Tax	NNDR	
	£000	£000	£000
Central Government	N/A	(1)	(1)
GLA	91	346	437
Merton	210	615	825
Total	301	960	1,261

2.7.6 The net change in Merton's share of the surplus/deficit is therefore:-

	Estimated	Outturn	Surplus/
	Surplus/	Surplus/	(deficit) as
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	at 31/03/19
	31/03/19	31/03/19	Change
	£000	£000	£000
Council Tax	1,949	2,159	210
NNDR	(3,250)	(2,635)	615
Total	(1,301)	(476)	825

- 2.7.7 There is no change to the surplus/deficit figures agreed for 2019/20 as all variations are managed via the Collection Fund. However, the net surplus of £0.825m will need to be taken into account when calculating the Merton General Fund's share of any surplus/deficit due to/from the Collection Fund in 2020/21.
- 2.7.8 The calculation of the estimated surplus/deficit on the Collection Fund as at 31 March 2020 will be made later in the budget process when key variables are firmed up and council tax base and NNDR returns have been completed.

Until this time, the increase in the net surplus carried forward from 2019/20 of  $\pm 0.825$ m will be included in the draft MTFS for 2020/21.

### 2.8 **Treasury Management: Capital Financing Costs and Investment income**

2.8.1 Council in March 2019 approved the following Capital Programme for 2019-23:-

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Capital Expenditure	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Expenditure	53,529	18,788	15,437	21,349
Slippage	(12,818)	8,783	718	1,158
Total Capital Expenditure *	40,711	27,571	16,155	22,508
Financed by:				
Capital Receipts **	6,956	900	640	4,490
Capital Grants & Contributions	14,428	8,625	4,325	2,823
Revenue Provisions	3,620	75	54	58
Net financing need	15,707	17,971	11,136	15,137

\* excludes finance leasing expenditure

\*\* Includes anticipated in-year capital receipts

- 2.8.2 Following the closing and preparation of final accounts for 2018/19, the level of slippage required from 2018/19 and the reprofiling of schemes over the programming period has been undertaken to ensure that the level of capital budget is aligned with the Council's capacity to deliver it. In addition new capital projects commencing in 2023/24 may be identified in accordance with achievement of the Council's forward strategic plan. The capital programme will be continually reviewed throughout the financial year and further details including options around financing will be included in future reports as appropriate.
- 2.8.3 The level, profiling and funding strategy used for the capital programme will have a significant revenue impact that needs to be incorporated into the MTFS. More details on the latest assumptions regarding the Capital Programme 2020-24 are provided in Section 4 of this report. At this stage it includes the slippage of £20m estimated expenditure on the Housing Company by one year and no new capital bids.

### 2.8.4 Investment Income

There are two key factors that impact on the level of investment income that the Council can generate:-

- The amount invested
- The interest rate that is achieved

Based on latest information, the projected levels of investment income, which had accounted for an interest rate increase over the period of the MTFS, have

been revised. The following table show the latest projections compared with the amounts included in the MTFS approved by Council in March 2019:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Investment Income	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
MTFS (Council March 2019)	(518)	(412)	*(1,387)	*(1,059)
Latest projections	(572)	(427	(322)	(322)
Change	(54)	15	1,065	737

\* includes income from Housing Company loan

Currently in the monthly monitoring report for July 2019 it is forecast that investment income will be  $\pounds 0.977$ m which is  $\pounds 0.313$ m above the budgeted level.

Work is currently ongoing to produce a robust cash flow forecast and forward projection of the level of interest rates that will be achievable. This will be included in a future report.

#### 2.9 Reserve for Use in Future Year's Budgets

- 2.9.1 The Business Plan and MTFS for 2019-23 approved by Council on 6 March 2019 forecast that a contribution of £2.034m would be required in 2019/20 with the balance of £3.990m applied in 2020/21.
- 2.9.2 Following the final accounts process for 2018/19, it was possible to increase the Reserve for use in Future Year's Budgets, mainly because of the share of the London Business Rates Pool, and as a result the balance (subject to audit) on the Reserve as at 31 March 2019 is £9.680m. This means that there is c. £3.4m more available to balance the budget over the MTFS period.
- 2.9.3 The reserve will be applied over the period of the MTFS to reduce the budget gap and enable longer term, strategic management of the budget.
- 2.9.4 It should be recognised that the use of reserves is a one-off form of funding and alternative ongoing savings would need to be identified to address the budget gap over the long-term.
- 2.9.5 <u>In-year review of Reserves</u> The use and availability of Reserves is monitored throughout the year as part of the monthly monitoring process.

### 2.10 Review of Outturn 2018/19 and Current Budget and Spending 2019/20

2.10.1 There may be issues identified during the final accounts process and from monthly monitoring, elsewhere on this agenda, that have on-going financial implications which need to be addressed in setting the budget for 2020-24.

#### 2.10.2 Monitoring 2019/20

At period 4 to 31 July 2019 the year end forecast is a net £0.200m overspend compared to the current budget. The budget monitoring process will continue to focus on Children's Social Care and Youth Inclusion as this area is forecasting an overspend of c.£2m. DSG funded services are also forecast to overspend substantially by £9.183m (based on July 2019) and with a deficit of £2.909m at the end of 2018/19 the cumulative overspend at the end of 2019/20 is currently estimated at £12.092m. Based on the number of EHCPs still being awarded following assessment, it is expected that this will increase further by year end and this has been built into the DSG Recovery Plan assumptions.

Merton has been working in conjunction with Association of Directors for Children's Services (ADCS), Society for London Treasurers (SLT), London Councils and the Children's Commissioner to lobby Central Government for additional funding. All commissioned analysis shows that the funding shortfall is becoming a national issue which requires additional grant funding.

### 2.11 **Growth**

2.11.1 In light of the ongoing pressures in services currently identified, including the New Burdens funding to offset the DSG deficit, it is considered that the following growth should be incorporated into the update of the MTFS 2020-24:-

Cumulative	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
CS - Emergency Planning – Response to Grenfell	150	0	0	0
CS – Microsoft Licences	280	0	0	0
CSF - Children's GF pressures +	0	0	0	0
CSF – New Burdens funding to offset DSG Deficit*	9,297	(1,297)	726	925
Total	9,727	(1,297)	726	925
Cumulative	9,727	8,430	9,156	10,081

\*Current growth to offset 50% of the deficit, with some assumed additional HN Grant funding for 2021/21 only.

+CSF are working through their growth requirements and a bid will be brought forward for December Cabinet.

2.11.2 Further details on the growth are included in Appendix 5.

### 2.12 Re-priced MTFS 2020-24

- 2.12.1 As indicated in the report, there have been a number of changes to information and data to factors which impact on the Council's MTFS and budget gap:-
  - Updated inflation
  - Collection Fund surplus/deficit change following draft outturn for 2018/19
  - Change in reserve following draft outturn for 2018/19
  - Growth to address known pressures
- 2.12.2 Taking these issues into account and rolling forward the MTFS forward one year produces the latest revised funding gap:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
(Cumulative)	£m	£m	£m	£m
MTFS gap (Council 6/3/19)	1.108	5.409	6.076	7.644
Pay Inflation (1% to 2%)	0.935	1.870	2.805	3.740
Prices Inflation (1.5%)	(0.043)	(0.086)	(0.130)	(0.174)
Council Tax Yield - assumes 0.5% increase in	, , , ,		, , ,	, ,
Council Tax Base	(0.039)	(0.062)	(0.085)	(0.107)
Collection Fund adjustments for outturn	(0.825)	0.000	0.000	0.000
Growth for pressures	9.727	8.431	9.157	10.082
Use of reserves – updated for outturn and revised				
profile	(4.654)	0.000	0.000	0.000
Capital Financing Costs	(1.095)	(1.000)	0.380	(1.324)
Revised MTFS Gap	5.114	14.562	18.203	19.861

However, there is a lot of uncertainty about future funding going forward. In particular, there is no information currently available about school's funding allocations, although there have been announcements of increased funding nationally. Funding allocations for the Council need to be known and then an assessment made on the impact on the Council's latest DSG deficit projections.

- 2.12.3 On this basis, it is not possible to produce an updated MTFS that could confidently be said to predict the Council's budget gap going forward with any certainty.
- 2.12.4 There are risks involved from the current economic situation and the outcome of Brexit which may increase the gap and similarly, use of reserves if available to fund the gap only provides one-off funding and there is still a necessity to find ongoing savings in future years to maintain a balanced budget.

#### 2.13 Summary

2.13.1 There has been a substantial improvement in the council's strategic approach to business planning in recent years and it is important that this is maintained.

Planning should be targeted towards the achievement of a balanced budget over the four year MTFS period.

2.13.2 Progress made in recent years in identifying savings over the whole period of the MTFS has reduced pressure on services to make short-term, nonstrategic cuts. However, because there is still likely to be a sizeable gap over the four year period, and there is utilisation of the Reserve for Use in Future Year's budgets there is a need to set savings targets aimed at eliminating this gap on an ongoing basis.

### 3. Approach to Setting a Balanced Budget

- 3.1 This is the initial report on the business planning process for 2020/21 and there is a great deal of work to be done, including the following key areas that are expected to be at the forefront.
  - a) <u>Review of Central Items</u> All central items will be closely reviewed to assess the implications for 2020-2024.
  - b) <u>Further Departmental Savings/Income Targets</u> The MTFS 2020-24 includes the full year effect of previously agreed savings and income proposals amounting to c. £8.8m.

New savings targets will need to be set to enable progress towards balancing the budget over the period of the MTFS. Details of how it is proposed to do this are set out in paragraph 3.4 of this report.

c) Review of funding

Given the uncertain economic climate due to the ongoing Brexit negotiations, it is too soon in the financial year to accurately predict the ongoing impact on central Government funding particularly over a four year period. There will be regular updates during the business planning process as more information becomes available.

### d) Capital Programme 2020-24

Changes in the capital programme may arise due to slippage, re-profiling and addition/deletion of schemes. This will have an impact on the capital financing costs of the programme. There is a more detailed analysis and discussion of capital related issues in Section 4 of this report.

#### 3.2 Grant Funding and Business Rates Retention

3.2.1 Further analysis and review in the current year will be undertaken as soon as the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government provide updates as to how it proposes to proceed with the Fair Funding Review and Business Rates Retention. Regular updates will be provided in Business Plan reports throughout the year.

### 3.3 Savings agreed and incorporated into the MTFS

3.3.1 The MTFS includes the following amounts in service department budgets for previously agreed savings/income proposals:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Savings in MTFS (cumulative)	7,307	8,723	8,828	8,828

3.3.2 However, it is also dependent on pre agreed savings for 2019/20 of c. £6.9m being achieved. The July monitoring report includes the following details of progress on meeting savings agreed in 2019/20.

Department	Target Savings 2019/20	Projected Savings 2019/20	Period 3 Forecast Shortfall	Period Forecast Shortfall (P3)	Period 2 Forecast Shortfall	2020/21 ExpectedShortfall
	£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000
Corporate Services	1,484	1,391	93	6.3%	45	35
Children Schools and						
Families	572	572	0	0.0%	0	0
Community and Housing	1,534	1,326	208	13.6%	151	0
Environment and						
Regeneration	3,340	2,131	1,209	36.2%	1,234	100
Total	6,930	5,420	1,510	21.8%	1,430	135

### Progress on savings 2018/19

Department	Target Savings 2018/19	2018/19 Shortfall	2019/20 Projected shortfall	2020/21 Projected shortfall
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	2,024	505	395	10
Children Schools and				
Families	489	0	0	0
Community and Housing	2,198	442	0	0
Environment and				
Regeneration	926	523	135	0
Total	5,637	1,470	530	10

### Progress on savings 2017/18

Department	Target Savings 2017/18	2017/18 Shortfall	2018/19 shortfall	2019/20 Projected shortfall
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	2,316	196	0	0
Children Schools and Families	2,191	7	0	0
Community and Housing	2,673	0	0	0
Environment and Regeneration	3,134	2,188	694	305
Total	10,314	2,391	694	305

It is imperative that firm discipline is maintained in delivering savings and departments should be beginning the planning for delivering 2020/21 savings now. Where difficulties are foreseen with achieving any of the savings currently incorporated into the MTFS, then alternative measures must be identified before the 2020/21 budget is set.

- 3.3.4 In addition to reviewing savings, the impact of changes in capital financing, potential changes in grant income and adjusting profiling of planned use of reserves will be utilised to assist in balancing the budget. All potential avenues will be reviewed and modelled throughout the Business Planning process.
- 3.3.5 Some savings will however be required to balance budgets over the period of the MTFS and draft targets are proposed for this. Draft proposals to meet the targets will be brought forward during the budget process and will be subject to scrutiny as has been the case in previous years.

### 3.4 Savings Targets for 2020-24

- 3.4.1 In previous years the approach to setting savings targets for departments for the Business Planning process has been based on using controllable budgets and aimed to protect front-line services and services to the vulnerable in line with the 'July principles'. Weightings for each department; Corporate Services, Environment and Regeneration, Community and Housing, and Children, Schools and Families in the ratio (100%) : (100%) : (67%) : (50%), were applied to reduce the impact on Adult Social Care, Children's Social Care and vulnerable groups. The targets set also took into account the level to which departments had achieved savings against targets set for previous years.
- 3.4.2 Using the same basis as last year, it should be recognised that in setting the 2019/20 budget, proposals to fully meet the savings targets set were not

identified and agreed over the duration of last year's budget setting period, leaving a balance still to be found.

- 3.4.3 Before setting new targets for 2020/21 onwards (using controllable budgets for 2019/20), departments will be required to identify savings/income proposals to meet the balance of the savings targets set in last year's business planning process.
- 3.4.4 The balance of savings not met by each department is as follows:-

	Targets	Proposals	Balance	Balance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Corporate Services	3,148	2,485	663	21.1
Children, Schools & Families	3,620	993	2,627	72.6
Environment & Regeneration	6,631	4,025	2,606	39.3
Community & Housing	6,360	1,975	4,385	68.9
Total	19,759	9,478	10,281	52.0

- 3.4.5 Given the lack of clarity about the level of the MTFS gap it is proposed that service departments should in the first instance seek to identify savings to meet the balance of savings brought forward from last year.
- 3.4.6 The progress made by each service department towards identify savings towards their targets are as follows:-

SAVINGS TARGETS BY DEPARTMENT	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Total £000
Corporate Services	570	(49)	125	0	646
Children, Schools and Families	509	400	0	0	909
Environment and Regeneration	1,240	340	0	0	1,580
Community and Housing	0	500	0	0	500
Total	2,319	1,191	125	0	3,635
Total (cumulative)	2,319	3,510	3,635	3,635	

3.4.7 More details on the savings put forward by service departments are included in Appendix 4. There will be further savings coming forward to the December Cabinet, particularly in Community and Housing.

### 3.5 **Replacement Savings**

- 3.5.1 Monitoring of the delivery of savings is important and it is essential to recognise as quickly as possible where circumstances change and savings previously agreed are either not achievable in full or in part or are delayed.
- 3.5.2 If this is the case, departments will need to identify replacement savings from elsewhere within their overall budgets.

- 3.5.3 For this meeting,
  - Children, Schools and Families are proposing to replace £0.700m of savings in 2020/21 with some alternative proposals of the same amount.
- 3.5.4 Further replacement savings may be brought to future Cabinet meetings for Members to consider.

### 3.6 Deferred Savings

3.6.1 Environment and Regeneration department have identified savings that they would like to defer. Details of this request to defer savings are set out in Appendix 4c. The change over the four year MTFS period resulting from these proposals is set out in the following table:-

Deferred Savings	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Total £000
Environment and	65	10	(75)	0	0
Regeneration					
Total	65	10	(75)	0	0
Cumulative Total	65	75	0	0	0

3.6.2 Further deferred savings proposals may be brought to future Cabinet meetings for Members to consider.

### 4. Capital Programme for 2020-24

- 4.1 Since the capital programme was approved by Council in March 2019 and the revenue implications built into the MTFS, there have been a number of amendments arising from outturn 2018/19, monthly monitoring and a review by project managers. There has been a great deal of effort made to ensure that the capital programme set is realistic, affordable and achievable within the capacity available. This has been accompanied by improved financial monitoring and modelling of the programme's costs over the period of the MTFS which has enabled the budgets for capital financing costs to be reduced and therefore scarce resources to be utilised more effectively.
- 4.2 It is important to ensure that the revenue and capital budgets are integrated and not considered in isolation. The revenue implications of capital expenditure can quickly grow if the capital programme is not contained within the Council's capacity to fund it over the longer term. For example, assuming external borrowing, the capital financing costs of funding £1m (on longer-life assets and short-life assets financed in 2020/21) for the next four years of the MTFS would be approximately:-.

Capital financing costs of	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
£1m over the MTFS period	£000	£000	£000	£000
Longer life Assets	10	60	60	60
Short-life assets	10	220	220	220

- 4.3 The bidding process for 2023/24 was launched on 24 June 2019. The closing date for submission of bids was 2 August 2019. Any resulting revisions to the programme and new schemes will be reported to Cabinet in October 2019.
- 4.4 The current capital provision and associated revenue implications in the currently approved capital programme, based on August 2019 monitoring information and maximum use of capital receipts, a deferral by one year of £20m of Housing Company expenditure, and new capital bids (as set out in Appendix 6), are as follows:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital Programme	32,863	25,746	13,273	24,818
Revenue borrowing costs	10,375	11,762	13,015	13,127

4.5 The potential change in the capital programme since Council in March 2019 is summarised in the following table:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital Programme:				
- As approved by Council	27,571	16,155	22,508	11,045
- Revised Position with Slippage	32,863	25,746	13,273	24,818
revisions				
Change	5,292	9,591	(9,235)	13,773
Revenue impact				
As approved by Council	10,834	12,218	12,133	13,889
Revised	9,739	11,218	12,513	12,565
Change	(1,095)	(1,000)	380	(1,324)

4.6 It is considered that these figures represent the worst case subject to there being no further new bids, with further work currently ongoing to review and challenge the assumptions these figures are based on.

### 5. Revised MTFS 2020-24 Updated for Savings Proposals

5.1 Taking into account the new savings proposals, replacement savings and deferred savings included in the report, the MTFS gap is revised as follows:-

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Revised MTFS Gap (paragraph 2.12.2				
refers)	5,114	14,562	18,203	19,861
Deferred and Replacement Savings	65	10	(75)	0
New Savings	(2,319)	(3,510)	(3,635)	(3,635)
Revised gap after savings proposals	2,860	11,062	14,493	16,226

5.2 A revised MTFS is provided in Appendix 7.

### 6. Service Planning for 2020-24

- 6.1 The Service planning process for 2020-24 will be launched in August 2019. A plan has been created for each council service. These plans describe what the service does, its plans for the future linked to the Target Operating Model (TOM), its key performance indicators and how its plans will take place within the budget.
- 6.2 There will be three versions of service plans; First Draft, Second Draft reported to Cabinet and scrutiny, with the Final version reported to Cabinet and Council,.

### 7. Alternative Options

7.1 The range of options available to the Council relating to the Business Plan 2020-24 and for setting a balanced revenue budget and fully financed capital programme will be presented in reports to Cabinet and Council in accordance with the agreed timetable which is set out in Appendix 3.

#### 8. Consultation Undertaken or Proposed

8.1 All relevant bodies have been consulted.

### 9. Timetable

- 9.1 In accordance with current financial reporting timetables.
- 9.2 A chart setting out the proposed timetable for developing the business plan and service plans is provided as Appendix 3.

### 10. Financial, resource and property implications

10.1 As contained in the body of the report.

### 11. Legal and statutory implications

11.1 As outlined in the report.

#### 12. Human rights, equalities and community cohesion implications

12.1 Draft Equalities assessments for the savings proposals will be included with the report to scrutiny panels and the Commission.

#### 13. Crime and Disorder Implications

13.1 Not applicable.

#### 14. Risk Management and health and safety implications

14.1 There is a specific key strategic risk for the Business Plan, which is monitored in line with the corporate risk monitoring timetable.

# 15. Appendices – The following documents are to be published with this Report and form part of the Report.

Appendix 1 – Spending Round 2019 Appendix 2 – Inflation Outlook Appendix 3 - Business Plan and Service Planning Timetable 2020-24 Appendix 4a – New Departmental Revenue Savings Appendix 4b – Replacement Savings Appendix 4c – Deferred Savings Appendix 5 – Departmental Growth Appendix 6a – New Capital Bids Appendix 6b – Draft Capital Programme 2020-24 Appendix 7 – Updated MTFS 2020-24

### 15. Background Papers

15.1 The following documents have been relied on in drawing up this report but do not form part of the report:

2018/19 Budgetary Control and Final Accounts Working Papers in the Corporate Services Department. 2019/20 Budget Monitoring working papers MTFS working papers

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# **APPENDIX 1**

# **SPENDING ROUND 2019**

From 2019-20 to 2020-21, day-to-day departmental spending will now grow at 4.1% in real terms.

This Spending Round focuses on day-to-day resource spending. Departments and the devolved administrations already have capital budgets for 2020-21, which were set at the Spending Review in 2015. This Spending Round largely leaves these capital budgets unchanged. However, additional funding is confirmed to support the government's commitments on healthcare, policing and prisons.

### Health and social care

The Spending Round reaffirms the five-year settlement for the NHS with an additional £33.9 billion more per year by 2023-24 compared to 2018-19 budgets.

• an additional £1 billion for adult and children's social care.

Based on the same allocation method as the 2019/20 Social Care Grant, Merton's estimated grant would be c. £3.1m (Part of Core Spending Power)

 In addition, the government will consult on a 2% Adult Social Care precept that will enable councils to access a further £0.5 billion. This funding will support local authorities to meet rising demand and continue to stabilise the social care system.

This would equate to c. £1.850m to Merton on an ongoing basis.

### **Education and skills**

The Spending Round confirms:

- the government's commitment to a £7.1 billion increase in funding for schools by 2022-23 (£4.6 billion above inflation), compared to 2019-20 funding levels. Ahead of that, the schools budget will rise by £2.6 billion in 2020-21 and £4.8 billion in 2021-22, compared to 2019-20 funding levels;
- in 2020-21, the government will ensure that per pupil funding for all schools can rise in line with inflation (1.8%). The minimum per pupil amount for 2020-21 will increase to £3,750 for primary schools and £5,000 for secondary schools, with the primary schools minimum then rising to £4,000 in 2021-22 in line with the government's commitment;
- the additional schools funding includes over £700 million more in 2020-21 compared to 2019-20 funding levels to support children and young people with special educational needs to ensure all receive a high-quality education and reach their potential; and
- £400 million in 2020-21 for Further Education, recognising the vital role of this sector in delivering the skills needed in the UK. This includes £190 million to

increase core funding for 16-19 year-olds at a faster rate than core schools funding, and £210 million in targeted interventions such as high-cost programmes, English and Maths resits, T Levels, the Advanced Maths Premium and workforce investments.

Allocations to local authorities will not be known until October 2019 at the earliest. An initial estimate of Merton's High Needs Block allocation is that it will increase from c. £33.7m to c. £37.0m, an increase of c.£3.7m.

### Tackling crime

The Spending Round confirms for 2020-21:

- an extra £750 million for policing to begin delivery of the government's commitment to recruit 20,000 additional officers by 2023 (up to 6,000 officers are to be in place by the end of 2020-21). In addition, the government is spending £45 million in 2019-20 to kick start recruitment, bringing in up to 2,000 additional officers this year.
- £55 million for the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) and £80 million for the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS) to support the work of the 20,000 additional police officers and manage the increasing complexity of crime; and
- additional funding for crucial probation reforms that will help reduce reoffending and improve post-custody supervision.

### **Preparing for Brexit**

This Spending Round confirms £2 billion of core funding provided to departments for Brexit in 2019-20 will be continued into 2020-21. This money will be used to help pay for the costs of establishing a new relationship with the EU. Merton received £105k out of a £20m allocation in 2018/19 and in 2019/20 will receive two lots of £105k out of £40m. So it looks like there will be some grant for Brexit costs in 2020/21 but not clear how much.

### **Spending Review 2020**

A full multi-year spending review will be conducted in 2020 for capital and resource budgets beyond 2020-21. The review will take into account the nature of Brexit and set out further plans for long-term reform.

### **Departmental Settlements**

### Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC)

The Department of Health and Social Care's resource budget will rise by 3.1% in real terms.

The settlement includes:

a real terms increase to the Public Health Grant budget, which will ensure local authorities can continue to provide prevention and public health interventions; For social care, the Local Government settlement contains an additional £1 billion for adult and children's social care. The government will also consult on a 2% precept that will enable councils to access a further £0.5 billion for adult social care. This funding will support local authorities to meet rising demand and continue to stabilise the social care system. Separately, the government remains committed to putting adult social care on a fairer and more sustainable footing and will bring forward proposals in due course.

### **Department for Education (DfE)**

This Spending Round delivers on the government's commitment to increase the schools budget by £7.1 billion (£4.6 billion above inflation) by 2022-23, compared to 2019-20 funding levels. To fulfil this commitment, the Spending Round exceptionally sets budgets for schools until 2022-23.

The schools budget will rise by £2.6 billion in 2020-21, £4.8 billion in 2021-22 and £7.1 billion in 2022-23, compared to 2019-20 funding levels. Separate to this, each year the government will provide almost £1.5 billion of funding to compensate schools for the increased cost of employer pensions contributions.

The government will use part of this funding to continue to implement the schools National Funding Formula. The government will ensure that per pupil funding for all schools can rise in line with inflation (1.8%) in 2020-21. For schools already on their National Funding Formula allocation, the per pupil values in the formula will increase by at least 4% in nominal terms in 2020-21. The minimum per pupil amount for 2020-21 will increase to £3,750 for primary schools and £5,000 for secondary schools, with the primary schools minimum then rising to £4,000 in 2021-22 in line with the government's commitment.

This settlement also provides over £700 million more in 2020-21 compared to 2019-20 funding levels to support children and young people with special educational needs to ensure all receive a high-quality education and reach their potential.

The government is also making a £400 million investment in Further Education in 2020-21, recognising the vital role of this sector in delivering the skills needed for our economy. This package includes £190 million to increase core funding for 16-19 year-olds at a faster rate than core schools funding, and £210 million of funding in targeted interventions such as high-cost programmes, English and Maths resits, T Levels, the Advanced Maths Premium and workforce investments.

The government will also increase early years spending by £66 million to increase the hourly rate paid to childcare providers through the government's free hours offers.

The Department for Education settlement, taking into account the schools, Further Education and early years funding, represents a 3.3% increase in real terms to the overall resource budget from 2019-20 to 2020-21 and also includes:

- funding to deliver high-quality apprenticeships;
- funding to support world-class higher education;
- funding to develop the National Retraining Scheme to equip people with the skills they need for the future; and
- funding for programmes supporting local authorities to deliver high quality children's social care services to support and protect children. The local government settlement includes an additional £1 billion for adult and children's social care to help local authorities meet rising demand in social care services and continue to help stabilise the system.

### Home Office (HO)

- an extra £750 million for policing to begin delivery of the government's commitment to recruit 20,000 additional officers by 2023 (up to 6,000 officers are to be in place by the end of 2020-21), providing them with the resources they need to tackle serious violence, and make the UK's streets safer. In addition, the government is spending £45 million in 2019-20 to kick start recruitment, bringing in up to 2,000 additional officers this year.
- £110 million additional funding, plus £65 million of Official Development Assistance (ODA), for the asylum system and continuing £150 million funding for the Global Resettlement Programme, to support and protect the most vulnerable refugees; and
- maintaining £480 million of Brexit funding in real terms, including continued funding for Border Force capability and delivery of the EU Settlement Scheme.

### Ministry of Justice (MoJ)

- £55 million across the criminal justice system to support the work of 20,000 additional police officers; and
- additional funding to support the ongoing reform of the probation system, which will help reduce reoffending and improve the quality of post-custody supervision.

### Single Intelligence Account (SIA)

The Spending Round also confirms the previously agreed growth in the National Cyber Security Programme's budget in 2020-21. This is a key part of the total £1.9 billion investment over the Spending Review 2015 period to implement the National Cyber Security Strategy.

# Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG)

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government settlement includes:

- a 2.7% real terms increase to the department's resource budget from 2019-20 to 2020-21
- £422 million resource funding to help reduce homelessness and rough sleeping, including an additional £54 million in 2020-21. This represents a real terms increase of 13% compared to 2019-20;
- £24 million additional funding for the Building Safety Programme to support the new building safety regime and help prevent a tragedy like Grenfell happening again. This comes on top of £600 million of government funding for the removal of aluminium composite material (ACM) cladding in the private and social residential sectors;
- £10 million additional funding for English as a second language provision. This will enable the second wave of the Integration Areas Programme;
- a total of £241 million from the Towns Fund in 2020-21 to support the regeneration of high streets, town centres and local economies;
- continued funding for the Troubled Families programme

### Local Government

### Table 2.12: Local Government

	£ billion						
	2019-20	2020-21					
RDEL excluding depreciation (1)	6.1	8.6					
Local Government Core Spending Power (2)	46.2	49.1					

1 In this table, RDEL reflects a transfer of the New Homes Bonus from MHCLG Housing and Communities DEL. The adjusted baseline used to calculate the growth rate is £7.5 billion, which excludes the effect of 2019-20 Business Rate Retention pilots.

2 The figure for Core Spending Power is an estimate and subject to data changes and will be published following final decisions in the 2020-21 Local Government Finance Settlement.

Local Government DEL will increase by £1.1 billion in cash terms on the adjusted baseline.

With this increase in grant, Local Government Core Spending Power is estimated to increase by £2.9 billion in total in 2020-21. Within this:

 the settlement includes an additional £1 billion grant for adult and children's social care;

- the government will consult on a 2% Adult Social Care precept that will enable councils to access a further £0.5 billion, bringing the total increase in funding for social care to £1.5 billion; and
- Local Government's business rate baseline funding levels will also increase in line with inflation.
  - Outside of the main Local Government settlement, high-needs funding for schools is increasing by more than £700 million in 2020-21, an increase of more than 11% on 2019-20 funding levels. This funding will support children and young people with special educational needs to ensure all receive a high-quality education and reach their potential.
  - In addition, the Spending Round confirms that local authorities will receive additional resources through a real terms increase in the Public Health Grant and through the NHS contribution to adult social care through the Better Care Fund, which will increase by 3.4% in real terms, in line with the overall NHS long-term settlement.
  - Combined with the £2.9 billion increase in Core Spending Power, these announcements mean local authorities can benefit from more than £3 1/2 billion of additional resources made available in this Spending Round.

# Department for Transport (DfT)

The Department for Transport settlement includes:

- an 11.4% increase in real terms to the department's resource budget from 2019-20 to 2020-21;
- £1.1 billion funding to ensure the Strategic Road Network runs safely and smoothly, enabling a high-performing road network that will support the economy;

# Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS)

• continuing to provide £191 million of funding to support delivery of Brexit-related activities, including the development of a UK Global Navigation Satellite System option and delivering business stability for company law and audit;

# Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra)

- funding to deliver the government's commitment to pass on to the next generation a natural environment protected and enhanced for the future, including:
  - more than £30 million increase in funding for air quality;

### **Department for Work and Pensions**

The Department for Work and Pensions settlement includes:

• £40 million additional funding for Discretionary Housing Payments to tackle affordability pressures in the private rented sector in England and Wales;

- £36 million to ensure DWP decision-making is accurate and the application processes are straightforward and accessible, as well as improving safeguarding by creating a new independent Serious Case Panel;
- £7 million to expand Jobcentre advisor support in schools for young people with special educational needs and extending eligibility for Access to Work to internships for disabled people; and
- £23 million to fund a range of other measures, including support for vulnerable claimants and people with complex needs migrating to Universal Credit, additional outreach activities to support those who are homeless, and increasing the number of Armed Forces champions to support veterans when entering the labour market.

In addition to this, DWP's resource budget will enable the department to continue to:

- help people move into work and support their progression in work, through targeted employment support programmes and tailored interventions for disadvantaged groups;
- improve financial security through the accurate and timely administration of benefit payments, including the secure delivery of Universal Credit;

#### Outlook for inflation:

The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) sets monetary policy to meet the 2% inflation target and in a way that helps to sustain growth and employment. At its meeting ending on 18 September 2019, the MPC voted unanimously to maintain Bank Rate at 0.75%. The Committee voted unanimously to maintain the stock of sterling non-financial investment-grade corporate bond purchases, financed by the issuance of central bank reserves, at £10 billion. The Committee also voted unanimously to maintain the stock of y the issuance of central bank reserves, at £435 billion.

In the minutes to its September meeting, the MPC note that "Since the MPC's previous meeting, the trade war between the United States and China has intensified, and the outlook for global growth has weakened. Monetary policy has been loosened in many major economies. Shifting expectations about the potential timing and nature of Brexit have continued to generate heightened volatility in UK asset prices, in particular the sterling exchange rate has risen by over 3½%. Brexit-related developments are making UK economic data more volatile, with GDP falling by 0.2% in 2019 Q2 and now expected to rise by 0.2% in Q3. The Committee judges that underlying growth has slowed, but remains slightly positive, and that a degree of excess supply appears to have opened up within companies."

Employment and pay growth may be a key factor as the MPC recognise that "CPI inflation fell to 1.7% in August, from 2.1% in July, and is expected to remain slightly below the 2% target in the near term. The labour market appears to remain tight, with the unemployment rate having been just under 4% since the beginning of this year. Annual pay growth has strengthened further to the highest rate in over a decade. Unit wage cost growth has also risen, to a level above that consistent with meeting the inflation target in the medium term. The labour market does not appear to be tightening further, however, with official and survey measures of employment growth softening."

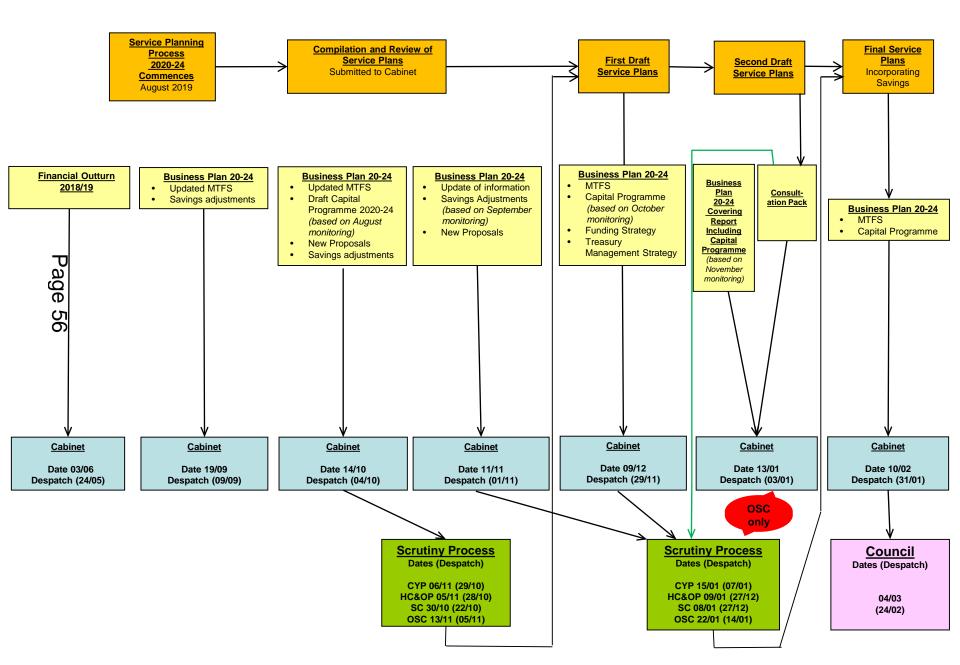
However, short term policy may be heavily influenced by the outcome of Brexit negotiations and the MPC note that "In the event of a no-deal Brexit, the exchange rate would probably fall, CPI inflation rise and GDP growth slow. The Committee's interest rate decisions would need to balance the upward pressure on inflation, from the likely fall in sterling and any reduction in supply capacity, with the downward pressure from any reduction in demand. In this eventuality, the monetary policy response would not be automatic and could be in either direction." The minutes of the next meeting of the MPC will be published on 7 November 2019. The latest Inflation Report was published on the 1 August 2019.

In the August 2019 Inflation Report, the MPC noted that "CPI inflation was at the 2.0% target in June and is projected to fall below the target over the next six months as energy prices decline. From next year inflation is expected to pick up as the impact of lower energy prices fades, sterling's recent depreciation pushes up import prices, and domestic inflationary pressures rise."

In terms of the prospects for inflation, the MPC are heavily caveated to take account of Brexit. The MPC sum up their view as follows:-

"Underlying UK GDP growth has softened to below-potential rates, reflecting weaker global growth as well as the impact of Brexit-related uncertainties. Growth is expected to remain subdued in coming quarters, as those uncertainties have intensified over the past few months and are assumed to remain elevated in the near term. CPI inflation is projected to fall temporarily below the MPC's 2% target over the second half of 2019 as energy prices decline. Conditioned on a smooth withdrawal of the UK from the EU, Brexitrelated uncertainties are assumed to subside over the forecast period. Together with a boost from looser monetary conditions, the decline in uncertainties leads to a recovery in demand growth to robust rates. As a result, excess demand and domestic inflationary pressures build. CPI inflation picks up to materially above the MPC's 2% target by the end of the forecast period. The MPC's projections are affected by an inconsistency between the asset prices on which they are conditioned — which reflect a higher perceived probability of a no-deal Brexit among financial market participants — and the smooth Brexit assumption underlying the central forecasts. In the event of a Brexit deal, sterling would be likely to appreciate and market interest rates and UK-focused equity prices to rise."

# BUSINESS PLANNING TIMETABLE - BUSINESS PLAN 2020-24 APPENDIX 3



### APPENDIX 4a

# REVENUE SAVINGS PROPOSALS 2020-24

SAVINGS TARGETS BY DEPARTMENT	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000			Total £000
Corporate Services	570	(49)	125	0	646
Children, Schools and Families	509	400	0	0	909
Environment and Regeneration	1,240	340	0	0	1,580
Community and Housing	0	500	0	0	500
Total	2,319	1,191	125	0	3,635
Total (cumulative)	2,319	3,510	3,635	3,635	

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see ke
	2020-21 CS1	Service/Section	Pension Fund								
		Description	Right sizing charge to Pension Fund for Pension Manager time	221	24	0	0	0	Low	Low	SI1
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	Apportion the Pension Manager work time according to the budget								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments	N 1								
		Equalities	None								
		Implications TOM Implications	None								
	2020-21 CS2	Service/Section	Insurance								
	2020 21 002	Description	Savings in Insurance Fund top up budget	716	70		0	0	Low	Low	SNS
			possible reduction in the insurance fund reserve	/10	/0		0	0	LOW	LOW	SING
		Service Implication									
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications	Neze								
		Impact on other	None								
		departments Equalities	None								
		Implications	None								
		TOM Implications	The internal fund fall short and unable to meet any								
		- <b>-</b>	unexpected major claims.								
	2020-21 CS3	Service/Section	Treasury								
		Description	Increase in Investment Income	664	100	0	0	0	Low	Low	SI
		Service Implication									
		•	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments	Nene								
		Equalities Implications	None								
		TOM Implications	None								
							1				

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2020-21 CS4	Service/Section	Revenues and Benefits								
		Description	Housing benefit written off debt recovery (one off)	0	120	(120)			Low	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	External debt collection of previously written off housing benefit overpayments following availability of improved data matching resource								
		Staffing Implications									
		Business Plan									
		implications Impact on other									
		departments									
		Equalities Implications	Appropriate debt recovery processes being used, phoning and writing to debtros - no enforcement agents (bailiffs) are								
		Implications	being used. Payment arrangements and attachment to earnings are being utilised								
		TOM Implications									
	2020-21 CS5	Service/Section	Customers, Policy and Performance								
		Description	Reduction in various running costs across the division through increased efficient use of resources.	1,381	20				Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications Impact on other	None								
		departments	None								
		Equalities	None								
		Implications	Niene								
		TOM Implications	None								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2020-21 CS6	Service/Section	Customers, Policy and Performance								
			Community engagement - reduction in running costs through increased efficient use of resources (linked to increased exploitation of digital).	149	8				Low	Low	SNS1
			None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
			None								
		departments Equalities	None								
		Implications	none								
			Supports move to digital platforms								
	2020-21 CS7	Service/Section	Customers, Policy and Performance								
		Description	Staff reductions	2,192			75		Medium	Medium	SS1
		Service Implication	To be established - expected as part of Customer Contact Strategy implementation.								
			To be established once detailed proposals are developed as part of implementation of Customer Contact Strategy implementation.								
		Business Plan									
			Expected as part of Customer Contact Strategy								
			To be established once detailed proposals are developed as								
			part of implementation of Customer Contact Strategy implementation.								
		Equalities									
			To be establihsed once detailed proposals are developed.								
		TOM Implications	In line with Customer Contact Strategy								

Panel	Ref	•	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
O&S		Service/Section Description	Infrastructure & Technology Division - Facilities Management A further £100k reduction of the repairs and maintenance budget for corporate buildings, which with the previously agreed £100k saving in 2020/21 will give a net reduction of £200k against a current baseline budget of £900k	900	100				Low	High	SNS2
		Service Implication	This will necessitate a fundamental change in the current operational arrangements for maintaining the Councils 110 operational buildings, moving from planned maintenance to an absolute minimum level of service based around Statutory requirement and 'Fix on Fail' only. Repairs and maintenance work will only being undertaken where it directly affects the safety, security or weather proofing of a building which will result in a significant deterioration in the overall condition of the Councils buildings and it's accommodation.								
		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Still to be determined None The reduction in planned maintenance and the condition of buildings will have a direct impact on other departments and the various services that are delivered from the Councils operational buildings. None Still to be determined.								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key
0&S	2020-21 CS9	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Technology Division - Facilities								
ľ		Description	Management Reduction in the frequency of the cleaning within the Councils corporate buildings.	286	30				Low	Low	SNS2
		Service Implication	A reduction in the frequency of cleaning from 5 times a week to 3 will not have any direct impact on service delivery, but will result in a gradual deterioration in the overall condition and cleanliness of the Councils operational buildings and accommodation.								
ľ		Staffing Implications									
ľ		Business Plan implications	None								
ľ		Impact on other	The savings will have an impact on other departments due to								
		departments	the deterioration in the cleanliness of the operational buildings where customer facing services are delivered.								
		Equalities Implications	None								
I		TOM Implications	None								
0&S	2020-21 CS10	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Technology Division - Transactional								
ľ		Description	Services Further restructuring of the Transactional Services team	531		100			Low	Medium	SS2
ľ		Service Implication	Will increase the time taken to process income and	551		100			LOW	Weardin	002
ľ			expenditure payments and set up new suppliers on the								
ľ			Councils financial system. Will have a direct impact on the								
I			Councils cash flow due to delays in the production and processing of invoices for covering chargeable services.								
I			processing of involces for covering chargeable services.								
ľ		Staffing Implications	Previously agreed saving of £100k in 2020/21 which reduces								
ľ			the current establishment from 13 FTE down to 10 and the additional £100k saving will reduce the team down to 7 FTE.								
		Business Plan	To be determined								
		implications	Likely to have a direct impact on the Councils cash flow due								
ľ		Impact on other departments	to delays in the production and processing of invoices for								
			covering chargeable services.								
		Equalities Implications	None								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Infrastructure & Technology Division - Commercial Services Restructure of the Commercial Services (Procurement) team and deletion of 1 permanent FTE post. The Commercial Services team provide specialist procurement advice and support across all areas of the business. The team are responsible for delivering £14M of procurement related savings over the next three years and also ensure that the council is able to demonstrate value for money through its various procurement and commissioning activities. Restructure to reduce the permanent establishment by 1 FTE. Unlikely to fully achieve agreed corporate savings of £14M due to the reduction in the level of resources. Significant impact on other departments who rely on the Commercial Services team to provide specialist technical	323			50		Low	High	SS2
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	advice and support on procurement activities. None To be determined								
085	2020-21 CS12	Description Service Implication	Infrastructure & Technology Division Cancel lease on two Council vans Staff from both the IT and Facilities Management teams extensively utilise the vans to transport equipment and materials around the borough, which are required to undertake urgent repairs and rectify faults. None	9	5				Low	Low	SNS2
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	None The IT and FM teams will be unable to continue to provide such a reactive and responsive service, which will in turn impact on departments. None None								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see key
	2020-21 CS13		Corporate Governance								
		Description	Corp Gov AD - Running Costs	39	24				Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications	Niewe								
		Impact on other departments	None								
			None								
		Implications									
		•	None								
	2020-21 CS14	Service/Section	Corporate Governance								
		Description	Information governance - reduction in consultancy spend	15	10				Low	Low	SNS
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
			None								
		departments Equalities	None								
		Implications	none								
			None								
	2020-21 CS15	Service/Section	Corporate Services								
		Description	Miscellaneous savings (eg. Subscriptions)	66	39	(29)			Low	Low	SNS
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
			None								
		implications	None								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities	None								
		Implications									
		TOM Implications	None								

#### **DEPARTMENT: Corporate Services**

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2020-21 CS16	Service/Section	Corporate Services								
		Description	Saving in Consultancy costs	70	20				Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	None								
		Impact on other	None								
		departments Equalities Implications	None								
		TOM Implications	None								
			Total		570	(49)	125	0			

#### Type of Saving

Income: increase in current level of charges SI1

SI2 Income: increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
 SS1 Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency

Page ss

SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service

SNS1 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency

SNS1 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency SNS2 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service

SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency

SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - deletion/reduction in service

SG1 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant

SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant

SPRO Reduction in Property related costs

# DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

### APPENDIX 4a

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-04	<u>Service</u> Description	Children Social Care Review of the current Permanency and 14+ service to	911	60				Low	Low	SS1
			establish a Leaving Care service delivered by personal								
			advisors rather than social workers								
		Service Implication	Organisational change required to deliver proposal.								
			Disruption of care experienced young people's relationships								
			with their allocated social worker. No statutory implications								
			as support for eligible care experienced young people over 18 years doesn't require qualified social workers.								
			To years doesn't require quained social workers.								
		Staffing Implications	Resource to review, prepare and lead organisational change.								
			Likely redeployment of qualified social work staff from 14+								
			service to social work vacancies in other CSC & YI service								
		Business Plan	areas. None								
-		implications	None								
Page			Potential for resource efficiencies between CSC and ASC for								
Q		departments	those eligible care experienced young people who are also								
			eligible for Care Act services and support.								
66		Equalities	The Council's HR and organisational change procedures will								
		Implications	be used for the engagement, equalities impact assessment								
		TOM Implications	and consultation of affected staff.								
		TOM Implications	Proposal to reduce use of qualified social workers for functions where their expertise is not a requirement is								
			consistent with TOM.								

# DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

### APPENDIX 4a

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-05	Service	Children Social Care							_	
		Description	Full year effect of transfer of adoption service to Adopt	1,216	30				Medium	Medium	SP1
		Service Implication	<b>London South</b> Full year effect of the regional centralisation of adoption services delivering savings through a larger commissioning base and the benefit of economies of scale.								
		Staffing Implications	Some staff TUPE transferred into the regional arrangements, remainder of service restructured during 2019/20.								
		Business Plan	Certain services ceased to be provided by Merton as they								
		implications	were outsourced to Adopt London South.								
			None								
Page			We will need to ensure the new arrangements maintain the improvement of the adoption process and post adoption support to maintain and improve outcomes for this group of vulnerable children and young people. We used the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for the restructure.								
le		TOM Implications	In line with CSF TOM								
67											

# DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

# APPENDIX 4a

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-06	<u>Service</u>	Children Social Care								
		Description	Review of safeguarding and social work training	166	60				Low	Medium	SNS1
			budgets								
		Service Implication	Opportunity to better align staff, current training offer and								
			partner contributions to improve training offer and deliver efficiencies.								
		Staffing Implications									
			retention and recruitment increasing agency costs. A								
			reduction in workforce skill and knowledge may compromise								
			the quality of social work practice, resulting in the potential								
			for increased harm to children.								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments	Identified risks would have greatest impact on children and								
<b>–</b>		Equalities Implications	vulnerable families.								
0		TOM Implications	In line with TOM								
ດ C&YfQ ຕ	CSF2019-07	Service	Children Social Care								
		Description	Reduction of Central recruitment cost budget	82	30				Low	Low	SP1
68		Service Implication	Annual recruitment advertising contract with national								
<u> </u>			Guardian now in place to reduce costs of 'spot purchasing'								
			the same.								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments									
		Equalities	None								
		Implications									
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM principles								

#### DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

### APPENDIX 4a

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-08	Service	Education								
		Description	Review of school premises and contracts staffing	653	45				Low	Low	SS1
			structure								
		Service Implication	Present vacancies in team won't be filled and re-organised to								
			ensure service is delivered								
		Statting Implications	Minor due to present vacancy								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments									
		Equalities	None								
		Implications									
0.01/17		TOM Implications	None								
C&YP		<u>Service</u>	Education	4 770	450						004
		Description	Repurposing of some posts in education inclusion	1,773	150				Medium	Medium	SS1
_		Service Implication	service 1)Merton's NEET and NK rates are low. The MY Futures								
		Service implication	team leads on NEET/NK work. Over the last two years it has								
Page 69			been restructured and refocused, reducing management and								
Je			setting up targeted roles for care leavers, young people with								
ရ			mental health needs and young people with special								
Ű			educational needs and disabilities. This restructure has freed								
			up 135k. 2) Merton's Youth service is income generating								
			and has increased it participation rate over 3 years. We will								
			reduce premises costs but will not reduce front line offer to								
			young people. 15k								
		Staffing Implications	3 Vacant posts of targeted youth workers; historical								
			underspend in premises cost centres								
		Business Plan	Work more targeted at vulnerable groups								
		implications									
		Impact on other	1) Work more targeted at vulnerable groups and								
		departments	employability service pathway set up. 2) less premises								
			funding for maintenance of buildings.								
		Equalities	Work more targeted at vulnerable groups, particularly SEND.								
		Implications									
		TOM Implications	None								

#### DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

#### APPENDIX 4a

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP		<u>Service</u> Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	Education Reduced contribution towards the MSCB This will bring Merton's contribution more in line with statutory partners None	144	44				Low	Medium	SNS2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Service will be planned in lined with total available partner funding None None. The partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton residents. None								
C&YP Page 70		<u>Service</u> Description Service Implication	Cross cutting Review of centralised commissioning budgets. There will be a review of current staffing across the Integrated Children's Commissioning Team. This would lead to a potential saving of approximately £90k (Salary saving of £74k and non-staffing underspend of £16k) Redundancy of the Head of CSF Commissioning Role Consultation and potential restructure of the Integrated Commissioning Team across PH (and potentially CCG). Review and potential restructure will involve Public Health Lead for Children Services. Staff will be fully consulted on any proposed changes and have the opportunity to influence any final structure, within budget None	815	90				Low	Low	SS2

#### DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - New savings

#### **APPENDIX 4a**

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key
C&YP	CSF2019-12	<u>Service</u> Description	Public Health A recurrent saving will be achieved by a review of public health commissioned services. The saving will be made from reductions in Healthy Child 0-19 service budget and Public health contribution to the Risk and Resilience	3,835		400			Medium	Medium	SP1
		Service Implication	<b>budget.</b> The re-commissioning of community services provides an opportunity to review current service model and gain efficiencies from integrated commissioning and service delivery. However it is anticipated that there will be some changes and reductions in universal and targeted services. Areas which will be reviewed for redesign may include, but are not limited to, support for vulnerable young parents (currently FNP).								
Page 71		Staffing Implications	No staffing implications for LBM. However staff changes including potential staff reductions will be within commissioned services as part of new service models. There may be associated redundancy costs for staff within the commissioned services which will need to be factored into any efficiencies/savings plans and due diligence carried out. This may initially reduce the anticipated efficiency.								
		Business Plan implications	There are uncertainties in the Public Health (PH) grant for 21/22. If there are further reductions in Merton's PH grant, some of these efficiencies might be used to mitigate other PH statutory or key services. If there is any increase in the PH grant this may reduce the impact of the efficiencies.								
		Impact on other departments	There are interdependencies between CSF, C&H and MCCG. Through the co-commissioning of community health services with MCCG, local integration will help mitigate the impact of financial reductions. The new service model may impact on other department services, e.g. CSF Early Help and Early Years services.								
Fotal		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	An equalities impact assessment of new service models will be undertaken as part of the procurement process. tbc		509	400	0	0			

#### DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2020/21

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV1920-01	Service/Section	Parking Services								
। ਕਮੁਦ <i>1</i> ਟ	Doco 70	Service Implication	Application to change Merton's PCN charge band from band B to band A. To effect this a full business case will need to be presented to Full Council. Following this, an application will be made to the London Councils Transport, and Environment Committee. Depending on the outcome at the Committee, the Mayor will also be required to ratify the application and the Secretary of State has final sign off. This 'saving' reflects the impact on estimated revenue until motorist compliance takes full effect .The objective is to reduce non-compliance but if the band change is implemented it is likely that there will be a short term increase in revenue. In setting out its measures of success, the proposed bandings and increase in PCN charges aims to deliver better compliance and driver behaviours in respect of parking regulations, which will reduce congestion, and lead to improved traffic flows and availability of spaces. The purpose of PCN parking charges is to dissuade motorists from breaking parking restrictions and charges must be proportionate. The income from charges must only be used in accordance with the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984. These purposes are contained within the Council's traffic management and other policy objectives. System configuration & consultation process.	(7,921)	340	340			Med	Low	SI1
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	None								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities Implications	To be assessed								
		TOM Implications	consistent with TOM objectives								

#### DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2020/21

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV1920-02	Service/Section	Parking Services								
		Description	Compliance rates for ANPR Moving Traffic Offences have not decreased significantly or as estimated since the implementation of the ANPR cameras and as a consequence the PCN revenue remains above original estimations. This 'saving' recognises revenue currently being received by the Council rather than any estimated increase.	(7,921)	300				Low	Low	SI2
			The purpose of PCN parking charges is to dissuade motorists from breaking parking restrictions and charges must be proportionate. The income from charges must only be used in accordance with the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984. These purposes are contained within the Council's traffic management and other policy objectives.								
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	None								
-	Ď	Impact on other departments	None								
- 490		Equalities Implications	None								
	Ņ	TOM Implications	consistent with TOM objectives								
(		Service/Section Description	Property Management Realign rental income budgets to better reflect current levels of income being achieved from conducting rent reviews in line with tenancy agreements	(4,450)	300				Low	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	Managed within existing resource								
		Business Plan implications	In line with Business Plan								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities Implications	None								
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM								

#### DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2020/21

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV1920-04	Service/Section	Waste Services								
		Description	The service change in October 2018 has had a significant impact on waste arisings and recycling levels. Residual waste volume has reduced by c12% whilst recycling levels have increased from c34% to c45%. Whilst we have already built £250k into the MTFS we believe that this can be added to.	6,266	250				Med	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	None								
		Impact on other departments	None								
			None								
- 0	Ď	TOM Implications	consistent with TOM objectives								
יסבי ד	2	Description	Waste Services The Kingdom environment enforcement contract is due for reprocurement and renewal in Spring 2020. This provides an opportunity for it to be broadened and also to ensure that its operation is as effective as possible for the Council.	(517)	50				Med	Med	SI2
			Possible broadening of FPN offences being enforced. Also, payment rate and volume could go down								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	Improved enforcement presence across the Borough and opportunity to work across divisions to maximise potential enforcement receipts								
		Impact on other departments	Possible improvements in the type and number of enforcements.								
		Equalities Implications	To be considered as part of expansion of enforcement remit								
	<u> </u>	TOM Implications	Refines and improves enforcement model within scope of TOM								
			Total Environment and Regeneration	on Savings	1,240	340	0	0			

#### PROPOSED SAVINGS 2020-24 DEPARTMENT: COMMUNITY AND HOUSING

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2020-21 CH1	Service/Section	Public Health								
		Description	Further reduction in contracts and grants.	10,000		500			Med	Med	SNS2
		Service Implication	Assumes that the current ring fence is removed by April 2021. Further work is needed to identify the options to deliver these savings. It is likely to fall in areas such as prevention rather than demand led servcies such as sexual health or substance misuse. It may therefore impact more on voluntary sector providers than health providers.								
		Staffing Implications	tbc								
Page		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities	There may be a reduction in performance against key performance indicators The equalities impacts will depend on the detailed actions								
75		Implications TOM Implications	identified. However, Public Health services have a strong focus on reducing health inequalities and the Council's response to that will be reduced as a result.								
			TOTAL		0	500	0	0			

#### DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Reputational	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2018-13		Cross Cutting								
		Description	Review of CSF admin structure	1,100	300				Medium	High	SS2
		Service Implication	With changes to the structure of the department, the								
			implementation of MOSAIC and a focus on minimal								
			education and social care core functions we will redesign				•				
			our workforce across what will be a smaller department				$\boldsymbol{\rho}$				
			dealing with increasing demands. Less resource and			1					
			flexibility to meet increasing demands will lead to a risk of								
			decreased timeliness of response to customers and			<b>O</b>					
			reduced support for vulnerable children and young people.								
		Staffing Implications	A reduction of 10, 12 posts from a total of GEETE		0						
		Staffing Implications Business Plan	A reduction of 10-12 posts from a total of 65FTE. We will prioritise our core statutory education and social								
		implications	care functions.	0							
		Impact on other	A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross								
		departments	cutting issues and new developments.								
Pane		Equalities	We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and	0							
2		Implications	procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for	-							
D		Implicatione	the service change staffing proposals.								
<b>-</b>		TOM Implications	The TOM includes a focus on delivering the restructure as								
ກັ			well as flexible working and the embedding of MOSAIC.								
			The CSF workforce needs to be more highly skilled and								
			flexible. Delivery of a functioning MOSAIC product is key to								
			delivering this saving.								

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#### DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2018-09	<u>Service</u> Description	Education Radically reduce some statutory education functions	8,137	200				High	High	SS2
		Service Implication	We will agree with schools priorities for the use of the retained DSG to support delivery of a reduced statutory service function.				2,				
		Staffing Implications	Majority of costs associated with direct services are staffing costs as part of this proposal. This will equate to approximately 7 members of staff	S.		XIIN'					
		Business Plan	No specific Implications		2						
		implications Impact on other	No specific Implications expected although we could see		0						
		departments	some legal challenge.								
		Equalities	We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and	<b>'</b> 0	Ť						
7		Implications	procedures for restructuring and will complete EAs. This will reduce support to vulnerable and at risk children, increasing pressure on our universal service's capacity to manage these needs.	31							
		TOM Implications	Statutory Education and Social Care services for C&YP will be further reduced. The department will be reorganised to reflect downsizing. This saving is in line with TOM direction of travel to focus delivery on the council's statutory duties.								
			Detailed work will need to ensure that risk and vulnerability is prioritised and careful consideration of the ability to deliver the statutory minimum required.								
			Beingre								
			Q°.								

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#### DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

C&YP       CSF2018-10       Service Description Service Implication       Radically reduce support for LAC/CSE/respite During 2019/20 we will review our eligibility criteria and service offer for some of our most vulnerable clients. This is likely to mean reduced therapeutic support to highly vulnerable children including looked after children and care leavers       10,545       200         Staffing Implications       Staffing Implications       These services are mainly commissioned or spot purchased. There may be staffing implications as the current contract means that some of our own staff are employed and could be eligible for redundancy. No specific Implications       No specific Implications       These reductions may place additional burdens on universal, targeted and specialist services. This will reduce support to vulnerable and at risk children Implications and the edge of care, Looked After C&YP, care leavers or young people with complex disabilities, young people with complex disabilitises young people with complex disabilities, young peopl	8	High High	SNS2
Equalities       This will reduce support to vulnerable and at risk children including C&YP In Need, on a Child Protection Plan, on the edge of care, Looked After C&YP, care leavers or young people with complex disabilities, young people in			
Equalities       This will reduce support to vulnerable and at risk children including C&YP. In Need, on a Child Protection Plan, on the edge of care, Looked After C&YP, care leavers or young people with complex disabilities, young people in			
Equalities       This will reduce support to vulnerable and at risk children including C&YP In Need, on a Child Protection Plan, on the edge of care, Looked After C&YP, care leavers or young people with complex disabilities, young people in			
Implications including C&YP In Need, on a Child Protection Plan, on the edge of care, Looked After C&YP, care leavers or young people with complex disabilities, young people in			
the youth justice system, increasing pressure on our parents/carers and universal service's capacity to manage			
TOM Implications       these needs.         The TOM sets out an approach to prioritisation but this level of saving is likely to impact on those already most at risk and vulnerable young people at the top end of our Well Being Model			
	0 0 0		-

#### DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Reputational	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-01	Service Description Service Implication	Cross Cutting Review of CSF admin structure With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of MOSAIC and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across what will be a smaller department dealing with increasing demands. Less resource and flexibility to meet increasing demands will lead to a risk of decreased timeliness of response to customers and reduced support for vulnerable children and young people.	1,100	200				Medium	High	SS2
Dogo 70		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	A reduction of 10-12 posts from a total of 65FTE. We will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM includes a focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the embedding of MOSAIC. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly skilled and flexible. Delivery of a functioning MOSAIC product is key to delivering this saving.								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see ke
C&YP	CSF2019-02	Service	Children Social Care & Youth Inclusion								
		Description	Establish more cost effective Merton independent		400				Medium	Low	SP1
		Service Implication	<b>living provision</b> The likely routes to achieve more cost effective provision may reduce flexibility of location and support available for young people.								
		Staffing Implications	Commissioning and procurement capacity and expertise required.								
		Business Plan	This is an existing action in the CSF Business Plan to								
		implications	deliver cost effective independent living provision								
		Impact on other	Work with colleagues in C&H required								
		departments									
		Equalities Implications	The Council's commissioning and procurement policies will be used. Cost effective provision with lower levels of support would improve the experience of care leaving								
			young people who have unresolved immigration status. This ethnicity of this group is primarily BAME.								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with CSF TOM								

#### DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 19/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key
C&YP	CSF2019-03	Service	Cross Cutting								
		Description	Early help re-design of Transforming Families team, Family and Contact team at Bond Road and 0-5s Supporting Families team	2,148	100				Low	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication	To create a new all ages Family Wellbeing Service, that works intensively with children and families assessed as having needs prior to statutory intervention across the age ranges of 0-25. To streamline and improve referral, assessment and practice, creating economies of scale.								
		Staffing Implications	A staffing reorganisation is being implemented, and it is anticipated there will be a reduction of approximately 5- 7 posts								
		Business Plan implications	This will involve a change to service provision, bringing together several team functions from across a combination of teams within Children SC&YI and Education								
		Impact on other departments	Not significant, however, work is taking place to identify any possible impact across wider children's								
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Contained with the EIA assessment as part of the reorganisation process. This delivers the early help redesign as stated in the TOM								
otal C	hildren, Schoo	l ols and Families Saving	J		700	0	0	0			I

#### Previously Agreed Saving

#### DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS

Budget Process	Ref	C	escription of Saving	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability		Type of Saving (s key)
SC	E1	Service/Section	Regulatory Services Partnership							
		Description	Investigate potential commercial opportunities to generate income from provision of business advice. This follows on from the expansion of the RSP to include Wandsworth from November 2017, and increased resilience.	60	65	75		Med	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	Will need to ensure no conflict of interest in respect of service delivery.							
		Staffing Implications	Developing new areas of business will need careful consideration of deployment of existing resources.							
		Business Plan implications	Consistent with Business Plan objectives							
		Impact on other departments	None, but will need to consider potential impact on partner boroughs.							
		Equalities Implications	None.							
		TOM Implications	Consistent with objective of making service more commercially driven.							
			Total Environment and Regeneration Savings	60	65	75	0			

#### **Deferred Savings proposal**

#### **DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS**

Budget Process	Ref	ſ	Description of Saving	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability		Type of Saving (s key)
SC	E1	Service/Section	Regulatory Services Partnership							
		Description	Investigate potential commercial opportunities to	60		65	75	Med	Low	SI2
			generate income from provision of business advice.							
			This follows on from the expansion of the RSP to							
			include Wandsworth from November 2017, and							
			increased resilience.							
		Service Implication	Will need to ensure no conflict of interest in respect of							
			service delivery.							
		Staffing Implications	Developing new areas of business will need careful							
			consideration of deployment of existing resources.							
		Business Plan implications	Consistent with Business Plan objectives							
		Impact on other departments	None, but will need to consider potential impact on							
			partner boroughs.							
		Equalities Implications	None.							
		TOM Implications	Consistent with objective of making service more							
			commercially driven.							
			Total Environment and Regeneration Savings	60	0	65	75			

#### D Savings Type

- 00 <sup>SI1</sup> Income - increase in current level of charges
- SI2 🕐 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
  - SS1 Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
  - SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
  - SNS1 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
  - SNS2 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
  - SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency
  - SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - deletion/reduction in service
  - SG1 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
  - SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
  - SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

Panel

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SC

- C&YP **Children & Young People** 
  - **Overview & Scrutiny**
- HC&OP Healthier Communities & Older People
  - Sustainable Communities

#### **APPENDIX 5**

#### SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL GROWTH 2020-24

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total
SAVINGS TARGETS BY DEPARTMEN	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	430	0	0	0	430
Children, Schools and Families	9,297	(1,297)	726	925	9,651
Environment and Regeneration	0	0	0	0	0
Community and Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Total	9,727	(1,297)	726	925	10,081
Total (cumulative)	9,727	8,430	9,156	10,081	

#### DEPARTMENTAL GROWTH 2020-24 DEPARTMENT: Corporate Services

Panel	Ref	Description of growth		2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Type of Growth (see key)
	2020-21 CSG1	Description - Service Implications	<b>Emergency Planning</b> Growth is required in order to increase the level of service to better respond to major or prolonged incidents and comply with resilience standards for London. It will also be used to fund the Council's contribution to the central resilience fund.	150				GS1 / GNS1
		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Additional 1 permanent FTE. Further requirements for a rota of staff to be available for incident response. The growth will enable the service to meet its business plan Staff from other departments will be part of the increased rota arrangements					
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None					
	2020-21 CSG2	Description - Service Implications	Microsoft Licences (Enterprise Agreement) Allows the Council to continue the use of Microsoft applications and services, required to licence and run the IT infrastructure and end user computers	280				GNS1
Page		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	None The growth will enable the service to meet its business plan Growth to this Corporate Services budget will ensure other departments can maintain their use of IT products requiring these licences					
$\infty$		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None Consistent with technology strategy within the TOM					
G		Total : Corporate Services Gro	wth 2020-24	430	0	0	0	

#### Type of Growth Key

GI1Income: Decrease due to fall in demand for serviceGI2Income: Decrease due to reduction/deletion of serviceGS1Staffing: increase in level of serviceGS2Staffing: New serviceGNS1Non - Staffing: increase in level of serviceGNS2Non - Staffing: New serviceGP1Addition to Procurement / Third Party arrangements

#### GPROP Increase in Property Related costs

#### Panel

C&YP	Children & Young People
CC	Corporate Capacity
HC&OP	Healthier Communities & Older People
SC	Sustainable Communities

Panel	Ref	Description of growth		2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	Type of Growth (see key)
C&YP	CSF2019-G01	Description - Service Implications	New burdens funding to offset DSG deficit The number of EHCPs have increased significantly over the past five years from 1,075 in January 2016 to 1,712 in January 2019. This is a 59% caseload increase resulting in a huge increase in cost with a very small increase in grant funding, allocations announced still to be confirmed, so will be kept under review.	9,297	(1,297)	726	925	GP1
		Staffing Implications	Due to the increase in EHCPs, staff caseloads have increased in response and staff levels are urgently required to be redressed as caseload levels are not sustainable.					
		Business Plan implications	The demand issues are covered in CSFs TOM document as well as in divisional and service plans.					
		Impact on other departments	This growth requirement will result in a significant increase the savings requirements for all departments.					
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	N/a The demand issues are covered in CSFs TOM document under SEND in the customer and physical location layers.					
Page		Total		9,297	(1,297)	726	925	
Type <b>AG</b> r	owth Key			Panel				
GI1 ග		Income: Decrease due to fall	in demand for service	C&YP	Children & Yo	ung People		
GI2		Income: Decrease due to red	uction/deletion of service	CC	Corporate Capa	ncity		
GS1		Staffing: increase in level of	service	НС&ОР	Healthier Com	nunities & Olde	r People	
GS2 GNS1		Staffing: New service Non - Staffing: increase in le		SC	Sustainable Co	mmunities		

#### **DEPARTMENT: Children, Schools and Families - Growth**

Non - Staffing: New service

Increase in Property Related costs

Addition to Procurement / Third Party arrangements

GNS2

GP1 GPROP

## All Bids 2023-24 Cycle - Cabinet 14 October 2019

					Amount					Movement
Project Title	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	or New
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Aligned Assets (Movement/Additional)					(75,000)					Movement
Revenue and Benefits (Movement)						(400,000)	400,000			Movement
Capita Housing				(100,000)			100,000		(100,000)	Movement
ePayments Project (Additional)							125,000			Movement
Invoice (Kofax) Scanning							100,000			Movement
Parking System					(126,000)		126,000			Movement
Civic Centre Cycle Parking		60,000								New
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) System Replacement					450,000					New
Absorption Chiller Replacement					275,000					New
Project General (Additional)					50,000	500,000				
Acquisitions Budget				(6,985,180)	6,985,180					Movement
Capital Bidding Fund				(1,186,400)	1,186,400					Movement
Corporate Capital Contingency				(4,800,000)	4,800,000					Movement
Melrose Secondary SEMH 14 Places		200,000	750,000							New
Surface Water Drainage	0	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)	Movement
Maintain AntiSkid and Coloured Surface	0	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	Movement
Morden TC Regeneration Match Funding				1,000,000						New
Lost Rivers Repairs		100,000	100,000	100,000						New
Wimbledon Public Realm Implementation		500,000	500,000	500,000						New
New street tree planting programme		50,000	50,000							New
New interactive water play feature at Wimbledon Park		226,000								New
Wimbledon Park Surfacing of top entrance car park		40,000								New
Paddling Pools (borough wide) OPTION 1 *		90,000	90,000	90,000						New
Paddling Pools (borough wide) OPTION 2 *		226,000								New
CCTV cameras and infrastructure upgrade **		140,000	699,000	480,000						New
Car Park Upgrades		681,000	766,000							New
P&D machines for emission-based charging		500,000								New
Environmental Improvements - Mechanical Street Washer		75,000								New
	0	2,860,000	2,927,000	(10,929,580)	13,517,580	72,000	823,000	(28,000)	(128,000)	

\* One Option to be chosen

\*\* Awaiting split between Infrastructure and Camera Upgrade and CIL Funding for 2022-24 to be determined

#### Capital Investment Programme - Schemes for Approval Annex 1

Department	Scrutiny	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24
Corporate Services		26,388	3,945	2,895	18,067
Community and Housing		1,118	913	882	425
Children, Schools and Families		5,806	3,900	1,900	1,900
Environment and Regeneration		10,859	9,681	6,543	3,979
Total		44,171	18,439	12,220	24,371

Department	Scrutiny	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24
Corporate Services					
Customer Policy and Improvement		1,200	1,900	0	0
Facilities		1,211	950	950	1,675
IT Infrastructure		1,567	1,095	1,245	3,420
Resources		0	0	700	0
Corporate		22,410	0	0	12,972
Total Corporate Services		26,388	3,945	2,895	18,067
Community and Housing					
Housing		768	913	742	425
Libraries		350	0	140	0
Total Community and Housing		1,118	913	882	425
Children, Schools and Families					
All Sectors		1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900
Secondary		300	0	0	0
Special		3,606	2,000	0	0
Total Children, Schools and Families		5,806	3,900	1,900	1,900
Environmental and Regeneration					
Public Protection and Development		1,321	1,500	480	0
Street Scene and Waste		405	330	670	330
Sustainable Communities		9,133	7,851	5,393	3,649
Total Environmental and Regeneration		10,859	9,681	6,543	3,979
Total Capital		44,171	18,439	12,220	24,371

Please Note

1. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Better Care Fund

2. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Transport for London Grant

OSC = Overview and Scrutiny, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Heathier Communities and Older People

#### FUNDING THE CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2019-24

#### Annex2

Merton	Capital Programme £000s	Funded by Merton* £000s	Funded by grant and capital contributions £000s
2019/20 Current Budget	35,401	19,057	16,344
Potential Slippage b/f	0	0	0
2019/20 Revised Budget	35,401	19,057	16,344
Potential Slippage c/f	(3,362)	(2,559)	(803)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(879)	(793)	(87)
Total Spend 2019/120	31,160	15,706	15,454
2020/21 Current Budget	44,171	34,307	9,864
Potential Slippage b/f	3,362	2,559	803
2020/21 Revised Budget	47,533	36,866	10,667
Potential Slippage c/f	(13,016)	(11,844)	(1,172)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(1,654)	(1,380)	(274)
Total Spend 2020/21	32,863	23,641	9,221
2021/22 Current Budget	18,439	12,103	6,337
Potential Slippage b/f	13,016	11,844	1,172
2021/22 Revised Budget	31,455	23,947	7,509
Potential Slippage c/f	(4,303)	(3,582)	(721)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(1,407)	(1,161)	(246)
Total Spend 2021/22	25,746	19,203	6,541
2022/23 Current Budget	12,220	9,078	3,142
Potential Slippage b/f	4,303	3,582	721
2022/23 Revised Budget	16,523	12,661	3,863
Potential Slippage c/f	(1,758)	(1,463)	(295)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(1,491)	(1,245)	(246)
Total Spend 2022/23	13,273	9,952	3,322
2023/24 Current Budget	24,371	22,046	2,325
Potential Slippage b/f	1,758	1,463	295
2023/24 Revised Budget	26,129	23,509	2,620
Potential Slippage c/f	(913)	(889)	(22)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(398)	(289)	(109)
Total Spend 2023/24	24,818	22,329	2,489

\* Funded by Merton refers to expenditure funded through capital receipts, revenue reserves and borrowing

#### Detailed Capital Programme 2020-24

Annex 3

Department	Scrutiny	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24	
Corporate Services						
Customer Policy and Improvement						
Customer Contact Programme	OSC	1,200	1,900	0	0	
<u>Facilities</u>						
Other Buildings - Capital Building Works	OSC	650	650	650	650	
Civic Centre Boilers	OSC	201	0	0	0	
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) System Rep.	OSC	0	0	0	450	
Absorption Chiller Replacement	OSC	0	0	0	275	
Civic Centre Cycle Parking	OSC	60	0	0	0	
Invest to Save schemes	SC	300	300	300	300	
IT Infrastructure						
Aligned Assets	OSC	0	75	0	0	
Environmental Asset Management	OSC	0	0	240	0	
Revenue and Benefits	OSC	400	0	0	0	
ePayments Project	OSC	157	0	0	0	
School Admission System	OSC	125	0	0	0	
Planning&Public Protection Sys	OSC	200	0	0	550	
Spectrum Spatial Analyst Repla	OSC	90	0	0	0	
Ancillary IT Systems	OSC	0	50	0	0	
Youth Justice IT Systems	OSC	85	0	0	0	
Replacement SC System	OSC	0	0	0	2,100	
Project General	OSC	390	870	705	770	
Network Switch Upgrade	OSC	0	0	200	0	
IT Equipment	OSC	120	100	100	0	
Resources						
Financial Systems	OSC	0	0	700	0	
Corporate						
Acquisitions Budget	OSC	0	0	0	6,985	
Capital Bidding Fund	OSC	0	0	0	1,186	
Multi-Functioning Device (MFC)	OSC	600	0	0	0	
Housing Company	OSC/SC	21,810	0	0	0	
Corporate Capital Contingency	OSC	0	0	0	4,800	
Total Corporate Services		26,388	3,945	2,895	18,067	

Please Note

1. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Better Care Fund

2. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Transport for London Grant

OSC = Overview and Scrutiny, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Heathier Communities and Older People

#### Detailed Capital Programme 2020-24 Continued.....

Annex 3

Department	Scrutiny	Scrutiny Budget 2020-21		Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24	
Community and Housing						
Housing						
Disabled Facilities Grant	SC/HCOP	280	280	280	280	
Learning Dsbility Aff Housing	SC/HCOP	488	633	462	145	
Libraries						
Library Self Service	SC	350	0	0	0	
Library Management System	SC	0	0	140	0	
Total Community and Housing		1,118	913	882	425	

Department	Scrutiny	ProposedProposedScrutinyBudget2020-21		Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24
Children, Schools and Families					
All Sectors					
Unallocated - Schools Capital maintenance	CYP	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900
Secondary					
Harris Academy Wimbledon New School	CYP	300	0	0	0
Special					
Melrose Primary SEMH annexe 16	CYP	CYP 1,500		0	0
Melrose Secondary SEMH 14 Places	СҮР	CYP 200		0	0
Harris Morden Sec Autism Unit	СҮР	CYP 1,288		0	0
Further SEN Provision	СҮР	188	0	0	0
Primary ASD base 1-20 places	СҮР	100	0	0	0
Secondary SEMH/medical PRU	СҮР	80	800	0	0
New ASD Provision	СҮР	250	450	0	0
Total Children, Schools and Families		5,806	3,900	1,900	1,900

Please Note

1. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Better Care Fund

2. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Transport for London Grant

OSC = Overview and Scrutiny, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Heathier Communities and Older People

#### **APPENDIX 6b**

#### Detailed Capital Programme 2020-24 Continued.....

Annex 3

Department	Scrutiny	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24
Environmental and Regeneration					
Public Protection and Development					
P&D machines for emission-based charging	SC	500	0	0	0
Car Park Upgrades	SC	681	766	0	0
CCTV cameras and infrastructure upgrade	SC	140	699	480	0
Public Protection and Developm	SC	0	35	0	0
Street Scene and Waste					
Replacement of Fleet Vehicles	SC	300	300	300	300
Envir. Imps - Mechanical Street Washer	SC	75	0	0	0
Alley Gating Scheme	SC	30	30	30	30
Replacement of Fleet Vehicles	SC	0	0	340	0
Sustainable Communities					
Street Tree Programme	SC	60	60	60	60
New street tree planting programme	SC	50	50	0	0
Street Lighting Replacement Prog.	SC	290	290	290	290
Traffic Schemes	SC	150	150	150	150
Surface Water Drainage	SC	69	69	69	69
Repairs to Footways	SC	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maintain AntiSkid and Coloured Surface	SC	70	70	70	70
Borough Roads Maintenance	SC	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Highways bridges & structures	SC	260	260	260	260
Culverts Upgrade	SC	250	250	0	0
Lost Rivers Repairs	SC	100	100	100	0
Mitcham Town Centre	SC	382	0	0	0
Regeneration - Canons - Parks for People	SC	1,000	533	0	0
Wimbledon Public Realm Implementation	SC	500	500	500	0
Morden TC Regeneration Match Funding	SC	2,000	2,500	1,000	0
Christmas Lighting	SC	95	0	0	0
Vacant Premises Upgrade	SC	25	0	0	0
Leisure Centre Plant & Machine	SC	250	250	250	250
Parks Investment	SC	300	300	300	300
Parks - Canons - Parks for People	SC	500	179	0	0
New interactive water play feature at Wimbledon Park	SC	226	0	0	0
Wimbledon Park Surfacing of top entrance car park	SC	40	0	0	0
Paddling Pools (borough wide) OPTION 1	SC	90	90	90	0
Paddling Pools (borough wide) OPTION 2	SC	226	0	0	0
Mortuary Provision	SC	0	0	54	0
Total Environmental and Regeneration		10,859	9,681	6,543	3,979
Total Capital		44,171	18,439	12,220	24,371

Please Note

1. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Better Care Fund

2. Excludes budgets relating to future year announcements of Transport for London Grant

OSC = Overview and Scrutiny, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Heathier Communities and Older People

#### **APPENDIX 6b**

#### Annex 4

#### <u>Growth/(Reductions) against Approved Programme 2020-23 and Indicative</u> <u>Programme 2023-24</u>

Department	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24
Corporate Services	60	0	(13,072)	13,546
Community and Housing	0	0	0	0
Children, Schools and Families	200	750	0	0
Environment and Regeneration	2,600	2,177	2,142	(28)
Total	2,860	2,927	(10,930)	13,518

Department	Proposed Budget 2020-21	Proposed Budget 2021-22	Proposed Budget 2022-23	Proposed Budget 2023-24	
Corporate Services					
Facilities	60	0	0	725	
IT Infrastructure	0	0	(100)	(151)	
Corporate	0	0	(12,972)	12,972	
Total Corporate Services	60	0	(13,072)	13,546	
Children, Schools and Families					
Special	200	750	0	0	
Total Children, Schools and Families	200	750	0	0	
Environmental and Regeneration					
Public Protection and Development	1,321	1,465	480	0	
Street Scene and Waste	75	0	0	0	
Sustainable Communities	1,204	712	1,662	(28)	
Total Environmental and Regeneration	2,600	2,177	2,142	(28)	
Total Capital	2,860	2,927	(10,930)	13,518	

#### **APPENDIX 6b**

#### Indicative Indicative Indicative Indicative Indicative Department Budget Budget Budget Budget Budget 2024-25 2025-26 2027-28 2028-29 2026-27 **Corporate Services** Customer Contact Programme OSC 0 1,000 1,000 1,000 0 Other Buildings - Capital Building Works OSC 650 650 650 650 650 OSC 300 Invest to Save schemes 300 300 300 300 Aligned Assets OSC 0 0 0 75 0 Environmental Asset Management OSC 0 0 0 250 0 Revenue and Benefits OSC 0 400 0 0 0 0 Capita Housing OSC 100 0 0 0 OSC 0 125 0 0 ePayments Project 0 0 0 School Admission System OSC 125 0 ( 0 Planning&Public Protection Sys OSC 0 0 0 550 Kofax Scanning OSC 0 0 0 100 0 0 Spectrum Spatial Analyst Repla OSC 0 0 2.00 0 OSC 0 0 Parking System 0 0 126 0 50 0 OSC 0 0 Ancillary IT Systems Youth Justice IT Systems OSC 100 0 0 0 0 Planned Replacement Programme OSC 1,405 1,060 970 1,005 770 OSC Financial Systems 0 0 0 0 700 Multi-Functioning Device (MFC) OSC 600 0 0 0 600 4,186 **Total Corporate Services** 3,055 2,970 3,570 3,280 **Community and Housing** Disabled Facilities Grant SC/HCOP 280 280 280 280 280 Library Self Service SC 0 350 0 0 0 0 0 Library Management System SC 0 140 0 630 280 280 420 280 **Total Community and Housing Children, Schools and Families** Unallocated - Schools Capital maintenance CYP 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1.900 1.900 1.900 1.900 1.900 Total Children, Schools and Families **Environmental and Regeneration** Pay and Display Machines 60 0 0 0 0 SC SC 0 0 35 0 0 Public Protection and Developmnt 300 300 300 300 300 Replacement of Fleet Vehicles SC 30 30 30 30 30 Alley Gating Scheme SC 0 42 0 Waste SLWP IT & Premises SC 0 0 Replacement of Fleet Vehicles SC 0 3,956 0 0 0 SC 60 60 60 60 60 Street Tree Programme 290 290 290 290 290 Street Lighting Replacement Pr SC 150 150 150 150 150 Traffic Schemes SC Surface Water Drainage SC 69 69 69 69 69 SC 1,000 1,000 Repairs to Footways 1,000 1,000 1,000 70 70 70 70 70 Maintain AntiSkid and Coloured Surface SC 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 SC Borough Roads Maintenance 260 260 260 260 SC 260 Highways bridges & structures 250 250 250 250 250 eisure Centre Plant & Machine SC SC Parks Investment 300 300 300 300 300 **Total Environmental and Regeneration** 4,039 7,977 4,014 3,979 3,979 Total Capital 9,274 14,693 9,164 9,579 9,729

#### Indicative Capital Programme 2024-29

Annex 5

DRAFT MTFS 2020-24:				
	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Departmental Base Budget 2019/20	152,567	152,567	152,567	152,567
Inflation (Pay, Prices)	3,743	7,485	11,228	14,971
Autoenrolment/Nat. ins changes	0	0	0	0
FYE – Previous Years Savings	(7,307)	(8,723)	(8,828)	(8,828)
FYE – Previous Years Growth	500	500	500	500
Amendments to previously agreed savings/growth	65	10	(75)	0
Change in Net Appropriations to/(from) Reserves	(279)	(306)	(369)	(399)
Revenuisation	0	0	0	0
Taxi card/Concessionary Fares	450	900	1,350	1,800
Change in depreciation/Impairment (Contra Other	0	0	0	0
Corporate items)				
Social Care - Additional Spend	2,229	2,426	2,422	2,422
Growth	9,727	8,431	9,157	10,082
Contribution towards DSG Deficit	0	0	0	0
Other	930	1,013	1,093	1,173
Re-Priced Departmental Budget	162,625	164,303	169,045	174,288
Treasury/Capital financing	9,739	11,218	12,513	12,565
Pensions	3,635	3,718	3,801	3,884
Other Corporate items	(20,168)	(20,616)	(20,193)	(20,542)
Levies	607	607	607	607
Sub-total: Corporate provisions	(6,187)	(5,073)	(3,272)	(3,486)
Sub-total: Repriced Departmental Budget +	156,438	159,230	165,772	170,801
Corporate Provisions	150,450	159,250	105,772	170,001
Savings/Income Proposals 2020/21	(2,319)	(3,510)	(3,635)	(3,635)
Sub-total	154,119	155,720	162,137	167,166
Appropriation to/from departmental reserves	(1,873)	(1,846)	(1,783)	(1,753)
Appropriation to/from Balancing the Budget Reserve	(8,645)	0	0	0
	4.42.004	450.074	400.054	405 440
	143,601	153,874	160,354	165,413
Funded by:				
Revenue Support Grant	0	0	0	0
Business Rates (inc. Section 31 grant)	(39,135)	(39,978)	(40,837)	(41,714)
Brexit Grant	0	0	0	0
Adult Social Care Grants inc. BCF	0	0	0	0
Social Care Grant - 2019/20	0	0	0	0
Social Care Grant - Spending Round 2019	0	0	0	0
PFI Grant	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)
New Homes Bonus	(1,304)	(1,008)	(800)	(800)
Council Tax inc. WPCC	(94,680)	(97,029)	(99,427)	(101,876)
Collection Fund – (Surplus)/Deficit	(825)	0	0	0
TOTAL FUNDING	(140,741)	(142,812)	(145,862)	(149,187)

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## **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	A series of Resources Division corporate savings (2020-21 CS 1-4, CS 16&17)
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Corporate Services/Resources

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Roger Kershaw. AD Resources
<ol> <li>What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria</li> <li>Correction</li> </ol>	Various savings in back office costs together with increased income from our cash deposits:- Right sizing charge to Pension Fund for Pension Manager time £24,000 Savings in Insurance Fund top up budget £70,000 Increase in Investment Income £100,000 Miscellaneous savings (eg. Subscriptions) £39,000 (20/21), (£10,000 21/21 onwards) Saving in Consultancy costs £20,000
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Assists with balancing the budget.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	None
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	None

#### Stage 2: Collecting evidence/ data

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

• An analysis of recent years spend and income data.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Brotected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick which	n applies	Reason
(Tequality group)	Positiv	ve impact	Poter	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
		-	negative	impact	
80	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		Х		X	
Disability		Х		Х	
Gender Reassignment		Х		Х	
Marriage and Civil		Х		X	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		X		Х	
Race		Х		Х	
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	
Sex (Gender)		Х		Х	
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	
Socio-economic status		Х		Х	

#### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

#### Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

#### 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

OUTCOME 1

Page

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OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	

OU.	тсоме	4

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service				
Assessment completed by	ted byRoger Kershaw, AD ResourcesSignature: Roger KershawDate: 7.10.19			
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service		Signature:	Date:	

## **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Housing Benefit Written Off Debt Recovery – 2020-21 CS4
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Corporate Services/Resources

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	David Keppler, Head of Revenues & Benefits
<ol> <li>What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your</li> <li>Droposal? (Also explain proposals</li> <li>g. reduction/removal of service,</li> <li>deletion of posts, changing criteria</li> <li>atc)</li> </ol>	To collect previously written off housing benefit overpayment debt by external agency following availability of improved data matching and available information. The exercise is targeting debts that were written off where we were unable to trace the debtor or where we were unable to collect as the debtor failed to communicate. The exercise does not include debts where the debtors were unable to pay due to affordability, vulnerability or compassionate reasons. Enforcement agents (bailiffs) are not being used and debtors are only being contacted by phone or written correspondence
How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Assists with balancing the budget.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Residents or ex residents who failed to pay housing benefit overpayments. The proposals assist the Council with making a balanced budget.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Yes – the collection of this debt is being undertaken by an external company (Civica On Demand) although the Revenues and Benefits Service has overall responsibility.

#### Stage 2: Collecting evidence/ data

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

• Initial results from the exercise which commenced in July 2019. The income collected so far has been through agreed payment arrangements with debtors or where we have applied a statutory attachment to earnings to recover the debt direct from the debtors salary. We are finding that with the new information now provided by the Department of Work and Pensions regarding debtors employers and earnings a good number of these debtors are now working and are in a position to repay the previously written off debts.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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Protected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick whic	h applies	Reason
(equality group)		ve impact	Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age				Yes	Due to the data provided it is not possible to identify any negative impact.
Disability				Yes	Due to the data provided it is not possible to identify t-if any debtors have any disabilities
Gender Reassignment					
Marriage and Civil					
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity					
Race				Yes	Due to the data provided it is not possible to identify the race of debtors
Religion/ belief					
Sex (Gender)				Yes	Due to the data provided it is not possible to identify any negative impact.
Sexual orientation					
Socio-economic status			Yes		Potentially some debtors may not be in a financial position to repay debts – consideration is given and income and expenditure assessments

undertaken to consider affordability			
		undertaken to consider affordability	

#### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Review affordability to repay debts where debtors claim they cannot afford payment arrangements	Income and expenditure	Review cases with contractor	On- going	Both	DK	Project plan

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

**Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis** 

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#### Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these

outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

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**OUTCOME 1** 





OUTCOME 3

**OUTCOME 4** 



Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service			
Assessment completed by	David Keppler, Head of Revenues & Benefits	Signature: David Keppler	Date: 3.10.19
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service		Signature:	Date:

## **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

	Back office savings in Customers, Policy and Improvement (2020-21 CS5, CS6) A series of Corporate Governance savings (2020-21 CS 13&14)
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Corporate Services/Resources

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Roger Kershaw. AD Resources
What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals a.g. reduction/removal of service, eletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	Customers, Policy and Improvement: Various savings in back office costs for 20/21:- Reduction in running costs across the Division £20,000 Community Engagement – Reduced running costs £8,000 Corporate Governance: Various savings in back office costs for 20/21:- Miscellaneous savings in running costs £24,000 Saving in Consultancy costs £10,000
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Assists with balancing the budget.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	None
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	None

### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

• An analysis of recent years spend and income data.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick which	applies	Reason
(dequality group)	Positiv	e impact	Poten	tial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
Ō		-	negative	impact	
$\rightarrow$	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age Disability		Х		Х	
Disability		Х		Х	
Gender Reassignment		Х		Х	
Marriage and Civil		Х		X	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		X		Х	
Race		Х		Х	
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	
Sex (Gender)		Х		Х	
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	
Socio-economic status		Х		Х	

#### Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact 7.

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

# **Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis**

## Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) -81 'age

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

$\frac{1}{2}$				
06	OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4
	X			

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service						
Assessment completed by	Roger Kershaw, AD Resources	Signature: Roger Kershaw	Date: 9.10.19			
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service		Signature:	Date:			

# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Staffing Establishment Reduction in Customer Experience & Communications (CS7)
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Customers, Policy & Improvement

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Sophie Ellis, Assistant Director of Customers, Policy & Improvement
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	The proposal is to reduce the staffing establishment in Customer Experience & Communications by 2 x FTE. This is expected to be enabled through the integration of services leading to greater efficiency and use of resources and the implementation of the Customer Contact Strategy.
07	Work to identify which posts will be part of further reviews and reorganisations of the service as the benefits of more integrated, generic working and automating customer contact emerge over the coming year.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The proposal supports the theme of Corporate Capacity by ensuring the department offers support to the organisation in the most efficient way.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners,	The reduction will be possible as a result of more efficient and streamlined arrangements being put in place for residents to contact the council. Therefore there is not expected to be any detrimental impact on residents and service users.
stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Whilst ostensibly this proposal involves a reduction in staffing, the service will seek to mitigate the impact of this on staff by exploiting opportunities as vacancies arise naturally.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Responsibility is not shared; though departments will need to be fully consulted as the service is delivered on behalf of the organisation as a whole.

### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The budget available to the department and division going forward. Lean reviews of elements of the service that indicate potential for efficiency and streamlining which are now being implemented. Analysis of current tasks and volumes as part of the development of a business case for the reorganization of CPI in 2019.

It is not possible to undertake further more detailed analysis on impact on staff at this stage as the detailed proposals have not yet been established.

#### ບ ໝ ເວີstage 3: Assessing impact and analysis ຫ

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- From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick which	applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Poter	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		Х		Х	
Disability		Х		Х	
Gender Reassignment		Х	-	Х	
Marriage and Civil		Х		Х	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		Х		Х	
Race		Х		Х	
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	
Sex (Gender)		Х		Х	
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	
Socio-economic status		Х		Х	

# 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
To be determined on development of a detailed business case	Detailed EIA to be developed	EIA	Sept 2020	Existing	Head of CE&C	Yes

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

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Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

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# 9. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

OUTCOME 1



**OUTCOME 2** 

**OUTCOME 3** 

#### OUTCOME 4



Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service						
Assessment completed by	Sophie Ellis, AD Business Improvement	Signature:	Date: 10/11/15			

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ He	ad of Service		APPENDIX 2
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Add name/ job title	Signature:	Date:



# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings Reference numbers CS8, CS9 and CS12 which are to be delivered across the period 2020/23. These have all been assessed as not having any potential equalities impact implications.
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Corporate Services – Infrastructure & Technology Division

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Mark Humphries, Assistant Director Infrastructure & Technology
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals	CS8 – Reduction in operating costs on the Councils corporate buildings, by moving from planned maintenance to statutory minimum, fix on fail with work only being undertaken where repairs directly affect the safety, security or weather proofing of a building.
खि.g. reduction/removal of service, Beletion of posts, changing criteria ट्रोट)	CS9 – Reduction in the operating cost for the corporate cleaning contract, which will be delivered through a review of the current specification and a reduction in the level and frequency of cleaning within the corporate buildings.
	CS12 – Cancel lease agreement on two Council vehicles to reduce operating costs. The vans are used to transport equipment and materials around the borough, and this will result in a significant reduction in the level of service and subsequent delays in completing urgent service affecting repairs.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The reduction in operating costs are required in order to meet the requirements of the Council's wider MTFS.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are	CS8 – No direct impact on any specific individuals or groups, but there will be a gradual reduction in the condition and working environment of the operational buildings.
the external/internal customers, communities, partners,	CS9 – No direct impact on any specific individuals or groups, but staff and visitors within the corporate buildings will notice the reduction in the level and frequency of cleaning as a result of the reduction.
stakeholders, the workforce etc.	CS12 - No direct impact on any specific individuals or groups, but there will be a reduction in the time taken to complete repairs and deal with service affecting faults at the operational buildings.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	No

### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

In the main, the proposals relate to general reductions in the level of internal support services provided across the Council, and therefore do not have any direct impact on any specific individuals or groups. Whilst there is no specific evidence available to support this assumption, historically the reductions made in previous years have not been found to have created any such problems or issues.

# Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

Page From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick which	applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	ve impact	Poter	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		Х		Х	None.
Disability		Х		X	None.
Gender Reassignment		X		Х	None.
Marriage and Civil		Х		Х	None.
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		Х		Х	None.
Race		Х		Х	None.
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	None.
Sex (Gender)		Х		Х	
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	None.
Socio-economic status		Х		Х	None.

# 7. If you have identified a negative impact, how do you plan to mitigate it?

**APPENDIX 2** 

None identified

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## Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

- 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal
- X Outcome 1 The EA has not identified any potential for discrimination or negative impact and all opportunities to promote equality are being addressed. No changes are required.

**Outcome 2** – The EA has identified adjustments to remove negative impact or to better promote equality. Actions you propose to take to do this should be included in the Action Plan.

**Outcome 3** – The EA has identified some potential for negative impact or some missed opportunities to promote equality and it may not be possible to mitigate this fully. If you propose to continue with proposals you must include the justification for this in Section 10 below, and include actions you propose to take to remove negative impact or to better promote equality in the Action Plan. You must ensure that your proposed action is in line with the PSED to have 'due regard' and you are advised to seek Legal Advice.

Outcome 4 – The EA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. Stop and rethink your proposals.

# Stage 5: Improvement Action Pan

# 9. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is Important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

**S**tage 6: Reporting outcomes

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### **10. Summary of the equality analysis**

This section can also be used in your decision making reports (CMT/Cabinet/etc) but you must also attach the assessment to the report, or provide a hyperlink

This Equality Analysis has resulted in an Outcome	<u>1</u>	Assessment

As a result of completing this equalities analysis it has been determined that there will not be any direct adverse impact on any particular group as a result of implementing the proposed savings.

# APPENDIX 2

Stage 7: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service						
Assessment completed by	Mark Humphries – Assistant Director Infrastructure & Technology	Signature: Mark Humphries	Date: 03/10/19			
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Caroline Holland	Signature:	Date:			

# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings reference numbers CS10 and CS11 for the period 2020/23. These have all been assessed as potentially having equalities impact implications.
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Corporate Services – Infrastructure & Technology Division

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Mark Humphries, Assistant Director Infrastructure & Technology
What are the aims, objectives And desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals a.g. reduction/removal of service,	CS10 – Restructure of the Transactional Services team to reduce operating costs, which will result in the loss of 3 FTE posts. This will result in a reduction of capacity within the team and will increase the time taken to produce and process Accounts Payable and Receivable invoices.
-deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	CS11 – Restructure of the Commercial Services team to reduce operating costs, which will result in the loss of 1 FTE post. This will result in a reduction of capacity within the team to provide the specialist technical advice and support on the Councils procurement activities.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The reduction in operating costs are required in order to meet the requirements of the Council's wider MTFS.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners,	CS10 – The proposed restructure and subsequent deletion of 3 posts will have a direct impact on staff, but the potential for any adverse impact on any particular protected group will be mitigated through the use of the Councils agreed procedures for Managing Organisational change.
stakeholders, the workforce etc.	CS11 - The proposed restructure and subsequent deletion of 3 posts will have a direct impact on staff, but the potential for any adverse impact on any particular protected group will be mitigated through the use of the Councils agreed procedures for Managing Organisational change.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	No

### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

Whilst there is potential for savings proposals CS10 and CS11 to have an adverse impact on a particular protected group this will be mitigated by managing the process using the Councils agreed procedures for Managing Organisational change.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic		ich applies	Tick whicl	n applies	Reason
Requality group)	Positive impact		Potential		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
<u> </u>	Yes	No	Yes	No	
- <del>A</del> ge		Х		Χ	None.
Disability		Х		X	None.
Gender Reassignment		Х		X	None.
Marriage and Civil		Х		Х	None.
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		Х		Х	None.
Race		Х		Х	None.
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	None.
Sex (Gender)		Х	X		A large percentage of the Transactional Services team are female staff and therefore the proposed reduction in posts has the potential to impact female staff more than males.
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	None.
Socio-economic status		Х		Х	None.

The restructuring process will be undertaken in accordance with Councils 'Managing Organisational Change' procedures which will mitigate any potential negative impact.

# Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

Page

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**Outcome 1** – The EA has not identified any potential for discrimination or negative impact and all opportunities to promote equality are being addressed. No changes are required.

X Outcome 2 – The EA has identified adjustments to remove negative impact or to better promote equality. Actions you propose to take to do this should be included in the Action Plan.

**Outcome 3** – The EA has identified some potential for negative impact or some missed opportunities to promote equality and it may not be possible to mitigate this fully. If you propose to continue with proposals you must include the justification for this in Section 10 below, and include actions you propose to take to remove negative impact or to better promote equality in the Action Plan. You must ensure that your proposed action is in line with the PSED to have 'due regard' and you are advised to seek Legal Advice.

Outcome 4 - The EA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. Stop and rethink your proposals.

# Stage 5: Improvement Action Pan

# 9. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
A large percentage of the Transactional Services team are female staff and therefore the proposed reduction in posts has the potential to impact female staff more than males.	The restructuring process will be undertaken in accordance with Councils 'Managing Organisational Change' procedures which will mitigate any potential negative impact.	Whether the decision to appoint is subject to any challenge or appeal relating to inequality.	March 2021	Existing	MH	No

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Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is more than the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

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# **B**tage 6: Reporting outcomes

### 10. Summary of the equality analysis

This section can also be used in your decision making reports (CMT/Cabinet/etc) but you must also attach the assessment to the report, or provide a hyperlink

This Equality Analysis has resulted in an Outcome	<u>2</u>	Assessment

As a result of completing this equalities analysis it has been determined that there is potential for an adverse impact on a particular protected group as a result of implementing the proposed savings, but that this will be mitigated as a result of managing the process through the Councils agreed procedure for 'Managing Organisational Change'.

# APPENDIX 2

Stage 7: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service					
Assessment completed by	Mark Humphries – Assistant Director Infrastructure & Technology	Signature: Mark Humphries	Date: 03/10/19		
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Caroline Holland	Signature:	Date:		



# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-01: Review of CSF Admin Structure
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF/Children's Social Care/Youth Inclusion and Education.

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Rachael Wardell, El Mayhew, Jane McSherry.
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria (0)	<ul> <li>With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of MOSAIC and a focus on reduced education and social care core functions we will redesign our administrative workforce across what will be a smaller directorate while dealing with increasing demands.</li> <li>CSF has various business, finance and performance support functions across a number of numerous services. These functions are carried out either by dedicated business support staff or are integrated within other roles. The aim of the review is to understand whether the current set up is efficient, cost effective and delivers good value to the department.</li> <li>The review will cover all roles which carry out functions related to business, finance and performance support.</li> <li>The work will cover roles across both divisions (Education and Social Care &amp; Youth Inclusion), although it is recognised that a review has recently been completed for SC&amp;YI, the outputs of which are already being implemented. The findings and outcomes of this review will be taken into consideration, so as not to duplicate this work. However, further changes are not ruled out.</li> </ul>
	A reduction of approx. 8 posts from a total of 65FTE is anticipated. (This is a smaller number of reductions than originally envisaged, as a result of the outputs of the review work already conducted).
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	<ul> <li>This proposal contributes to the councils' corporate priorities in ensuring we manage our resources to provide value for money, high standards of governance, financial and budget management.</li> <li>The desired outcomes of the review are:</li> <li>More joined up provision of performance information and data across the department</li> </ul>

	APPENDIX 2
	<ul> <li>Reduced duplication of work</li> <li>Increased efficiency and effectiveness of the business, finance and performance support functions across CSF services</li> <li>Improved resilience of the business support function</li> <li>Release capacity for other work or deliver financial savings</li> </ul>
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Less resource and flexibility to meet increasing demands may lead to a risk of decreased timeliness of response to customers and potentially reduced support for vulnerable children and young people, although the primary impact is likely to be (initially) on colleagues and partners who will have to undertake more 'self-service' and may experience reduced response times.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	This is wholly a Children's Schools and Families workforce.

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Stage 2: Collecting evidence/ data	

# 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

We know the staff in this cohort likely to be affected by any reduction in the number and distribution of business support roles. Understanding of equality and diversity impact of any proposal to reduce the numbers of posts forms part of the HR process of service redesign. We have not been able to identify and quantify the predicted impact on colleagues, external stakeholders and service users, as the underlying principle is to seek to be more efficiently organised, rather than to reduce any service provision, but an evaluation of impact forms part of the review.

# Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

<b>•</b> • • • • • • • •			<b>T T T T T T T T T T</b>		APPENDIX 2
Protected characteristic		ich applies	Tick whic		
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Pote	ntial	
		•	negative	e impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age				*	
Disability				*	
Gender Reassignment				*	
Marriage and Civil				*	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity				*	
Race				*	
Religion/ belief				*	
Sex (Gender)				*	
Sexual orientation				*	
Socio-economic status				*	

# 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (g) panding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Alegative impact/ gap in -information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

# 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal



Assessment completed by	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature:	Date: 8-10-2019
		BAWardell	
mprovement action plan updated and signed off by pirector/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: DAWardell	Date: 8-10-2019

# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-02: Establish more cost effective Merton independent living provision
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF/Children's Social Care and Youth Inclusion

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Rachael Wardell/El Mayhew.
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	<ul> <li>The proposal is to develop housing pathways for care leavers (including but not limited to shared accommodation, floating support) to replace the semi-independent accommodation currently commonly used, which is high cost and not conducive to improving young, care experienced adults' independence.</li> <li>This should lead to:         <ul> <li>Care leavers who are more independent and who have access to a wider variety of housing options to meet their individual needs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	A reduction in the spend on supported housing for care leavers
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	This addresses our corporate priorities by helping us to meet our statutory duties to care leavers and by assisting us to operate within a balanced budget.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Our 'customers' for this proposal are our care experienced young adults (care leavers), and the 14+ Team and others who support them. The proposals will benefit care leavers through increased independence and choice, and the council through reduced costs.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	This work will need to be conducted in collaboration with the Council's Housing Service, with local social and private landlords.

### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

List the type of evidence (data, results of consultation, research, etc) and analysis of what this evidence tells you regarding the impact on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

Demographic information about age, gender and race of care leavers, who are the group affected by these proposals, which leads us to conclude that some protected characteristics are over-represented among care leavers.

What impact has this evidence had on what you are proposing? This hasn't changed the overall proposal as the intention is to support independence (which is a positive objective) through developing appropriate and cost effective alternatives to semi-independent accommodation, however, it has highlighted the need to take an individual approach when working with each care leave to determine the most appropriate accommodation options to meet their needs, within the council's budget, and to be particularly aware of each care experienced young adult's <u>re</u>adiness for independence.

there are gaps in data (for example information not being available) you may have to address this by including plans to generate this information within your action plan.

# Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick whic	h applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Pote		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	e impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	x		x		The proposal is focused on care leavers, who are older children and young adults with care experience. Therefore, this affects a very specific age group. There are positive benefits, in that young adults will have greater choice of accommodation that meets their needs, however it is possible that some young people may find it harder to have their needs met and / or that the availability of choice leads to indecision or housing disruption.

Disability       X       X         Gender Reassignment       X         Marriage and Civil Partnership       X         Pregnancy and Maternity       X         Race       X         X       X         Y       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X         X       X	n are over- re, this
Marriage and Civil       X         Partnership       X         Pregnancy and Maternity       X         Race       x       x         X       The proposal is focused on care leavers. Within this group, who were formerly unaccompanied asylum-seeking childre represented, compared to the borough population. Therefo proposal may disproportionately affect more young people white British. There are positive benefits, in that young adu greater choice of accommodation that meets their needs, h possible that some young people may find it harder to have met and / or that the availability of choice leads to indecisio disruption.         Religion/ belief       X         Sex (Gender)       x	n are over- re, this
Partnership       X         Pregnancy and Maternity       X         Race       x       x         X       X         Race       x       x         X       X       The proposal is focused on care leavers. Within this group, who were formerly unaccompanied asylum-seeking childre represented, compared to the borough population. Therefo proposal may disproportionately affect more young people white British. There are positive benefits, in that young adu greater choice of accommodation that meets their needs, h possible that some young people may find it harder to have met and / or that the availability of choice leads to indecisio disruption.         Religion/ belief       X         Sex (Gender)       x       x	n are over- re, this
RacexxxThe proposal is focused on care leavers. Within this group, who were formerly unaccompanied asylum-seeking childre represented, compared to the borough population. Therefo proposal may disproportionately affect more young people white British. There are positive benefits, in that young adu greater choice of accommodation that meets their needs, h possible that some young people may find it harder to have met and / or that the availability of choice leads to indecisio disruption.Religion/ beliefXSex (Gender)xxx	n are over- re, this
who were formerly unaccompanied asylum-seeking childre represented, compared to the borough population. Therefo proposal may disproportionately affect more young people white British. There are positive benefits, in that young adu 	n are over- re, this
Sex (Gender) x x The proposal is focused on care leavers. Within this group,	lts will have lowever it is le their needs
proposal may disproportionately affect more young men. The positive benefits, in that young adults will have greater choir accommodation that meets their needs, however it is possi young people may find it harder to have their needs met an availability of choice leads to indecision or housing disruption	erefore, this here are ice of ble that some id / or that the
Bexual orientation X	
Socio-economic status x	

# 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
The possibility of negative consequences of the reduction in use of semi-independent accommodation for some care leavers for whom this would be a better fit to their needs.	Take a needs led approach to each placement decision, based on young people's choice and developing independent.	Working with care leavers' personal advisers and in discussion with care leavers themselves.	Ongoing on a YP by YP basis	Existing	HoS Care Leavers	Yes

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Hote that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is apportant the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

# Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

# 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**OUTCOME 1** 

OUTCOME 2

OUTCOME 3

OUTCOME 4

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# APPENDIX 2

Assessment completed by	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature:	Date: 08-10-2019
		Stowarde	U
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature:	Date: 08-10-2019

# **Equality Impact Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out an Equality Analysis. Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Early Help Service redesign – setting up a new Family Wellbeing Service
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF (CSF2019-03)

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Allison Jones
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your Droposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc.)	<ul> <li>1.1 A reshape of Merton's Early Help offer is required in order to ensure that CSF continues to deliver an ambitious programme of transformation, meeting its priorities, objectives and savings targets, so that services meet the needs of families in accordance with the MFWBM and that there is assurance of demonstrable and quantifiable outcomes in relation to family wellbeing.</li> <li>1.2 There is acknowledgement that the current offer is fragmented, that there is scope for improvement and that there is room for significant efficiencies to be found, contributing to the overall departmental savings targets and mitigating the impact of significant loss of funding via the Troubled Families DCLG programme.</li> <li>1.3 A reshape in the way proposed will support the reduction of families requiring higher cost provision within the statutory services.</li> <li>1.4 Swift and easy access to Early Help Information, Advice and Guidance (IAG) and Family Wellbeing (FWB) services, reducing the pressures on MASH and more costly child protection services</li> <li>1.5 Improved outcomes for families and evidence of impact</li> <li>1.6 Deliver efficiencies / savings</li> <li>1.7 Mitigate the impact as a result of loss of significant grant funding</li> <li>1.8 Deliver aspirations within TOM and key strategic priorities</li> <li>1.9 Whole systems approach to Family Wellbeing underpinned by value for money and maximising resources/opportunities across the multi-agency networks/agencies</li> <li>1.10</li> <li>To review and redesign Merton's EH offer, to include the range of functions held within the following teams directly managed by LBM; 0-5 SFT, Bond Road Family Assessment</li> </ul>

	APPENDIX 2 Service, Transforming Families and PEIP, SEND Short Breaks, former VCT Posts x 1, Early Years posts Practice Development, Information Assistants and Business Support
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The reshaped service contributes significantly to giving our children and young people the best start in life and is a key component of our Child, YP and Family Well Being Model, the Children and Young People Plan and the Health and Well-being strategy. It contributes significantly to our MSCP priorities of Early Help; Think Family and Contextual Safeguarding. This proposal is contributing to the councils' corporate priorities which are:
	Resilient Merton
	Collaborative Merton
	Smart Merton Ambitious Merton
	Our proposals contribute to these priorities and aim to deliver across these 4 areas. With a particular focus on Resilient, Collaborative and Ambitious Merton and maximising our use of ICT and new ways of working so that all or work is "SMART"
	The way Merton works to deliver against these priorities is important, and the following three things have been identified that motivate all of us to deliver:
Dace 13	Customers - We want to know our customers and provide the very best service for them
	Pride - We take personal pride in what we do, in working for Merton and pride in Merton the place
	<b>Team</b> - We actively work to support our colleagues to be the best team and look for ways to work with partners beyond the council to improve Merton the place
	Corporately, these are Merton's strengths as an organisation – they frame how we work to achieve our aspirations. The proposals will embed these key priorities and motivational aspects into our reshaping and future planning.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example, who are	External: families with children and young people living in the London borough of Merton aged
the external/internal customers,	between 0 – 25 and Multi agency partners (communities and partners)

communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	APPENDIX 2 Internal: CSF Staff, colleagues across the organisation and statutory partners (stakeholders) Workforce directly affected: See business case and associated appendices and documents.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	This proposal directly affects staff and their teams who currently work in CSF across the two divisions of Social Care and Education, however it is recognised that it will impact differently across various teams in CSF, wider LBM services (ie adult services, housing, Safer Merton) communities and stakeholders. The overall responsibility is with the Director of CSF. The overarching aim is to improve access to appropriate services and follow on improved outcomes for families, many of whom have protected characteristics within this EIA.

## 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

We have a range of data sets about the workforce as well as information from the existing services which help identify need, vulnerability and risk. We have considered and taken into account relevant factors with regards to the overall impact of this proposal.

# Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick whic	h applies	Reason
Qequality group)	Positiv	e impact	Pote		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
Å Å			negative		
<b>Te</b>	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age ယ ယ	/				Service Users Positive impact The age criteria for access to services will be increasing overall supporting families with children across a wider age range Negative impact Due to the widened age range for the new service, and level of savings required, there will be a possible shift of resource from families with younger children presenting at a lower level of need to accommodate the wider age range and the tighter eligibility criteria. Staffing
					57% of the work force is represented by staff who are aged between 45 and over 55. This proposal therefore affects a higher number of staff within these age categories.
Disability	/			/	Service Users Positive impact Increased coordination for families via the new service, (it is proposed that there will be improved coordination for families with children/young people

				APPENDIX 2 with disabilities) as well as improved access to early help services for this cohort, which also includes children with SEN.
				<u>Staffing</u> Self-reported information taken from ITRENT shows that 2% of the workforce have a disability
Gender Reassignment				Not known
Marriage and Civil Partnership				Not known
Pregnancy and Maternity	/	1		<u>Service Users</u> <u>Positive impact</u> The new service will provide access to a range of services and support that more clearly defines the sign posting, brokerage and early help offer for families who are pregnant and in both the antenatal and the post-natal phase. <u>Negative Impact</u> As the majority of service users are mothers/women, it is possible that this proposal may impact more negatively on this group. <u>Staffing</u> 86% of the workforce are women, and the majority of these are over the age of 45. However, 43% of the total workforce (male and female) are under the age of 45.
Race/ethnicity		C		<u>Service Users</u> No anticipated impact for service users. Data and analysis will be reviewed on a quarterly basis to ensure that services are representative of the local community and that there is representation from across all groups in line with expectations/previous figures and population profiles <u>Staffing</u> 36% of the staff are BME
Religion/ belief		<b>V</b>	/	<u>Service Users</u> No anticipated impact <u>Staffing</u> 52% of staff classify themselves as religious and 48% prefer not to say
Sex (Gender)	/	/		Service users - parents Evidence shows that the highest proportion of adult service users are women/mothers and any change to delivery model may have a positive impact: Positive impact

	T		1	APPENDIX 2
				APPENDIX 2 The new service will provide access to a range of services and support that more clearly defines the sign posting, brokerage and early help offer for families
U Sexual orientation Socio-economic status		1		Negative Impact - parents         Evidence shows that the highest proportion of adult service users are women/mothers and any change to delivery model may have a negative impact due to a possible overall reduction in the capacity/volume of the new service for families presenting with additional needs.         Negative impact - children and young people         Evidence shows that the highest proportion of children/young people service users are males and any change to delivery model may have a negative impact due to a possible overall reduction in the capacity/volume of the new service for children/young people and their families presenting with additional needs.         Staffing         86% of staff classify as female. Therefore this proposal proportionately effects more female staff than male staff.         Not known         Service users - Proportionately more families with lower socio economic status are represented in early help services and the redesigned service will aim to continue to work with those families presenting with the highest level of need.
				Positive impact The new service will provide access to a range of services and support that more clearly defines the sign posting, brokerage and early help offer for families from particular socio economic groups
				<u>Negative Impact</u> Any change to delivery model may have a negative impact due to a possible overall reduction in the capacity/volume of the new service for families presenting with additional needs.
				Staffing Data not collected/unknown

# **APPENDIX 2**

# 7. If you have identified a negative impact, how do you plan to mitigate it?

Summarise actions you plan to mitigate the negative impact(s) identified above. Detail for these actions should be included in the Improvement Action Plan (Section 9 below).

In accordance with the project plan the project board and associated task groups will ensure that equality considerations are at the forefront of service redesign and transformation.

There will be ongoing workforce development, consultation and community engagement activity with staff, key stakeholders and the community throughout the duration on the service redesign which will contribute to mitigating the possible negative impact of the reshaped offer for any groups who have protected characteristics, in accordance with the project aims

# Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)
 Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**Outcome 1** – The EA has not identified any potential for discrimination or negative impact and all opportunities to promote equality are being addressed. No changes are required.

Outcome 2 – The EA has identified adjustments to remove negative impact or to better promote equality. Actions you propose to take to do this should be included in the Action Plan.

**Outcome 3** – The EA has identified some potential for negative impact or some missed opportunities to promote equality and it may not be possible to mitigate this fully. If you propose to continue with proposals you must include the justification for this in Section 10 below, and include actions you propose to take to remove negative impact or to better promote equality in the Action Plan. You must ensure that your proposed action is in line with the PSED to have 'due regard' and you are advised to seek Legal Advice.

Outcome 4 – The EA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. Stop and rethink your proposals.

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# **Stage 5: Improvement Action Pan**

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# Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).



Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or addition al resourc es?	Lead AfficeNI	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Age/pregnancy maternity/sex (gender)/socio economic status	Clear referral pathways in place Assessment process gathers data so that equalities can be monitored and considered/embedded within the family plan Published criteria for access to service Multi - agency working/consultation Regular review of service through continuous improvement framework and auditing of threshold application Communication - new service offer is easily available in variety of formats so that all stakeholders and families are aware of the offer and how to access New proposed posts to provide improved information, advice and guidance for families and professionals so that brokerage and local signposting can take place and there is greater utilisation of universal provision across communities supporting family wellbeing	Practice and service standards and dashboard information Performance measures Analysis of performance data Case auditing Embedding the cycle of Continues Improvement Reporting to various Boards/Partnerships Supervision and appraisals User voice feedback	From June 2019 – March 2020 in phase 1 and ongoing as part of usual managemen t and performance monitoring of a service.	Existing	Allison Jones	Contained within the project plan

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	Embedding the new practice model			
	Embedding a cycle of continuous improvement			
	Ensuring data is accurate and all family characteristics are recorded so that usage and take up can be reviewed, analysed and service improvements made as required			
	Workforce development programme delivered Recruitment and selection processes are adhered to			
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Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore, it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 6: Reporting outcomes

# **10. Summary of the equality analysis**

This section can also be used in your decision-making reports (CMT/Cabinet/etc..) but you must also attach the assessment to the report, or provide a hyperlink

This Equality Analysis has resulted in an Outcome 2 Assessment			
Please include here a summary of the key findings of your assessment.			
<ul> <li>What are the key impacts – both negative and positive – you have identified?</li> </ul>			
Are there any groups affected more than others?			
What course of action are you advising as a result of this assessment?			

People Management Toolkit March 2017

If your EA is assessed as Outcome 3 and you suggest to proceeding with your proposals although a negative impact has been identified that may not be possible to fully mitigate, explain your justification with full reasoning.

As above and in accordance with the project plan and ongoing task and finish groups will inform service developments and opportunities in relation to this assessment.

APPENDIX 2 Stage 7: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service					
Assessment completed by	Allison Jones Head of Service Early Years, Childcare and Children's Centres	Signature:	Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> July 2019		
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Jane McSherry Assistant Director Education	Signature:	Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> July 2019		

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What are the proposals being assessed?	CSF2019-04 - Proposed Savings: Review of the current Permanency and 14+ Service
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Children Schools and Families – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion
1. What are the aims, objectives Using desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	To review the Permanency and 14+ Services with a view to establishing a defined service for care leavers that: - fulfils the Council's statutory duties to care leavers - reflects the Council's changing relationship with eligible young people as they move into adulthood - makes best use of available budget Legislation and statutory guidance requires eligible care experienced young people, aged over 18 years, to be provided with a Personal Advisor, a Pathway Plan and support services. Personal Advisors are required to have sufficient knowledge and experience to perform their role but do not require a social work qualification. As a result, the salary for a Personal Advisor is lower than that of a qualified Social Worker. At present there are eligible, care experienced young people in Merton whose Personal Advisor role is being fulfilled by a qualified Social Worker. The current service for eligible care experienced young people in Merton is provided by the 14+ Service. This is resourced by qualified Social Workers and Personal Advisors. The proposal is to review the services for children in care and eligible care experienced young people so that: - eligible care experienced young people so that: - eligible care experienced young people aged over 18 years will be supported by a Personal Advisor - only young people under 18 years will be supported by a qualified Social Worker
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	This proposed review contributes to the council's corporate priorities in ensuring we manage our resources to provide value for money, high standards of governance, financial and budget management.

	The desired outcomes of the review are to provide a value for money service for care leavers, with appropriate support to match their levels of independence and to deliver financial savings.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers,	Eligible care experienced young people may be affected by the review and any proposed changes to how they are individually and collectively supported by the Council.
communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Social Workers currently acting as Personal Advisors in the 14+ and Permanency Services may be affected by this review and any proposals to resource the service to care leavers with Personal Advisors, although the level of social work vacancies in the service overall makes it likely that other social work roles can be offered.
4. Is the responsibility shared with	No. The proposal relates only to CSF – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion
another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	

# ⊕ ⊕ ♣. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

We know that the Social Workers in the 14+ Service will be affected by the proposed review of the need for qualified Social worker posts in a service for care leavers where the workforce can comprise Personal Advisers. Equality and diversity impacts will be considered as part of the proposed review. Following completion of the review, further consideration of the equality and diversity impact of any proposal to delete qualified Social Worker posts would form part of the HR process of any service redesign and the relevant HR processes would be applied equally across the workforce.

All eligible care experienced young people are within a defined aged bracket of 18 – 25 years. Males and young people of Black, Asian and minority ethnic groups are over represented in the group of eligible care experienced young people (Source: Children, Schools and Families DMT Dashboard August 2019: Males 64%; BAME 64%). Equality and diversity impacts will be considered as part of the review.

As the underlying principle of the review is to seek to use workforce resources more efficiently, rather than to reduce any service provision, further evaluation of impact on care experienced young people and the workforce forms part of the proposed review.

### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic		ch applies	Tick whic		Reason
(equality group)	Positive impact		Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	X		X		<b>Positive:</b> Opportunity to consider how eligible care experienced young people might be supported by Personal Advisors from a wider professional and experiential background. <b>Negative:</b> Impact of potential changes on stability and wellbeing of young people.
Disability				Х	
Gender Reassignment				Х	
Marriage and Civil				Х	
Pregnancy and Maternity				X	
-Race △	X		X	2	<b>Positive:</b> Opportunity to consider how eligible care experienced young people from BAME groups might be supported by Personal Advisors from a wider professional and experiential background. <b>Negative:</b> Impact of potential changes on stability and wellbeing of young people from BAME groups who are over represented in Merton's care experienced group of young people.
Religion/ belief				Х	
Sex (Gender)	X		×		<ul> <li>Positive: Opportunity to consider how eligible care experienced young men might be supported by Personal Advisors from a wider professional and experiential background.</li> <li>Negative: Impact of potential changes on stability and wellbeing of young men who are over represented in Merton's care experienced group of young people.</li> </ul>
Sexual orientation				Х	
Socio-economic status				Х	

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Voices of eligible care experienced young people	Consultation with eligible care experienced young people	Completion of survey / young people's engagement group	30.11.19	Existing	Head of Service, 14+ and Permanency Services	Yes
Views and opinions of 14+ and Permanency workforce	Review and workforce engagement	Task & Finish groups	30.11.19	Existing	Head of Service, 14+ and Permanency Services	Yes

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Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

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8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4
X			
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	lead of Service		
Assessment completed by စ္	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Child Social Care & Youth Inclusion	dren's Signature: El Mayhew	Date: 07-10-2019
Content action plan signed Loff by Director/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature:	Date: 08-10-2019



What are the proposals being assessed?	CSF2019-05 - Proposed Savings: Full Year Effect of the Transfer of the Adoption Team to Adopt London South
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Children Schools and Families – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion

	Stage 1: Overview						
	Name and job title of lead officer	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion					
ŝ	1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria	In March 2016, the government announced changes to the delivery of adoption services proposing that all local authorities' adoption services be delivered on a regionalised basis by 2020. The government reinforced their policy ambition through legislative provisions in the Education and Adoption Act 2016. The effect of this legislation is to require local authorities to join together to form regional adoption agencies.					
	P <sub>etc)</sub> ∠ √	In line with the legislation, Merton's Adoption Team functions, staff and budget transferred to the Adopt London South Regional Adoption Agency on 1 July 2019 with a transitionary phase until 1 September 2019.					
		The transfer of Merton's Adoption Team functions and statutory duties to the Adopt London South Regional Adoption Agency aims to:					
		Comply with the Education and Adoption Act 2016					
		<ul> <li>Increase the number of prospective adopters recruited</li> <li>Increase the number of children adopted</li> </ul>					
		Reduce the length of time children wait to be adopted					
		<ul> <li>Improve post-adoption support services to families who have adopted children from care</li> <li>Realise savings from regionalisation efficiencies, increased effectiveness and economies of scale</li> </ul>					
	2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The transfer of Merton's Adoption Team functions and duties to Adopt London South contributes to the Council's corporate priorities in ensuring we manage our resources to provide value for money, high standards of governance, financial and budget management.					

	The desired outcomes of the regionalisation of adoption services are to provide a value for money service for children requiring adoption, prospective adopters and children who have been adopted from care, with appropriate support to match their levels of need and to deliver financial savings.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners,	Children requiring adoption, prospective adopters, children adopted from care, birth parents / families and approved adopters may be affected by the regionalisation of adoption services and changes to how they are individually and collectively supported arising from the harmonisation of those services.
stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Social workers, managers and support staff were affected by the transfer of Merton's Adoption Team to Adopt London South. For Adoption Team staff, the transfer was managed under Merton's HR processes and TUPE requirements. A review of allied staff in the placements and social work services is underway to develop proposals for a future structure which reflects the new adoption service arrangements.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall gesponsibility?	Yes, 9 neighbouring South London boroughs have regionalised their adoption functions to form Adopt London South. Governance is provided through a monthly Adopt London South Board, the Adopt London Executive Board and each local authorities' internal Corporate Parenting and Scrutiny Boards.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

Equality and diversity impacts for the workforce affected by the regionalisation of Merton's Adoption Team were considered as part of the HR processes which underpinned the transfer of Merton staff under TUPE arrangements.

All children requiring adoption and adoption support are within a defined aged bracket of 0-17 years. It takes longer to find suitable adoptive families for children of Black, Asian and minority ethnic groups, children with additional needs and older children. Less prospective adopters from Black, Asian and minority ethnic groups are successfully recruited and approved as adopters. It is anticipated that regionalisation of adoption resources in South London will enabled targeted approaches to the recruitment, approval and matching of more prospective adopters and matching of children from these groups.

The underlying principle of regionalising adoption services is to use South London's collective workforce resources more efficiently, rather than to reduce any service provision for children and families.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic (equality group)		Positive impact		h applies ntial e impact	Reason Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	X		X		<b>Positive:</b> Opportunity to improve the timeliness of children moving to live in their adoptive family. <b>Negative:</b> Impact of potential changes/instability of adoption service delivery during transitionary period on approval of new adopters, family finding timeliness, quality of matching and adoption support.
Disability	Х			Х	<b>Positive:</b> Opportunity to recruit a wider range of prospective adopters who can meet the needs of children with additional needs. Reduction in the

			time children with additional needs wait for an adoptive family to be identified.
Gender Reassignment		Х	
Marriage and Civil		Х	
Partnership			
Pregnancy and Maternity		Х	
Race	X	X	<b>Positive:</b> Opportunity to recruit a wider range of prospective adopters from a BAME background and/or those who can meet the cultural needs of BAME children with an adoption plan. Reduction in the time BAME children wait for an adoptive family to be identified.
Religion/ belief		Х	
Sex (Gender)		Х	
Sexual orientation		Х	
Socio-economic status		Х	

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Age: Impact of potential changes/instability of service during transitionary period on family finding timeliness, quality of matching and adoption support.	Performance of Adopt London South is governed through a monthly Board with senior representatives from all involved South London Boroughs. Action and Risk logs are in place to identify, mitigate and track risks.	Performance against the national Adoption Scorecard KPIs	Monthly	Additional resource established as part of Adopt London South governance.	El Mayhew	Yes
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Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

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**OUTCOME 2** 

**OUTCOME 3** 

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# APPENDIX 2

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service					
Assessment completed by	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion	Signature: El Mayhew	Date: 21/10/2019		
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: BHWardell	<b>Date:</b> 22/10/2019		



What are the proposals being assessed?	CSF2019-06 - Proposed Savings: Review of the Safeguarding and Social Work Training Budget
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	To review the training offer for children's social work and safeguarding with a view to achieving savings through: <ul> <li>Improved alignment of workforce development resources</li> <li>Recommissioning and / or reduction of training provided.</li> </ul>
G₽2. How does this contribute to the Council's corporate priorities?	This proposed review contributes to the councils' corporate priorities in ensuring we manage our resources to provide value for money, high standards of governance, financial and budget management. The desired outcomes of the review are to provide a training offer which meets the needs of the workforce, enables the Council to effectively discharge its statutory duties to children and to deliver financial savings.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Children' Schools and Families and the wider Merton children's partnership workforce.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Yes. The proposal predominately relates to CSF – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion. There are also opportunities to review the training offer delivered through the Merton Safeguarding Children's Partnership in collaboration with those partner agencies.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

As the underlying principle of the review is to seek to use workforce resources more efficiently, rather than to reduce any service provision or posts, further evaluation of impact on service delivery and the workforce forms part of the proposed review.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

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Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ch applies	Tick which	n applies	Reason
<sup>Φ</sup> (equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Poter	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
		•	negative	impact	
54	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age				X	
Disability				X	
Gender Reassignment				Х	
Marriage and Civil				Х	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity				Х	
Race				Х	
Religion/ belief				Х	
Sex (Gender)			-	Х	
Sexual orientation				Х	
Socio-economic status				Х	

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4	
X				
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	lead of Service			
Assessment completed by	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion	Signature: El Mayhew	Date: 07-10-2019	
The provement action plan signed for the second se	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: 24Wardell	Date: 08-10-2019	



What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-07: Reduction of Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion Central Recruitment Budget
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	Reduction of Central Recruitment budget from £82,000 to £52,000. The intended outcome of the reduction is to deliver savings.
<b>6</b> 2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The proposed budget reduction contributes to the council's corporate priorities in ensuring we manage our resources to provide value for money, high standards of governance, financial and budget management.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Merton children and families; the CSF workforce and the Council's reputation may be affected. If there was an increase in vacancies but insufficient budget to advertise and recruit new staff this may result in insufficient staff available to perform the Council's statutory duties and pressure on existing staff
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	No. The budget reduction relates to CSF – Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion workforce is relatively stable. There remain vacancies covered by agency staff for which there is ongoing recruitment activity. An annual contract with the national Guardian newspaper is providing a cost effective platform for recruitment advertising.

All recruitment activity is conducted in line with the Council's HR processes and procedures to ensure equality and diversity impacts are considered.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

Φ
 G. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

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Protected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick whicl	n applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Poter negative		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age				X	
Disability				X	
Gender Reassignment				Х	
Marriage and Civil Partnership				Х	
Pregnancy and Maternity				Х	
Race				Х	
Religion/ belief				Х	
Sex (Gender)				Х	
Sexual orientation				Х	
Socio-economic status				Х	

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4
X			
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	ead of Service		
တြAssessment completed by ယု	El Mayhew, Assistant Director, Children's Social Care & Youth Inclusion	Signature: El Mayhew	Date: 07/10/2019
Content action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: DAWardell	Date: 07/10/2019



	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-08: Review of school premises and contracts staffing structure
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF, Education Division

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Tom Procter, Head of Contracts and School Organisation
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	Reorganisation of service with deletion of a management position that is presently vacant
How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Meeting the council's financial requirements while protecting frontline services
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	The proposal is to make the service more efficient so should not impact on customers, communities etc. although with fewer staff the service will be less resilient
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	No

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

As there is not expected to be any impact on services to anyone there will be no impact on the protected characteristics.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Brotected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick which applies		Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	ve impact	Poter	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
62	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		$\checkmark$		V	
Disability				V	
Gender Reassignment				V	
Marriage and Civil				V	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity					
Race					
Religion/ belief					
Sex (Gender)		$\checkmark$			
Sexual orientation		$\checkmark$			
Socio-economic status		$\checkmark$			

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
None						

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

### 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4	
X				
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	lead of Service			
Assessment completed by	Tom Procter, Head of Contracts and School Organisation	Signature: Tom Procter	Date: 8/10/19	
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: DAWardell	Date:	



What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-09: Repurposing of some posts in education inclusion service
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF / Education Inclusion

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Keith Shipman / Education Inclusion manager
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	The My Futures team has been restructured into one team with reduced management costs. Specialist post have been created to target those most vulnerable to being NEET. This has released 130,000. The Youth Service runs 3 sites to deliver from. It premises and rental budgets have been maintained from when they ran other centres and sites so 20k saving can be made without impacting the three key sites.
How does this contribute to the Council's corporate priorities?	Support the council in meeting its savings targets and balancing its budget
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Young people are supported by the Youth Service and My Futures teams
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Other partners form the voluntary sector deliver in partnership with the youth service.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

We have monitored the ETE outcome data for the 2 years of the restructure and we have improved results universally with lower NEET and NK. Young people who are NEET are in targeted high risk group and we have created specialist post and processes to meet these needs. The impact of the savings and restructure has been an improvement in data outcomes. For the youth service we have monitored underspends in premises budgets over 3 years and this funding has not been required.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick whic	h applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	*			*	Less Young people are NEET post the restructure and better targeting of resources
Disability	*			*	Specialist targeted NEET worker post created in restructure
Gender Reassignment		*		*	
Marriage and Civil Partnership		*		*	
Pregnancy and Maternity		*		*	
Race		*		*	
Religion/ belief		*		*	
Sex (Gender)		*		*	
Sexual orientation		*		*	
Socio-economic status	*			*	

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4
x			
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	ead of Service		
<del>A</del> ssessment completed by ມ	Keith Shipman, Education Inclusion manager	Signature: K Shipman	Date:09/10/2019
Gmprovement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service රා	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: BAWardell	Date:10/10/2019



	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-10: Reduced contribution towards the multi- agency Merton Safeguarding Children Partnership.
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF / Policy, Planning and Partnerships

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Karl Mittelstadt, Head of Performance, Policy and Partnerships
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	<ul> <li>What are you proposing and what are they designed to deliver?</li> <li>We are proposing to reduce the council's contribution to the multi-agency Merton Safeguarding Children Partnership by £44,000 during this financial year.</li> <li>The purpose of these savings is to bring Merton council's contribution more into line with those made by the other two statutory partners as the new partnership is billed as being one of equals. Savings can be found by maintaining low discretionary activity of the partnership to ensure low costs.</li> <li>The MSCP does not deliver direct services to Merton children and families. The impact of reducing the partnership's budget on children and families would therefore be indirect and may occur as a result of reduced multi-agency leadership on safeguarding issues.</li> </ul>
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	The work of the board contributes to the council's objective of keeping Merton children safe.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Who are your customers (staff, service users, stakeholders, partners etc)? Who will your proposals benefit? How will your proposals benefit the council? The saving proposals do not affect staffing. The partnership has shown that it can function on a reduced financial footprint by delivering an in-year underspend. As a result the impact on the partnership will be minimal.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or	State here whether there are any other service areas, divisions, directorates, partner agencies (such as contracted organisations), other statutory bodies (e.g. the police, other councils etc) or the community and

partners and who has overall responsibility?	voluntary sector involved in the delivery of this function.       APPENDIX 2         The council together with the police and CCG have a statutory responsibility to co-ordinate and ensure the effectiveness of actions taken to protect children from harm and to ensure their well-being.       PENDIX 2

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

List the type of evidence (data, results of consultation, research, etc) and analysis of what this evidence tells you regarding the impact on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

What impact has this evidence had on what you are proposing?

there are gaps in data (for example information not being available) you may have to address this by including plans to generate this of formation within your action plan.

No evidence sought as partnership does not work directly with Merton residents, but rather coordinates multi-agency efforts to safeguard children. This will still be possible on a reduced financial footprint.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick which applies		Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		х		х	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or
					families.
Disability		х		Х	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or
-					families.
Gender Reassignment		Х		Х	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or

			APPENDIX 2
			families.
Marriage and Civil Partnership	x	X	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Pregnancy and Maternity	X	X	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Race	X	x	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Religion/ belief	X	X	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Sex (Gender)	X	X	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Sexual orientation	X	X	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.
Socio-economic status	X	Х	The Partnership does not deliver direct services to Merton children or families.

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

여 예egative impact/ gap in -information identified in the 로quality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4	
x				
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ H	lead of Service			
<del>A</del> ssessment completed by ည	Karl Mittelstadt, Head of Performance, Policy and Partnerships	Signature: Karl Mittelstadt	Date:08-10-2019	
Amprovement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service 72	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF.	Signature: DAWardell	Date:08-10-2019	



What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-11: Review of Centralised commissioning budgets
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF / Joint Commissioning and Partnerships

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Leanne Wallder Head of Integrated Commissioning (CSF)
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	<ul> <li>2020/21 - £90,000 Savings from across the Commissioning budgets by</li> <li>Restructure of the Integrated Commissioning Team</li> <li>Redundancy of the Head of Integrated Commissioning Post</li> <li>Rationalisation of the non-staffing elements of the commissioning budgets</li> </ul>
How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Support the Medium Term Financial Strategy, Directorate TOM and associated savings targets.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	The group affected by this proposal is the staff directly working in the Integrated Commissioning Team. The proposal will be shared through a business case and the team will have opportunity to comment on the associated re-structure necessary to find the required savings. The proposals will benefit the council by contributing to the Medium Term Financial Strategy and savings targets, without having to cut services to the public.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Children's commissioning in Merton is undertaken through an informal integration model across Children Schools and Families, Public Health and the Clinical Commissioning Group. The Head of Integrated Commissioning (CSF) and the Public Health Consultant with Lead for Children currently jointly lead the team. The Director of Public Health is fully aware of and engaged in this proposal. Discussion with senior leadership within Merton and Wandsworth CCGs has also begun, including the potential for formalising this integration during 2021, once their own restructure and possible merger is complete.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The Integrated Commissioning Team have had a combined team/work plan for the past 3 years and the governance of this work is undertaken through a Strategic Children's Integrated Commissioning Group that is jointly chaired by the Director of Children Schools and Families and the Director of Commissioning Merton and Wandsworth CCGs. The Director of Public Health and other members of the CSF Management Team also attend the meeting, which is held monthly.

The proposal is made in the knowledge that work and workloads within the team have changed (and some reduced), so this will also offer opportunity for re-balancing in light of this.

The proposal currently protects the need (in 2020-21) from taking this saving from direct work with Children, Young People and Families. Significant savings have previously been made from commissioned services, resulting in the current services being directed only at those very culture unerable families just below or already receiving statutory services. List the type of evidence (data, results of consultation, research, etc) and analysis of what this evidence tells you regarding the impact on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The team are already aware of the proposal and will have the opportunity as part of a consultation to the resulting re- structure of the team, in line with HR procedures. The re-structure is likely to lead to opportunity with likely appointment of a Senior Commissioning Manager role from within the existing Commissioning Managers.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick which	applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age					

		APPENDIX 2
Disability		
Gender Reassignment		
Marriage and Civil		
Partnership		
Pregnancy and Maternity		
Race		
Religion/ belief		
Sex (Gender)		
Sexual orientation		
Socio-economic status		Possible promotion of one existing Commissioning Manager to a more
		Senior role

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Conceptive impact Currently identified in the Conception of the sector o						

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4					
V								
Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service								
<del>. ക്</del> രssessment completed by ഇ	Leanne Wallder Head of Integrated Commissioning (CSF)	Signature: Leanne Wallder	Date: 09-10-2019					
Amprovement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service 70	Rachael Wardell, Director CSF	Signature: DAWardell	Date: 09-10-2019					



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	Proposed budget savings CSF2019-12: Review of public health commissioned services
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	CSF / Public Health

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Julia Groom, Consultant in Public Health
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service,	A recurrent saving of £400,000 from 2021/22. This will be achieved through the recommissioning of Healthy Child services (including health visiting and school nursing) as part of an integrated approach with Merton CCG, and potentially reducing the public health contribution to the Risk and Resilience service.
(deletion of posts, changing criteria €tc) 17 7	The recommissioning of community health services provides an opportunity to review the current service model and gain efficiencies from integrated commissioning and service transformation. There may also be some reductions in universal and targeted healthy child services.
	At this stage the new service model has not been designed and therefore we do not have detailed proposals on service changes and the consequent potential impact on residents and staff. A market warming event setting out the scope of the community services commissioning will be approved by Cabinet on 15 October 2019, with an engagement period for 4 weeks. Following this period and subject to approval, a high level service specification will be produced with an Equalities Impact Assessment.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Support the Medium Term Financial Strategy, Directorate TOM and associated savings targets
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	The groups directly affected by this proposal are children young people and families, and staff in provider organisations.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or	There are interdependencies between Public health, C & H, CSF and Merton CCG. Through the commissioning of community health services with MCCG, local integration will help mitigate the impact

	financial reductions. A new service model will be developed, this may impact on other department services,
partners and who has overall	such as CSF Early Help and Early Years Services including Children's Centres. of
responsibility?	

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The information that will be used to inform the full Equality Analysis includes:

- The Merton Story, Joint Strategic Needs Assessment •
- Public Health Outcomes Framework, Public Health England U
- Benchmarked data on mandated Child health services
- 'age Service level data from Universal Child Health Services
- Feedback from local engagement work including schools surveys and engagement with parents and CYP
- London and national data and research on universal child health services Ô

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic		ich applies			Reason			
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified			
	Yes	No	Yes No					
Age	~		~		The recommissioning of community services with a reduced budget could impact disproportionately on children, young people and young families including women of child bearing age.			
					The redesign of services through and integrated model will aim to mitigate			

Disability	✓			negative impacts and identify innovative models of service delivery that improve pathways and outcomes for children and young people.
Disability	~			
		~		A key role of Health visiting services is the early identification of need and developmental delay among new-born and infants, with onward signposting to appropriate services. A reduction in budget could potentially have a negative impact on identifying children with developmental delay and disabilities.
				Service redesign of an integrated model which results in closer working across professional groups such as health visiting, paediatrics and CAMHS could result in more robust earlier identification pathways.
				Currently there are 5 mandated child developmental checks and these would be protected as part of any new service model, mitigating risks.
Gender Reassignment				
Marriage and Civil Partnership				
Pregnancy and Maternity ບ ດ ບ	✓	✓		The recommissioning of community services with a reduced budget could impact disproportionately on young families including women of child bearing age.
le 179			2	The redesign of services through an integrated model will aim to mitigate negative impacts and identify innovative models of service delivery to support pregnancy and perinatal health. A focus on maternal mood and infant feeding is embedded in the mandated child health check at 6-8 weeks after birth.
Race	✓			Community healthy child services provide a universal offer to all families in Merton. A reduction in budget could have the potential to reduce services in areas of the borough where there are a higher proportion of residents from BAME communities.
				The redesign of services through an integrated model will aim to mitigate negative impacts and aim to adopt a model of 'proportionate universalism', where services are available to all but targeted proportionate to needs.
Religion/ belief		 		
Sex (Gender)	~	~		Changes to service design could disproportionately affect women, both in relation to users of service users and to staff who are predominantly female.
Sexual orientation				

Socio-economic status	✓	✓	/	Community healthy child services provide a universal offer to all families in
				Merton. A reduction in budget could have the potential to reduce services in areas of the borough where there are higher levels of child poverty.
				The redesign of services through an integrated model will aim to mitigate negative impacts and aim to adopt a model of 'proportionate universalism', where services are available to all but targeted proportionate to needs.

#### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

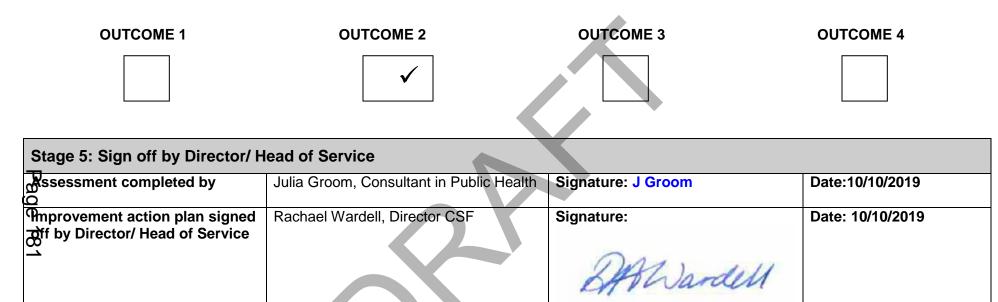
Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the dequality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Ge, disability, Pregnancy, Maternity, race, sex (gender), socio- economic status	Service redesign will explicitly address health inequalities and protected characteristics. A full equality analysis on detailed service models will be undertaken. Children, young people and families will be engaged in a process of co-creation of services.	KPIs and data monitoring schedules and quality reporting will be developed as part of the service redesign.	April 2021	Existing resources	Julia Groom/Dagmar Zeuner	Public Health C&H

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

#### Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

#### 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal





Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposale being appaared?	Application to shappe Martenia DON shappe hand from hand D to hand A. To
What are the proposals being assessed?	Application to change Merton's PCN charge band from band B to band A. To
	effect this a full business case will need to be presented to Full Council. Following
ENV1920-01	this, an application will be made to the London Councils Transport, and
	Environment Committee. Depending on the outcome at the Committee, the Mayor
	will also be required to ratify the application and the Secretary of State has final
	sign off. This 'saving' reflects the impact on estimated revenue until motorist
	compliance takes full effect. The objective is to reduce non-compliance but if the
	band change is implemented it is likely that there will be a short term increase in
	revenue.
	Tevenue.
age	
Φ	In setting out its measures of success, the proposed bandings and increase in
	PCN charges aims to deliver better compliance and driver behaviours in respect of
	parking regulations, which will reduce congestion, and lead to improved traffic
	flows and availability of spaces.
	The purpose of PCN parking charges is to dissuade motorists from breaking
	The purpose of PCN parking charges is to dissuade motorists from breaking
	parking restrictions and charges must be proportionate. The income from charges
	must only be used in accordance with the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.
	These purposes are contained within the Council's traffic management and other
	policy objectives.
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility	Parking Services, Environment and Regeneration
for this?	

Stage 1: Overvie	ew .
Name and job title of lead officer	Ben Stephens, Head of Parking
1. What are the	In setting out its measures of success, the proposed bandings and increase in PCN charges aims to deliver better

aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your	compliance and driver behaviours in respect of of parking regulations, which will reduce congestion, and lead to improved traffic flows and availability of spaces.
proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal	Local authorities are not permitted to use PCN parking charges solely to raise income. When setting charges, we must instead focus on how the charges will contribute to delivering the Council's traffic management and other policy objectives.
of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	This proposal supports the rationale of seeking to adjust driver behaviour and to ensure that we can provide a modern, efficient and environmentally sustainable transport policy for residents, visitors and businesses, now and in the future.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Parking and Traffic Management This proposal is part of the important role Parking and transport policy has in managing the roads and wider travel needs of the public. Merton's policy links closely with the local Implementation Plan and the Mayors Transport Strategy, which sets out objectives in detail. It contributes in the following ways:
Page 183	<ol> <li>Reduce congestion</li> <li>Improve road safety</li> <li>Improve air quality and meet EU quality standards</li> <li>To meet the actions set out in the Merton Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2019</li> <li>Adopt a healthy street approach</li> <li>Promote healthier life styles and encourage more active travel</li> <li>To ensure good parking management</li> <li>To support the local economy</li> <li>Providing funding for parking and wider transport scheme improvements</li> </ol>
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the	The proposal will affect all residents, businesses, workers and visitors to the borough, across all socio-economic groups.

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workforce etc.	
4. Is the	Yes. Responsibility is shared with the following departments, organisations and partners.
responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If	Future Merton, Highways and Transportation, Planning, Mayor of London, TfL, transport operators, Parking Services.
so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The Council acknowledges that road safety and traffic flow along with accessibility for residents and visitors to enable them to park near their homes and close to their desired destination as practicable.

A number of key factors were will be considered included:

(i) Air Quality hotspots

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- (ii) Areas of high congestion
- (iii) Enforcement requirements

Herton is committed to undertaking comprehensive consultation to gain the views of residents and stakeholders. This enables the council to make informed decisions and to develop our policies.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	Tick wh	ich applies	Tick whick	h applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	ve impact			Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	Х			Х	Positive Impact
					The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management
					for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
					This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport
					modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of

	- <u>1</u> 1	 	APPENDIX 2
			vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
			Potential Negative Impact
			None identified
Disability	Х	X	Positive Impact
			The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
			This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
Page			Including the provision of spaces for disabled motorists by increasing the charge of the PCN value as a deterrent to illegal parking.
186			Potential Negative Impact
õ			Potential Negative Impact
Oandar Daaasimmeet	V	N	None identified
Gender Reassignment	Х	X	Positive Impact The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management
			for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of
			vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. <b>Potential Negative Impact</b>
			None identified
Marriage and Civil	Х	Х	Positive Impact
Partnership			The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management
			for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
			This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport
			modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of

				vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. <u>Potential Negative Impact</u> None identified
Pregnancy and Maternity	Х		X	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.Potential Negative Impact None identified
Race Page 187	X		x	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. Potential Negative ImpactNone identified
Religion/ belief	X		×	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.Potential Negative Impact None identified
Sex (Gender)	Х		Х	Positive Impact The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management

	1			APPENDIX 2
				for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. <u>Potential Negative Impact</u>
				None identified
Sexual orientation	Х		Х	Positive Impact
				The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. <u>Potential Negative Impact</u>
P				None identified
Geocio-economic status ∩ ∴ CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO	X	X	2	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.Potential Negative Impact
				If the cost of a PCN increases, those on lower incomes may find it more difficult to pay the penalty charge.

### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Socio-economic status	Consultation	An increase in the cost of a PCN may have a negative effect on the ability of individuals on low income to pay. Any changes to the current banding charges will involve further consultation with those groups affected	2020	A full set of mitigations will be brought forward as part of the final report for Members consideration	Ben Stephens	A full set of mitigations will be brought forward as part of the final report for Members consideration
D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D						

D -Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is Supportant the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

#### 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4
	x		

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service

Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ He	ead of Service		APPENDIX 2
Assessment completed by	Ben Stephens – Head of Parking Services	Signature:	Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> October 2019
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Chris Lee – Director of Environment and Regeneration	Signature:	Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> October 2019





Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the propo	sals being assessed? Compliance rates for ANPR Moving Traffic Offences have not decreased significantly or as estimated since the implementation of the ANPR cameras and as a consequence the PCN revenue remains above original estimations. This 'saving' recognises revenue currently being received by the Council rather than any estimated increase.				
Pag	The purpose of PCN parking charges is to dissuade motorists from breaking parking restrictions and charges must be proportionate. The income from charges must only be used in accordance with the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984. These purposes are contained within the Council's traffic management and other policy objectives.				
Which Department	Division has the responsibility for this? Parking Services, Environment and Regeneration				
9					
Stage 1: Overvie	w				
Name and job title of lead officer	Ben Stephens, Head of Parking				
<ol> <li>What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your</li> </ol>	ANPR enforcement and the issue of PCNs aims to deliver better compliance and driver behaviours in respect of of moving traffic contraventions, which will reduce congestion, and lead to improved traffic flows and availability of spaces.				
proposal? (Also explain proposals e.g. reduction/removal	Local authorities are not permitted to use PCN parking charges solely to raise income. When setting charges, we must instead focus on how the charges will contribute to delivering the Council's traffic management and other policy objectives.				
of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	This proposal supports the rationale of seeking to adjust driver behaviour and to ensure that we can provide a modern, efficient and environmentally sustainable transport policy for residents, visitors and businesses, now and in the future.				

	APPENDIX 2
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	Parking and Traffic Management This proposal is part of the important role Parking and transport policy has in managing the roads and wider travel needs of the public. Merton's policy links closely with the local Implementation Plan and the Mayors Transport Strategy, which sets out objectives in detail. It contributes in the following ways:
	<ol> <li>Reduce congestion</li> <li>Improve road safety</li> <li>Improve air quality and meet EU quality standards</li> <li>To meet the actions set out in the Merton Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2019</li> <li>Adopt a healthy street approach</li> <li>Promote healthier life styles and encourage more active travel</li> <li>To ensure good parking management</li> </ol>
Page	<ul><li>8. To support the local economy</li><li>9. Providing funding for parking and wider transport scheme improvements</li></ul>
Who will be Affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	The proposal will affect all residents, businesses, workers and visitors to the borough, across all socio-economic groups.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who	Yes. Responsibility is shared with the following departments, organisations and partners. Future Merton, Highways and Transportation, Planning, Mayor of London, TfL, transport operators, Parking Services.

has overall	
responsibility?	

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The Council acknowledges that road safety and traffic flow along with accessibility for residents and visitors to enable them to move freely throughout the borough.

A number of key factors were will be considered included:

- (i) Air Quality hotspots
- (ii) Areas of high congestion
- (iii) Enforcement requirements
- للله) Road saftey م لالم
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#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Protected characteristic	ected characteristic Tick which applies		Tick whic	h applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential negative impact		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age	Х			Х	Positive Impact
					The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
					This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for

			APPENDIX 2
			APPENDIX 2 kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
			Potential Negative Impact
			None identified
Disability	Х	Х	Positive Impact
			The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
			This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. Including the provision of spaces for disabled motorists. <u>Potential Negative Impact</u>
			None identified
Gender Reassignment	X	Х	Positive Impact
Page			The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.
1955 1955		R	This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
			Potential Negative Impact
Marriago and Civil	X	X	None identified
Marriage and Civil Partnership			Positive Impact The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.

T				APPENDIX 2
				Potential Negative Impact
				None identified
Pregnancy and Maternity	Х		Х	Positive Impact
				The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
				None identified
Race	Х		Х	Positive Impact
Page 196			2	The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction. <b>Potential Negative Impact</b> None identified
Religion/ belief	Х		X	Positive Impact
				The proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton. This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.
				Potential Negative Impact None identified

	X	 V	APPENDIX 2
Sex (Gender)	X	X	Positive Impact       Provide the proposal support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.         This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.         Potential Negative Impact
			None identified
Sexual orientation Page 197	X	x	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.Potential Negative Impact
Socio-economic status	X	X	Positive ImpactThe proposals support the principle of effective traffic management for the whole population of and visitors to Merton.This includes the shift to more active and sustainable transport modes (such as walking, cycling and public transport) the impact of vehicle emissions and congestion on air quality, and demand for kerbside space, which form the backdrop of the policy direction.Potential Negative Impact None identified

#### Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact 7.

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)		Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis	

- Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)
- **86** Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**OUTCOME 1** 





OUTCOME 3	
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**OUTCOME 4** 

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Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service									
Assessment completed by         Ben Stephens – Head of Parking         Signature:         Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> October 2019           Services         Services         Signature:         Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> October 2019									
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Chris Lee – Director of Environment and Regeneration	Signature:	Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> October 2019						



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

	Realign rental income budgets to better reflect current levels of income being			
	achieved from conducting rent reviews in line with tenancy agreements			
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Environment and Regeneration/Sustainable Communities			

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	James McGinlay, Assistant Director for Sustainable Communities
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your proposal? (Also explain proposals g.g. reduction/removal of service, celetion of posts, changing criteria etc)	Progress rent reviews established within existing leases to commercial tenants to provide increased revenue income to the Council.
How does this contribute to the Council's corporate priorities?	By increasing revenue income improve the council's revenue position.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	The council's commercial tenants will be affected and the Council will benefit from increased income.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	SLLP/Corporate Services will be required to document the changes in rent levels and Transactional Services within Corporate Services will be required to collect the new levels of rent.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

We have no data regarding the equality groups within our commercial tenants who's relationship with the council for this purpose is purely commercial and as stated within the lease/contract they agreed with the council.

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

figure From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Rrotected characteristic		ich applies	Tick which	n applies	Reason			
(requality group)	negative impact			Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified				
0			Yes No		-			
Age	103				There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Disability					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Gender Reassignment					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Marriage and Civil Partnership					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Pregnancy and Maternity					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Race					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Religion/ belief					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			
Sex (Gender)					There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide the monitoring data.			

Sexual orientation			There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide
			the monitoring data.
Socio-economic status		Х	There is no available data and the tenants have not engaged to provide
			the monitoring data. Possible negative impact.

### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
The tenants already have notice of possible rent increases as the rent review dates are clearly stated within their leases and of course we do not impose an increase it is open to negotiation and consideration by a third party if we prove unable to agree a new rent.	Initiate rent review process	Settlement of rent review	Timetable specified by individual leases	Existing	Howard Joy	No.
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e 2 0						

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**OUTCOME 1** 

**OUTCOME 2** 

OUTCOME 3

OUTCOME 4

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APPENDIX 2 Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service				
Assessment completed by	Howard Joy – Property Management & Review Manager	Signature:	Date:	
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	James McGinlay – Head of Sustainable Communities	Signature:	Date:	



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out an Equality Analysis. Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed? ENV1920-04	Waste minimisation
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	E&R – Public Space

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	John Bosley AD Public Space
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your poposal? (Also explain proposals .g. reduction/removal of service, eletion of posts, changing criteria	Following the successful roll out of the new waste collection service in Oct 2018 and the introduction of wheelie bins the service has seen a significant reduction in the volume of general waste which is disposed of vie our Energy from Waste Facility (EFW) in Beddington.
How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	To be the best it can for the local environment, identifying potential savings through increased recycling and waste avoidance.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	N/A the disposal of waste has no impact on our residents. Please see separate EA for the introduction of the new waste collection service (SLWP Phase C) and the impact of the containerised collection service.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	No – This project is part of the wider work undertaken in Partnership with our neighbouring boroughs who form the South London Waste Partnership

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

1. Continued monthly monitoring of our waste volumes. It is important to note that the monitoring of waste volumes does not impact on our residents / customers

#### Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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 $\vec{\Phi}$ . From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

Brotected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick which	applies	Reason
(equality group)	-	e impact	Poter negative	ntial	Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		✓		$\checkmark$	
Disability		<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		√	
Gender Reassignment		✓		$\checkmark$	
Marriage and Civil		✓		$\checkmark$	
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		✓		$\checkmark$	
Race					
Religion/ belief		✓		$\checkmark$	
Sex (Gender)		✓		√	
Sexual orientation		√		√	
Socio-economic status		✓		$\checkmark$	

1. N/A

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#### Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis

- 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal
- Outcome 1 The EA has not identified any potential for discrimination or negative impact and all opportunities to promote equality are being addressed. No changes are required.

**Outcome 2** – The EA has identified adjustments to remove negative impact or to better promote equality. Actions you propose to take to do this should be included in the Action Plan.

**Outcome 3** – The EA has identified some potential for negative impact or some missed opportunities to promote equality and it may not be possible to mitigate this fully. If you propose to continue with proposals you must include the justification for this in Section 10 below, and include actions you propose to take to remove negative impact or to better promote equality in the Action Plan. You must ensure that your proposed action is in line with the PSED to have 'due regard' and you are advised to seek Legal Advice.

Outcome 4 - The EA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. Stop and rethink your proposals.

#### Stage 5: Improvement Action Pan

#### 9. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

Tage 6: Reporting outcomes

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#### No. Summary of the equality analysis

This section can also be used in your decision making reports (CMT/Cabinet/etc) but you must also attach the assessment to the report, or provide a hyperlink

This Equality Analysis has resulted in an Outcome add Assessment
Please include here a summary of the key findings of your assessment. None identified.
None identified.

### APPENDIX 2

Stage 7: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service				
Assessment completed by	Charles Baker	Signature:	Date:8 10 2019	
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	John Bosley	Signature:	Date:	





Please refer to the guidance for carrying out an Equality Analysis. Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed? ENV1920-05	<ul> <li>Increase the level of enforcement activity for environmental offences ensuring that the service is cost neutral.</li> </ul>
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	E&R – Street Scene & Waste

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	John Bosley AD public Space
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your <u>proposal?</u> (Also explain proposals	What are you proposing and what are they designed to deliver? To undertake a procurement exercise to identify an external provider for environmental
g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)	enforcement – The aim is for an enhanced enforcement presence across the Borough and opportunity to work across divisions in order to improve the standards of the public realm in our communities through a sustained, efficient and deliverable enforcement model.
How does this contribute to the Council's corporate priorities?	Increasing in the ability of our enforcement capabilities and range of activities that can be regulated, reducing the level of street litter, improving the image of the public realm.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners,	The 'in house 'enforcement team will be retained and will work closely with the external provider in order to identify hot spots and areas of operational activity across the borough. Affected person(s) will include residents and visitors of the borough that may commit environmental enforcement breaches which may be prosecutable.
<ul><li>stakeholders, the workforce etc.</li><li>4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?</li></ul>	No, The service will continue to be managed as part of the current Public space division.

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

Litter control and management is one of the number main concerns of our residents. The range of possible enforcement activities being considered within the larger procurement of enforcement services will contribute to reductions in litter occurrences as well as other environmental offences, such as fly-tipping, which impacts negatively on the standards of our public realm. In considering the impact that this has on groups with protected characteristics, the positive benefits are universal and therefore all should benefit from the successful application of this proposal. Likewise, perpetrators of environmental enforcement offences are not representative as coming from a specific group or particular segment of the community, while any prosecutions or issuing of sanctions is based on evidenced gathering and / or witnessing the occurrence.

Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis ມ ເອີ. From the evidence you have consider From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

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Protected characteristic	Tick which applies Positive impact		Tick which applies Potential negative impact		Reason Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified			
(equality group)								
	Yes	No	Yes	No				
Age		<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		$\checkmark$				
Disability		✓		✓				
Gender Reassignment		✓		✓				
Marriage and Civil		✓		✓				
Partnership								
Pregnancy and Maternity		✓		✓				
Race								
Religion/ belief		✓		✓				
Sex (Gender)		$\checkmark$		✓				
Sexual orientation		√		✓				
Socio-economic status		✓	✓		The ability to pay the fee issued through the Fix penalty notice.			

The only people affect by this enforcement contract are those residents or visitors who committee an environmental offence.

#### **Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis**

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Page

8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only) Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

**Outcome 1** – The EA has not identified any potential for discrimination or negative impact and all opportunities to promote equality are being addressed. No changes are required.

**Outcome 2** – The EA has identified adjustments to remove negative impact or to better promote equality. Actions you propose to take to do this should be included in the Action Plan.

**Outcome 3** – The EA has identified some potential for negative impact or some missed opportunities to promote equality and it may not be possible to mitigate this fully. If you propose to continue with proposals you must include the justification for this in Section 10 below, and include actions you propose to take to remove negative impact or to better promote equality in the Action Plan. You must ensure that your proposed action is in line with the PSED to have 'due regard' and you are advised to seek Legal Advice.

Outcome 4 – The EA shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination. Stop and rethink your proposals.

#### Stage 5: Improvement Action Pan

#### 9. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Socio-economic status P ຍຸດ ອ	All cases of non payment will be assed on an individual bases and escalated through the single justice system for processing. For transparency the court has the ability to amend the level of the fine due to the alleged offenders personal circumstances.	Level of reduced fines award by the court	On going	None	C Baker	
21						
N						

Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

**Stage 6: Reporting outcomes** 

#### **10. Summary of the equality analysis**

This section can also be used in your decision making reports (CMT/Cabinet/etc) but you must also attach the assessment to the report, or provide a hyperlink

This Equality Analysis has resulted in an Outcome add Assessment

Please include here a summary of the key findings of your assessment.

The scope of the procurement is to ensure that there are no changes to the current service provision currently provided by the in house service. Any proposed changes by the bidders through competitive dialogue which impact on the current provision will require cabinet approval and an additional Impact assessment completed.

# APPENDIX 2

Stage 7: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service										
Assessment completed by	Charles Baker	Signature:	Date:9 10 19							
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	John Bosley	Signature:	Date:21.10.19							

# **Equality Analysis**



Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet Text in blue is intended to provide guidance – you can delete this from your final version.

What are the proposals being assessed?	2020-21 CH1 Further reductions in Public Health
Which Department/ Division has the responsibility for this?	Community & Housing

Stage 1: Overview	
Name and job title of lead officer	Dr Dagmar Zeuner
1. What are the aims, objectives and desired outcomes of your poposal? (Also explain proposals	The aim is achieve the proposed budget savings of £500k from 2021/22 in a way that the public health function continues to meet its statutory duties and minimises adverse impact on service users, taking in to account previous budget savings and the cumulative effect on service delivery.
Ag.g. reduction/removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria Matc) 14 14	There is more work to do to identify the specifics, however this will involve exploring: seeking further efficiencies from services, identification of new efficiencies, service transformation and integration, channel shifting to digital services, risk-sharing with providers, exploring opportunities for cross-borough working and reducing activity in non-statutory programmes.
2. How does this contribute to the council's corporate priorities?	It contributes to the medium term financial strategy and impacts on delivery of the Health & Wellbeing Strategy.
3. Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	Public Health Services aim to support residents to improve their health and promote Merton as a Healthy place, thereby the overall health and wellbeing of the community, to reduce health inequalities and to commission both universal prevention and early identification services (e.g. Health Visiting and School Nursing) and targeted interventions to support people at risk e.g. sexual health and substance misuse.
4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so, who are the partners and who has overall responsibility?	Public Health is part of the local authority and there are interdependencies between public health, C & H, CSF and with external partners e.g. Merton CCG. Reductions in Public Health spend may have impacts on health and social care demand and costs.

### Stage 2: Collecting evidence/ data

#### 5. What evidence have you considered as part of this assessment?

Provide details of the information you have reviewed to determine the impact your proposal would have on the protected characteristics (equality groups).

The evidence that has been considered as part of this assessment includes:

- The Merton Story, Joint Strategic Needs Assessment
- Public Health Outcomes Framework, Public Health England
- Benchmarked data on public health services
- Service level data from public health commissioned services

# Stage 3: Assessing impact and analysis

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6. From the evidence you have considered, what areas of concern have you identified regarding the potential negative and positive impact on one or more protected characteristics (equality groups)?

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Protected characteristic	Tick whi	ich applies	Tick which	n applies	Reason
(equality group)	Positiv	e impact	Potential		Briefly explain what positive or negative impact has been identified
			negative	impact	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Age		Х	X		Health inequalities correlate to a range of protected characteristics. Older
Disability		Х	X		people, those with disabilities and those from more economically
Gender Reassignment		Х		Х	disadvantaged groups, for example, are more likely to suffer worse ill
Marriage and Civil		Х		Х	health than the population in general.
Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity		Х	Х		Reduced level of interventions and access to services may therefore
Race		Х	Х		affect those with protected characteristics by more than the general
Religion/ belief		Х		Х	population, as they currently benefit from these services
Sex (Gender)		Х	Х		disproportionately. Although provision of these services will continue
Sexual orientation		Х		Х	to help tackle inequalities, this may be reduced.
Socio-economic status		Х	Х		

### 7. Equality Analysis Improvement Action Plan template – Making adjustments for negative impact

This action plan should be completed after the analysis and should outline action(s) to be taken to mitigate the potential negative impact identified (expanding on information provided in Section 7 above).

Negative impact/ gap in information identified in the Equality Analysis	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? e.g. performance measure/ target)	By when	Existing or additional resources?	Lead Officer	Action added to divisional/ team plan?
Age, disability, pregnancy and maternity, race, sex (gender) and socio- economic status	Options to make proposed savings e.g. service transformation and integration will explicitly address health inequalities and protected characteristics.	KPIs and data monitoring schedules and quality reporting will be developed as part of service redesign.	April 2021	Existing resources	Dr Dagmar Zeuner	Public Health C&H
D D						

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Note that the full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented; therefore it is important the effective monitoring is in place to assess the impact.

### **Stage 4: Conclusion of the Equality Analysis**

### 8. Which of the following statements best describe the outcome of the EA (Tick one box only)

Please refer to the guidance for carrying out Equality Impact Assessments is available on the intranet for further information about these outcomes and what they mean for your proposal

#### **OUTCOME 1**

**OUTCOME 2** 

OUTCOME 3

OUTCOME 4







APPENDI Stage 5: Sign off by Director/ Head of Service								
Assessment completed by	Barry Causer, Head of Strategic Commissioning	Signature: BC	Date:22/10/19					
Improvement action plan signed off by Director/ Head of Service	Dr Dagmar Zeuner, Director of Public Health	Signature:	Date:					

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# Sustainable Communities – August 2019

				Αι	ıg 2019			Annual YTD	YTD	
Dept.	PI Code & Description	Polarity	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	YTD Result	Target	Status
Housing Needs & Enabling	CRP 061 / SP 036 No. of households in temporary accommodation (Monthly)	Low	168	230	0	•		171.8	230	<b></b>
Housing Needs & Enabling	CRP 062 / SP 035 No. of homelessness preventions (Monthly)	High	193	187			-	193	187	
Housing Needs & Enabling	SP 037 Highest No. of families in Bed and Breakfast accommodation during the year (Monthly)	Low	2	10	0	4	•	2.6	10	Ø
Housing Needs & Enabling	SP 038 Highest No. of adults in Bed and Breakfast accommodation (Monthly)	Low	4	10	0			5.8	10	0
D Libraries	CRP 059 / SP 008 No. of people accessing the library by borrowing an item or using a peoples network terminal at least once in the previous 12 months (Monthly)	High	71,648	56,500	0			71,648	56,500	0
Libraries	CRP 060 / SP 009 No. of visitors accessing the library service on line (Monthly)	High	101,638	97,915	0			101,638	97,915	0
Libraries	SP 279 % Self-service usage for stock transactions (libraries) (Monthly)	High	89%	97%		➡		89%	97%	
Libraries	SP 280 No. of active volunteers in libraries (Rolling 12 Month) (Monthly)	High	306	230	<b>I</b>	•		306	230	0
Libraries	SP 287 Maintain Library Income (Monthly)	High	£210,790	£172,500	$\bigcirc$			£210,790	£172,500	Ø
Libraries	SP 480 Visitor figures - physical visits to Libraries (Monthly)	High	479,477	500,000			-	479,477	500,000	

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### **E&R Sustainable Communities**

		S	ep 2019	I		2019/20					
PI Code & Description	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	
Development	<mark>and Bเ</mark>	ilding	Contr	ol							
CRP 045 / SP 118 Income (Development and Building Control) (Monthly)	136,049	157,166			-	1,043,567	942,996	$\bigcirc$	•	-	
CRP 051 / SP 114 % Major applications processed within 13 weeks (Monthly)	75%	68%	$\bigcirc$			81.25%	68%	$\bigcirc$	-		
CRP 052 / SP 115 % of minor planning applications determined within 8 weeks	77.5%	71%	$\bigcirc$			80.84%	71%	$\bigcirc$	•		
CRP 053 / SP 116 % of 'other' planning applications determined within 8 weeks	81.76%	82%		₽	-	85.88%	82%	$\bigcirc$	₽		
SP 040 % Market share retained by LA (Building Control) (Monthly)		54%	?	?	?	55.36%	54%	$\bigcirc$			
P 113 No. of planning enforcement cases closed (Monthly)	137	44	$\bigcirc$			280	260	$\bigcirc$	▶		
117 % appeals lost (Development & Building Control) (Quarterly)		Measu	red Qua	rterly	•	37.97%	35%		•		
380 No. of backlog planning enforcement cases (Monthly)	871	849	$\land$			871	849	$\bigcirc$			
SP 414 Volume of planning applications (Monthly)	343	365				2,081	2,190		•		
Fut	ure Me	rton									
SP 020 New Homes (Annual)		Annu	ial meas	sure		?	1,328	?	?	?	
SP 260 % Streetworks inspections completed (Quarterly)		Measu	red Qua	rterly		40.3%	37%	$\bigcirc$			
SP 327 % Emergency callouts attended within 2 hours (traffic & highways)	96.77%	98%				98.79%	98%	$\bigcirc$	•		
SP 328 % Streetworks permitting determined (Monthly)	99%	98%	$\bigcirc$	•		99.83%	98%	$\bigcirc$	-		
SP 389 Carriageway condition - unclassified roads defectiveness condition indicator (annual)	Annual measure					••	75%	?	?	?	
SP 391 Average number of days taken to repair an out of light street light		Measu	red Qua	rterly		1.23	3	$\bigcirc$			

	S	ep 2019			2019/20					
Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status		Long Trend	
Annual measure					••	49	?	••	••	
	Annı	ial meas	ure		?	10	?	••	••	
	Annı	ial meas	ure		?.	75%	?	?	?	
ropert	у									
	Measu	red Qua	rterly		1%	3%	$\bigcirc$	₽		
Measured Quarterly					3.14%	7.5%				
Annual measure					?	150	?	?	?	
	Measu	red Qua	rterly		17	7		?	?	
		Value Target Annu Annu Annu roperty Measu Measu Annu	Value Target Status Annual meas Annual meas Annual meas Annual meas roperty Measured Qua Measured Qua Annual meas	Value     Target     Status     Trend       Annual measure       Annual measure       Annual measure       Annual measure       Measured Quarterly       Measured Quarterly	ValueTargetStatusShort TrendLong TrendValueStatusShort TrendLong TrendAnnual measureAnnual measureAnnual measureYopertyMeasured QuarterlyMeasured QuarterlyAnnual measure	ValueTargetStatusShort TrendLong TrendValueValueImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusAnnual measureImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusAnnual measureImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusAnnual measureImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusropertyMeasured Quarterly1%Image: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusMeasured QuarterlyAnnual measureImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: Status	ValueTargetStatusShort TrendLong TrendValueTargetValueTargetIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIMeasured QuarterlyIIIIIMeasured QuarterlyIII	ValueTargetStatusShort TrendLong TrendValueTargetStatusValueTargetStatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusAnnual measureImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusMeasured QuarterlyImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusImage: StatusAnnual measureImage: Status<	ValueTargetStatusShort TrendLong TrendValueTargetStatusShort TrendValueTargetStatusShort TrendIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIIIAnnual measureIIIIIIIIIIAnnual measureIII <t< td=""></t<>	

# E&R Public Spaces

	Sep 2019					2019/20						
PI Code & Description	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend		
Street Cleaning												
CRP 048 / SP 455 % of sites surveyed on local street inspections for litter that are below standard (Monthly)	13.56%	8%				15.47%	8%					
LER 058 % Sites surveyed on street inspections for litter (using NI195 system) that are below standard (KBT) (Quarterly)	Measured Quarterly					18.19%	8%		₽			
SP 062 % Sites surveyed below standard for graffiti (Quarterly)	Measured Quarterly					6.31%	5%					
SP 063 % Sites surveyed below standard for flyposting (Quarterly)	Measured Quarterly					1%	1%	$\bigcirc$				

		Sep 2019					2019/20				
PI Code & Description		Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	
SP 139 % Sites surveyed below standard for weeds (Quarterly)		Measu	red Qua	rterly		12.5%	11%		₽		
SP 140 % Sites surveyed below standard for Detritus (Quarterly)		Measu	red Qua	rterly		23.44%	9%		₽		
SP 269 % Residents satisfied with street cleanliness (Annual) (ARS)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	57%	?	?	?	
V	laste S	<b>Service</b>	S								
CRP 093 / SP 478 No. of refuse collections including recycling and kitchen waste missed per 100,000 (Monthly)	79.00	40.00		₽		76.17	50.00				
CRP 094 / SP 485 No. of fly-tips in streets and parks recorded by Contractor	1,099	700			-	6,532	4,200				
SP 064 % Residents satisfied with refuse collection (Annual) (ARS)		Annı	al Meas	sure		••	73%	?	?	?	
SP 065 % Household waste recycled and composted (Monthly in arrear)	43.91%	48%				44.71%	48%				
066 Residual waste kg per household (Monthly in arrear)	41.9	39.5				213.13	237.5	$\bigcirc$			
067 % Municipal solid waste sent to landfill (waste management & mercial waste) (Monthly in arrear)	2%	10%				7%	10%	0			
SP 262 % Residents satisfied with recycling facilities (Annual) (ARS)		Annı	al Meas	sure		••	72%	?	?	?	
SP 354 Total waste arising per households (KGs) (Monthly in arrear)	73.44	75	$\bigcirc$		<b></b>	384.17	450	$\bigcirc$			
SP 407 % FPN's issued that have been paid (Monthly)	70%	75%	$\bigtriangleup$		<b>↓</b>	66.83%	75%		₽	-↓	
SP 454 % of fly-tips removed within 24 hours (Monthly)	99%	95%	$\bigcirc$			69.2%	95%				
Parks											
LER OS 01 Parks Quality Management Score (PQMS)	4.89	5	$\bigtriangleup$	₽		5.08	5	$\bigcirc$			
SP 026 % of residents who rate parks & green spaces as good or very good	Annual Measure				?	76%	?	?	?		
SP 027 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	75%	?	?	?	

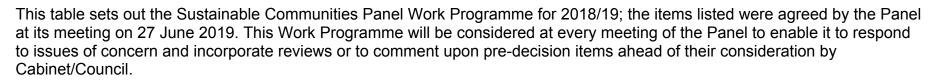
		Sep 2019				2019/20				
PI Code & Description	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend
SP 032 No. of Green Flags (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	6	?	?	?
SP 318 No. of outdoor events in parks (Monthly)	16	10	$\bigcirc$	<b>I</b>	$\widehat{1}$	143	130	$\bigcirc$	.↓	$\checkmark$
SP 514 NEW FOR 2019/20 Income from outdoor events in parks (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	£531,230.00	?	?	?
SP 515 NEW FOR 2019/20 Average Performance Quality Score (Grounds Maintenance Standards) (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	5	?	?	?
SP 516 NEW FOR 2019/20 Annual basal & epicormic growth programme completion by 31 Aug each year) (Annual)	Annual Measure				?	100%	?	?	?	
SP 517 NEW FOR 2019/20 Number of street trees planted (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	235	••	?	?
Pag	Transport									
✤ 136 Average % time passenger vehicles in use	Annual Measure				?	85%	?	?	?	
137 % User satisfaction survey (transport passenger fleet) (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	97%	?	?	?
SP 271 In-house journey that meet timescales (transport passenger fleet)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	85%	?	?	?
SP 526 NEW FOR 2019/20 % of Council fleet using diesel fuel (Annual)		Annı	al Meas	sure		?	80%	?	?	••
	Leis	sure								
SP 251 Income from Watersports Centre (Monthly)	£8,974	£10,000		₽		£375,625	£344,500	$\bigcirc$	₽	<b>↓</b>
SP 325 % Residents rating Leisure & Sports facilities Good to Excellent	Annual Measure			?	80%	?	?	?		
SP 349 14 to 25 year old fitness centre participation at leisure centres	10,005	8,000	$\bigcirc$			55,480	52,500	$\bigcirc$	₽	-
SP 405 No. of Leisure Centre users (Monthly)	95,801	95,000	$\bigcirc$			564,461	545,000	$\bigcirc$	₽	<b>I</b>
SP 406 No. of Polka Theatre users (Quarterly)		Measured Quarterly			3,775	5,900		₽	<b>·</b>	

# **E&R** Public Protection performance report

		Sep	2019			2019/20				
PI Code & Description		Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend
	Parki	ng								
CRP 044 Parking services estimated revenue (Monthly)	1,735,785	1,257,776	$\bigcirc$			9,081,667	8,523,999	0		
SP 258 Sickness- No of days per FTE from snapshot report (parking)	1.2	0.67				6.91	3.98			
SP 509 NEW FOR 2019/20 % of Permits applied/processed online	75%	55%	Ø	₽		74%	55%	$\bigcirc$	?	?
SP 510 NEW FOR 2019/20 % of PCN Appeals received online (Monthly)	58%	55%	Ø	₽		58.83%	55%	$\bigcirc$	?	?
SP 511 NEW FOR 2019/20 Blue Badge Inspections (Monthly)	0	45				0	45		?	?
512 NEW FOR 2019/20 Total cashless usage against cash payments at Carterines (Monthly)	58%	60%				55.67%	60%		?	?
\$5 513 NEW FOR 2019/20 Percentage of cases 'heard' and won at ETA		Measured	I Quart	erly		75.65%	73%	$\bigcirc$	?	?
S Reg	ulatory	Service	S							
LER 060 Income generation by Regulatory Services (Monthly)	£32,453	£87,610				£173,993	£294,450		₽	
SP 111 No. of underage sales test purchases (Quarterly)		Measured	l Quart	erly		66	47	$\bigcirc$	₽	
SP 255 % licensing applications determined within 28 days (Quarterly)		Measured	l Quart	erly		85.05%	98%		₽	
SP 316 % Inspection category A,B & C food premises (Annual)	Annual measure			?	100	?	?	?		
SP 418 Annual average amount of Nitrogen Dioxide per m3 (Annual)	Annual measure			?	40	?	?	?		
SP 420 Annual average amount of Particulates per m3 (Annual)	Annual measure			?	40	?	?	?		
SP 494 Nitrogen Dioxide Diffusion Tube Monitoring Sites in the Borough exceeding National Levels (Quarterly)		Measured	l Quart	erly		41	0			

PI Code & Description		Sep 2019					2019/20			
		Target	Status		Long Trend	Value	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend
SP 519 NEW FOR 2019/20 Total % of broadly compliant food establishments rated A-E (Annual)	Annual measure			?	95%	?	?	••		
SP 520 NEW FOR 2019/20 Schedule B Prescribed Premises due for inspection completed (Annual)	Annual measure			?	100%	?	?	•••		
SP 521 NEW FOR 2019/20 Total % compliance of non-road mobile machinery on major construction sites with GLA emissions standards	Annual measure			?	85%	?	?	?		
SP 522 NEW FOR 2019/20 % of noise and nuisance complaints received from residents receiving a frontline response (visit/advice) within one week of receipt (Quarterly)	Measured Quarterly			81.35%	90%		?	?		

# Sustainable Communities Work Programme 2019/20



The work programme table shows items on a meeting-by-meeting basis, identifying the issue under review, the nature of the scrutiny (pre-decision, policy development, issue specific, performance monitoring, partnership related) and the intended outcomes.

Chair: Cllr Natasha Irons Vice-chair: Cllr Daniel Holden

### **Scrutiny Support**

For further information on the work programme of the Sustainable Communities Scrutiny Panel please contact: -Rosie McKeever, Scrutiny Officer Tel: 020 8545 4035; Email: rosie.mckeever@merton.gov.uk

For more information about overview and scrutiny at LB Merton, please visit <u>www.merton.gov.uk/scrutiny</u>

Agenda Item 11

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Scrutiny category	Item/issue	How	Lead member and/or lead officer	Intended outcomes
Holding the executive to account	Parking Consultation	Written update report	Cathryn James, Interim Assistant Director, Public Protection	
Performance management	Performance monitoring	Basket of indicators plus verbal report	Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration Steve Langley, Head of Housing Needs	To highlight any items of concern and for the Panel to make any recommendations or to request additional information.
Setting the work programme	Sustainable Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel work programme 2019/20	Written report	Rosie Mckeever, Scrutiny Officer	To agree the work programme and select a subject for task group review.

Meeting date: 27 June 2019 (Deadline for papers: 12pm, 18 June 2019)

Meeting date: 3 September 2019 (Deadline for papers: 12pm, 26 August 2019)

Scrutiny category	Item/issue	How	Lead member and/or lead officer	Intended outcomes
Holding the executive to account	Cabinet Members priorities	Verbal update	Cabinet Members for Commerce, Leisure and Culture; Regeneration, Housing and Transport; Adult Social Care, Health and the Environment	To understand current priorities in relation to Panel work programme.
Holding the executive to account	Waste, recycling and street cleaning: performance update:	Written update report	John Bosley, Assistant Director, Public Space Scott Edgell, Veolia	To monitor performance and to seek resident feedback on the service.
Scrutiny reviews	Environmental Enforcement: Fly Tipping Strategy	<ul> <li>Written report Presentation</li> </ul>	John Bosley, Assistant Director, Public Space	Opportunity to understand the team's remit in more detail and give feedback on new strategy
Performance management	Performance monitoring	<ul> <li>Basket of indicators plus verbal report</li> </ul>	Councillor Ben Butler Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration	To highlight any items of concern, make recommendations and/ or request additional information
Setting the work programme	Work programme 2019/20	Written report	Rosie McKeever, Scrutiny Officer	Standing item

Scrutiny category Item/issue How Lead member and/or Intended outcomes lead officer **Budget scrutiny** Budget/business plan Written report Caroline Holland. To discuss and refer scrutiny (round 1) Director of Corporate any comments to the Services **O&S** Commission **External scrutiny** Clarion Housing Group: Responses to Representatives from This session will be regeneration members' questions to **Clarion Housing Group** used to focus on be printed as part of the will be invited to attend Clarion's estates the session and answer agenda regeneration. member questions. Town centre Presentation Paul McGarry, Head of Progress update Holding the executive futureMerton to account regeneration Single use plastics -Task Group Chair; Mark **Scrutiny review** Written report Action plan Humphries: Stella Akintan Performance Performance monitoring Basket of indicators Councillor Ben Butler To highlight any items of concern. make management plus verbal report Chris Lee. Director of recommendations and/ Environment and or request additional Regeneration information **Bishopsford Road** Holding the executive Update report Added to agenda as requested to account Bridge Written report Rosie McKeever. Setting the work Work programme Standing item Scrutiny Officer 2019/20 programme

Scrutiny category	Item/issue	How	Lead member and/or lead officer	Intended outcomes
Budget scrutiny	Budget and business planning (round 2)	Report	Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration; Hannah Doody, Director for Community and Housing; Caroline Holland, Director of Corporate Services	To comment on the budget and business plan proposals at phase 2 and make any recommendations to the Commission to consider and co-ordinate a response to Cabinet.
Holding the executive to account	Diesel levy implementation	Written report	Ben Stephens	
Scrutiny review	Local Implementation Plan	Written report	James McGinlay	
Holding the executive to account	Design Review Panel	Written report	James McGinlay	
Holding the executive to account	Air Quality Action Plan	Written report	Cathryn James, Ben Stephens, Jason Andrews	Update report
Performance management	Performance monitoring	Basket of indicators plus verbal report	Councillor Ben Butler Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration	To highlight any items of concern, make recommendations and/ or request additional information
Setting the work programme	Work programme 2019/20	Written report	Rosie McKeever, Scrutiny Officer	Standing item

Meeting date: 8 January 2020 (Deadline for papers: 12pm, 30 December 2019)

Scrutiny category	Item/issue	How	Lead member and/or lead officer	Intended outcomes
External scrutiny	Clarion Housing Group: repairs and maintenance	Verbal update	Representatives from Clarion Housing Group will be invited to attend the session and answer member questions.	This session will be used to focus on repairs and maintenance work
Holding the executive to account	Housing Strategy	Written update report	Steve Langley, Head of Housing Needs and Strategy	
Scrutiny reviews	Support for private renters	Written update report	Steve Langley, Head of Housing Needs and Strategy	
Performance management	Performance monitoring	Basket of indicators plus verbal report	Councillor Ben Butler Chris Lee, Director of Environment and Regeneration	To highlight any items of concern, make recommendations and/ or request additional information
Scrutiny reviews	Community wealth building task group	Written report	Task group chair	To agree task group's recommendation's
Setting the work programme	Work programme 2019/20	Written report	Rosie McKeever, Scrutiny Officer	Standing item

Meeting date: 25 February 2020 (Deadline for papers: 12pm, 17 February 2020)

Scrutiny category	Item/issue	How	Lead member and/or lead officer	Intended outcomes
Holding the executive to account	Cabinet Members priorities	Verbal update	Cabinet Members for Commerce, Leisure and Culture; Regeneration, Housing and Transport; Adult Social Care, Health and the Environment	To understand current priorities in relation to Panel work programme.
Holding the executive to account	Merton Adult Education	Written report	Anthony Hopkins, Head of Library, Heritage and Adult Education Service	Update on performance of the service
Holding the executive to account	Libraries and heritage annual report	Written report	Anthony Hopkins, Head of Library, Heritage and Adult Education Service	Update on performance of the service
Holding the executive to account	London Borough of Culture	Written report	Christine Parsloe, Leisure and Culture Development Manager	
Performance management	idverde	Written report	Doug Napier	
Performance management	Performance monitoring	Basket of indicators plus verbal report	Councillor Ben Butler	To highlight any items of concern
Setting the work programme	Topic suggestions 2020/21	Written report	Rosie McKeever, Scrutiny Officer	To seek suggestions from the Panel to inform discussions about the Panel's 2020/21 work programme

## Meeting date: 17 March 2020 (Deadline for papers: 12pm, 9 March 2020)

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